



Traditional conveyor belts are often intended for generic use, but the design features of Siegling Prolink modular belts are aimed at providing specific processing and application benefits. This is why the Siegling Prolink modular belts are a perfect addition to Forbo Movement Systems existing wide range of belting products.

Our vast experience in conveying and processing applications, combined with our line of highly specialized belts ensure that we can offer optimized conveying solutions regardless of the application. The Forbo Movement Systems name is synonymous with not only superior product quality, but also with professional technical support and quality service.



## INTRODUCTION TO MODULAR BELTING

## Modular means adaptable

Siegling Prolink offer a wide product range with many different module designs. Modules within individual product series can easily be combined.

Because of this, Siegling Prolink modular belts can be customized to suit individual conveying and processing tasks. We will help you identify the optimal solution for your specific needs.

Siegling Prolink is used successfully in a broad range of applications in industries such as:

- fruit and vegetable processing
- baked goods manufacturing
- meat, poultry and seafood processing
- automotive and tire manufacturing
- logistics

In these areas, Siegling Prolink modular belts often play a significant role beyond conveying.

## Benefits of modular belting

Modular belts are robust and durable and can handle conveying and processing tasks which may not be possible with conventional conveyor belting materials and types.

When assembled and installed, modular belts are endless, but if damage occurs, individual modules can quickly be replaced, thereby minimizing down time and maintenance costs. Modular belts can be supplied in any length and width and if needed, functional modules can be added at any time so belt properties can be changed if required.

The Siegling Prolink System – Every belt is a "specialist"

## SIEGLING PROLINK

## Wide range of modules available

By working closely with end users and equipment manufacturers, our R&D department ensures that all module types in the Siegling Prolink product line can be relied upon for exceptional performance.

Our belt series include more than 60 different types of modules that can handle most conveying and processing tasks, ranging from light to heavy duty.

Individual modules are easily assembled as endless belts by connecting them with hinge pins. This means that modular belts:

- can be made to any length and width
- are easy to repair
- require less expenditure on spare parts

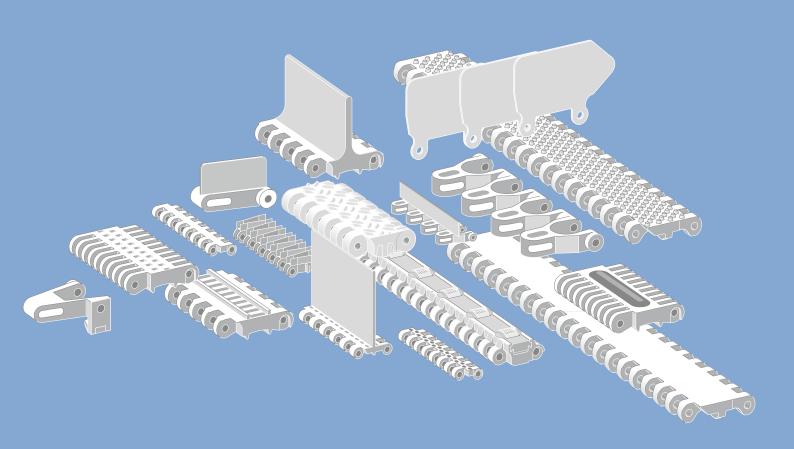
Existing conveyors equipped with other types of belting can easily be converted to accommodate Siegling Prolink modular belting. In addition to a wide range of standard colors, many other colors can be supplied on request. Please inquire if you have a specific color request.

Data sheets with additional technical information about individual belt series and materials are available online. Please be aware that some of the module types shown may not be available in all surface pattern, material, and color combinations as standard products. Please inquire if you need additional information or have specific requirements.

## **Functionality**

Custom belts are available using profiles, side guards and other accessories such as modules with different surface patterns, openings or friction pads for most Siegling Prolink belt series.

Special modules and accessories for customized uses are also available or can be developed according to customer specifications. Please contact us if you have a specific request requiring a customized conveying solution.



## **Materials**

Apart from the individual module and sprocket designs, selecting the optimal material is a way to customize a belt to suit a specific conveying or processing task.

All materials are tried and tested in the most varied of industrial environments. The specific properties of the individual materials guarantee they can handle a wide range of applications.

The Siegling Prolink modular belt series are available in several standard materials (see each series for more information) and most of them can be made from any of the materials shown in chapter 2.

## **HACCP** requirements

manufacturers to adopt increasingly stringent hygiene standards and sanitation procedures. Conventional conveyor and processing belts often cannot comply with these requirements, but Siegling Prolink modular belts are designed to effectively support your HACCP concepts.

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## 1 PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

- 1.1 Modular belt series Overview
- 1.2 Detailed series information
- 1.3 Applications

## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

Siegling Prolink offers following different belt series to match your conveying needs.

Series	Pitch	Description
1	50 mm (2 in)	Medium to heavy-duty belt for industrial conveying tasks. Closed hinge design.
2	25 mm (1 in)	Light-duty belt for food, container handling and industrial use. Open hinge design.
3	50 mm (2 in)	Medium-duty belt for food and non-food use. Easy to clean. Open hinge design.
4.1	14 mm (0.55 in)	Light to medium-duty belt for food and non-food use. Small pitch allows tight product transfers using nose bars or sprockets. Open hinge design.
5	25 mm (1 in)	Light to medium-duty radius and spiral belt with stainless steel hinge pins. Exceptionally strong and versatile side flexing belt with large open area.
6.1	50 mm (2 in)	Medium to heavy-duty belt designed specifically for tasks requiring the highest hygiene standards in meat, poultry and seafood processing, including cutting, deboning and skinning lines. Easy to clean. Open hinge design.
7	40 mm (1.6 in)	Heavy-duty belt with superior pull strength and excellent durability for industrial applications. Designed for heavy loads, such as worker belts for the automotive industry, vehicle conveying, etc. Closed hinge design.
8	25.4 mm (1 in)	Medium to heavy-duty belt for industrial applications. Closed hinge design.
9	50 mm (2 in)	Medium to heavy-duty radius and spiral belt with stainless steel hinge pins. Exceptionally strong and versatile side flexing belt with large open area.
10	25.4 mm (1 in)	Light to medium-duty belt for hygiene-sensitive products. Easy to clean. Open hinge design.
11	25 mm (1 in)	Side flexing belt for conveying lightweight products. This light-weight belt has an exceptionally low turn radius of $1.4\mathrm{x}$ belt width.
13	8 mm (0.31 in)	Light to medium-duty micro pitch belt for food and non-food tight-transfer nose bar use. Open hinge design.
14	12.7 mm (0.5 in)	Medium-duty belt for food and non-food use. Small pitch allows tight product transfers.  Bottom design optimized for nose bars. Strong closed hinge design.

Each belt series is offered in several different surfaces types such as Flat Top, Grid Top, Nub Top, Cone Top, Non-Skid and Friction Top combined with variations in the open area. The availability of so many different options guarantees that specific requirements can be met.

The following tables will help you choose the right series.

## **Belt surface options**

Use/requirement	Key			Explanation
Standard conveying	FLT			Flat top Smooth flat surface for general conveying with no specific surface requirements.
Extra grip	CTP			Cone top Small cones that grip soft products, such as meat, to ensure efficient conveying, even in light incline applications.
	FRT	Series 1 & 7  Series 4.1	Series 5 & 11  Series 8	Friction top Rubber inlays create more friction between the belt surface and the conveyed product. The style and design of the rubber inlays vary by series.
Conveying people	NSK			Non-skid Specially designed non-skid surface provides extra grip and prevents slipping even in wet and dirty environments.
	SRS			Slip resistant surface Convenient surface for conveying people where minimal slip resistance is required.
Superior product release	NPY			Negative pyramid pattern Reduced contact area for better release of soft products, e.g. sticky dough.
	RAT			Radius top Raised, rounded edges reduce the contact area to ensure improved product release combined with improved product cooling and reduced friction.
	NTP			Nub top Small nubs significantly reduce the contact area between the belt and the product. Superior surface for non-stick uses, e.g. leafy vegetables.

Continued on next page

## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

### Continued from previous page

Use/requirement	Key	Explanation
Dewatering and cooling	GRT	<b>Grid top</b> Flat surface with large openings (> 45 %)
	RRB A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Raised rib Used with finger transfer plates to eliminate product tippage
Better transport incline	LRB 9	<b>Lateral rib</b> For incline uses when conveying delicate products.
Reduced surface friction prepen- dicular to belt travel	RTP A90	RTP A90 Roller Top A90 for cross shifting materials from or onto a belt 90° from running direction

## **Available surfaces for each series**

C	Series												
Surface pattern	1	2	3	4.1	5	6.1	7	8	9	10	11	13	14
CTP (Cone top)						•							
FLT (Flat top)	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•		•	•
FRT (Friction top)	•	•		•	•		•	•			•		
GRT (Grid top)		•			•				•		•		
GRT G (Grid top guided)					•				•				
GRT RG (Grid top reverse guided)					•								
GRT HD (Grid top Hold Down caps)											•		
LRB (Lateral rib)			•							•			
NPY (Negative pyramid)				•								•	
NSK (Non-skid)	•						•	•					
NTP (Nub top)			*	•	•	•			•	•			
RAT (Radius top)								•					
RRB (Raised rib)		•											
SRS (Slip-resistant surface)	*						•	•					
RTP (Roller top)								•					

<sup>\*</sup> on request

## Available open percentage for each series

Belt opening		Series											
	1	2	3	4.1	5	6.1	7	8	9	10	11	13	14
0% (Closed)	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•		•	
1%-10%							•						
11%-20%	•	•	•										
21%-30%				•		•		•		•			•
31% -40%						•				•			
> 40 %		•			•				•		•		

The percentage indicates the relation of bright area to shadow, if the module is beamed with light

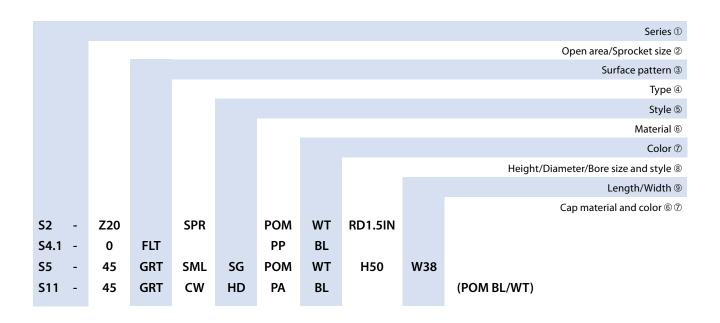
## Accessories available for each series

A	Series												
Accessories	1	2	3	4.1	5	6.1	7	8	9	10	11	13	14
Profiles	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		
– Scooped molded						•							
– Scooped bent	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*		
Side guards	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•			
Fingerplates		•											
Hold Down Tabs						•		•		•			
Adjustable inner radius (F2 – F8)									•				
Bearing tap					•								
PRR (Pin retained rollers)	*	*	*	*	*	•	•	•	*	*			
Wheel stopper							•						

<sup>\*</sup> on request

## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

## Type key\*



<sup>\*</sup> Not every product requires all characteristics (within the designation). If there is an irrelevant characteristic, this category will be ignored and replaced by the following one.

## Legend

# ① Series S1 ... S14 ② Open area/Sprocket size Percentage open area Format: xx E.g. 20 = 20 % For sprockets: number of teeth Format: "Z"xx E.g. Z12 = 12 teeth

③ Surface pattern					
BSL	Base module for slider				
СТР	Cone top				
FLT	Flat top (smooth)				
FRT(X)	Friction top (Design X)				
FRT-OG	FRT without High Grip insert				
GRT	Grid top				
LRB	Lateral rib				
MOD	Modified module shape				
NCL	No cling				
NPY	Inverted pyramid				
NSK	Non skid				
NTP	Nub top (round studs)				
RAT	Radius top				
RTP	Roller top				
RRB	Raised rib				
SRS	Slip-resistant surface				

<b>4</b> Type	
A90	Angle 90° to
CM	conveying direction
	Center module
SML	Side module, left
SMR	Side module, right
SMU	Side module, universal/both sides
UM	Universal module
PMC	Profile module center
PMU	Profile module universal
PMU lxx	Profile module universal with indent xx = indent in mm
CLP	Clip
IDL	Idler
RI	High Grip insert
SG	Module with sideguard
PIN	Coupling rod
FPL	Finger plate
SLI	Slider
SPR	Sprocket
RTR	Retaining ring
TPL	Turning panel, left
TPR	Turning panel, right
CW	Clockwise
CCW	Counterclockwise
<b>5</b> Style	
BT	Bearing tap
G	Guided
RG	Reversed guided
SG	Side guard
ST	Strong (S5)
DR	Double row sprocket

PA	Polyamide
PA-HT	Polyamide high temperature
PBT	Polybutylentere- phthalate
PE	Polyethylene
PE-MD	PE metal detectable
РОМ	Polyoxymethylene (Polyacetal)
POM-CR	POM cut resistant
РОМ-НС	POM highly conductive
POM-MD	POM metal detectable
PP	Polypropylene
РХХ-НС	Self-extinguishing highly conductive material
POM-PE	POM side modules + PE center modules
POM- PP	POM side modules + PP center modules
R1	TPE 80 Shore A, PP
R2	EPDM 80 Shore A, vulcanized
R3	TPE 70 Shore A, PP
R4	TPE 86 Shore A, PP
R5	TPE 52 Shore A, PP
R6	TPE 63 Shore A, POM
R7	TPE 50 Shore A, PP
R8	TPE 55 Shore A, PE
SER	Self-extinguishing TPE
SS	Stainless steel
TPC1	Themoplastic Copolyester
НА	Supports the HACCP concept
HW	High Wear resistant material

**6 Material** 

⑦ Colo	r*
AT	Anthracite
BL	Blue
BG	Beige
BK	Black
DB	Dark blue
GN	Green
LB	Light blue
LG	Light gray
OR	Orange
RE	Red
TR	Transparent
TQ	Turquoise
UC	Uncolored
WT	White
YL	Yellow

® Height/Diameter/ Bore size and style
Height in mm Format: Hxxx Pin diameter in mm Format: Dxxx
Bore size: SQ (= square) or RD (= round) either in mm or inches Format: SQxxMM or RDxxIN

Pins Length in mm
Format: Lxxx
Module width in mm
Format: Wxxx

Collapse factor modules

Split sprocket

Hold Down

SP

F1, F2,

F3 ... HD

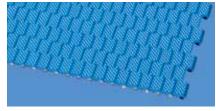
<sup>\*</sup> For each series' standard colors please refer to the table of materials for each belt (chapter 1.2). A number of other colors are available on request. Colors can vary from the original due to the print, production processes or material used.

## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

## Straight running belts

## Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in)





S13 | 0% open | Flat Top

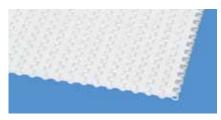
S13 | 0 % open | Negative Pyramid

## Pitch 12.7 mm (0.5 in)



S14 | 25% open | Flat Top

## Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)



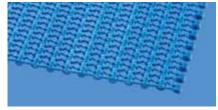
S4.1 | 0 % open | Flat Top



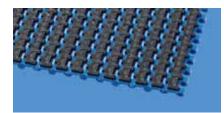
S4.1 | 21 % open | Flat Top



S4.1 | 0% open | Negative Pyramid

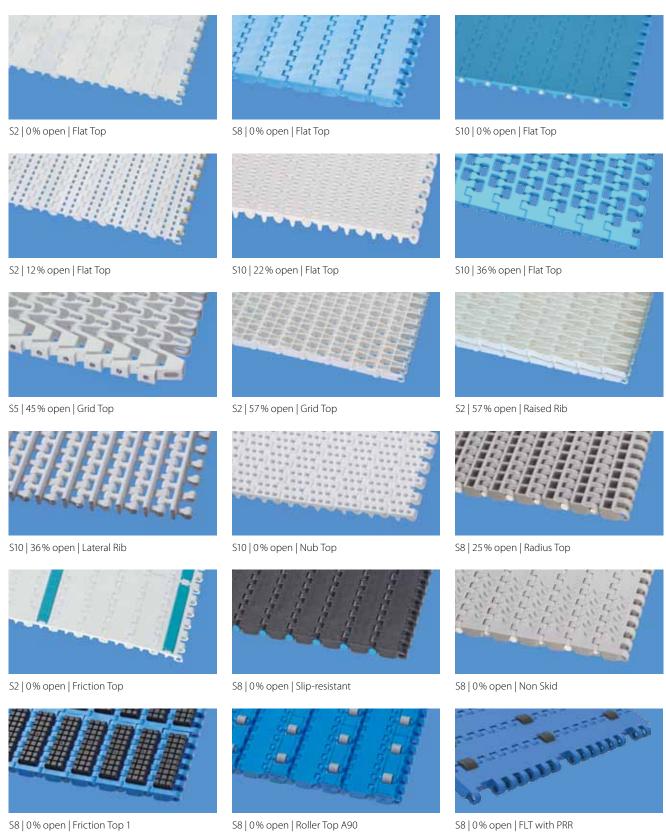


S4.1 | 21 % open | Nub Top



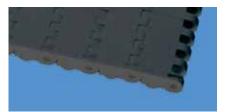
S4.1 | 0% open | Friction Top 1

## Pitch 25 mm (1 in)



## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

## Pitch 40 mm (1.6 in)



S7 | 0% open | Flat Top



S7 | 6% open | Flat Top



S7 | 0% open | Slip Resistant



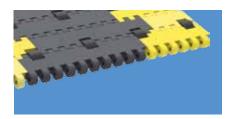
S7 | 0% open | Non Skid



S7 | 6% open | Non Skid

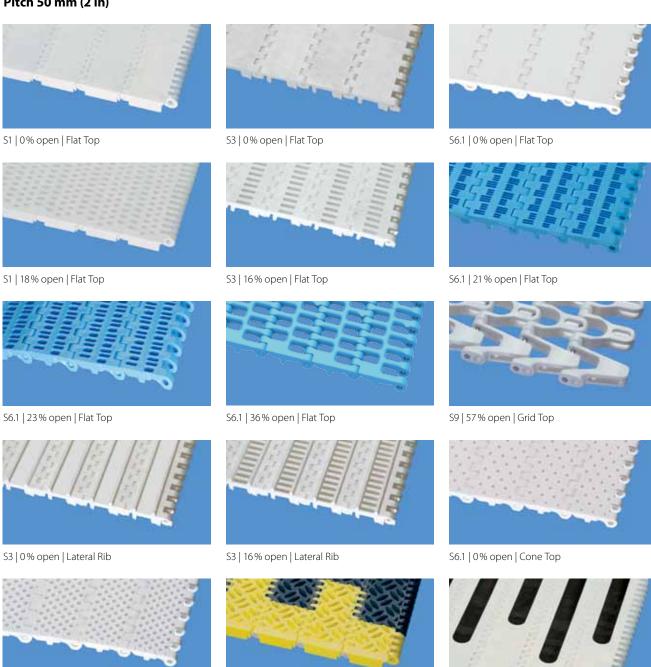


S7 | 0% open | Friction Top 1



S7 | 0% open | FLT with PRR

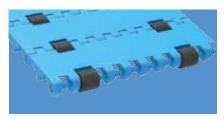
## Pitch 50 mm (2 in)



S1 | 0% open | Non Skid

S1 | 0% open | Friction Top 1

S6.1 | 0% open | Nub Top



S6.1 | 0% open | FLT with PRR

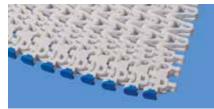
## 1.1 MODULAR BELT SERIES – OVERVIEW

## Side flexing belts

## Pitch 25 mm (1 in)



S5 | 45 % open | Grid Top



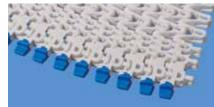
S11 | 45 % open | Grid Top



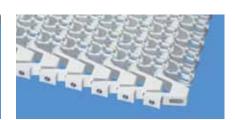
S5 | 45 % open | Grid Top Guided



S5 | 45 % open | Grid Top Reverse Guided



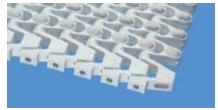
S11 | 45% open | Hold Down Caps



S5 | 45 % open | Nub Top



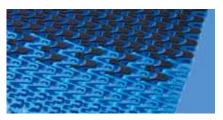
S5 | 45 % open | Grid Top Strong



S5 | 39% open | Friction Top 1



S5 | 33 % open | Friction Top 2



S11 | 33 % open | Friction Top 2

## Pitch 50 mm (2 in)



S9 | 57 % open | Grid Top



S9 | 57 % open | Grid Top Guided

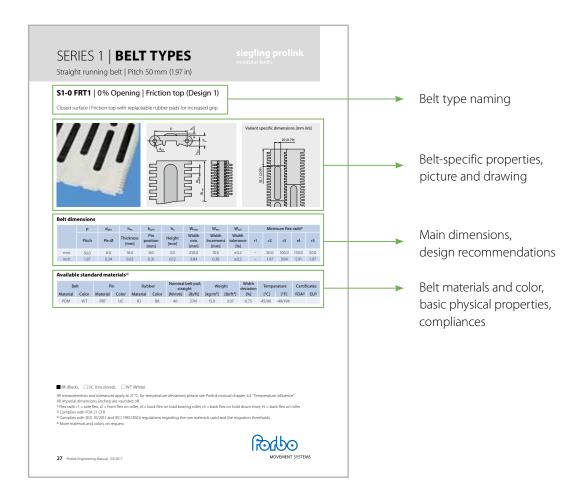


S9 | 57 % open | Nub Top

## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

In this chapter each belt type is described in detail with all necessary information such as surface type, opening percentage, dimensions, stock availability and specific conveyor design parameters.

There is a dedicated section for each individual belt series. An introduction page provides the general features of the series, followed by single page presentations of all existing types of the series. At the end of the section for each series, the available accessories are shown.

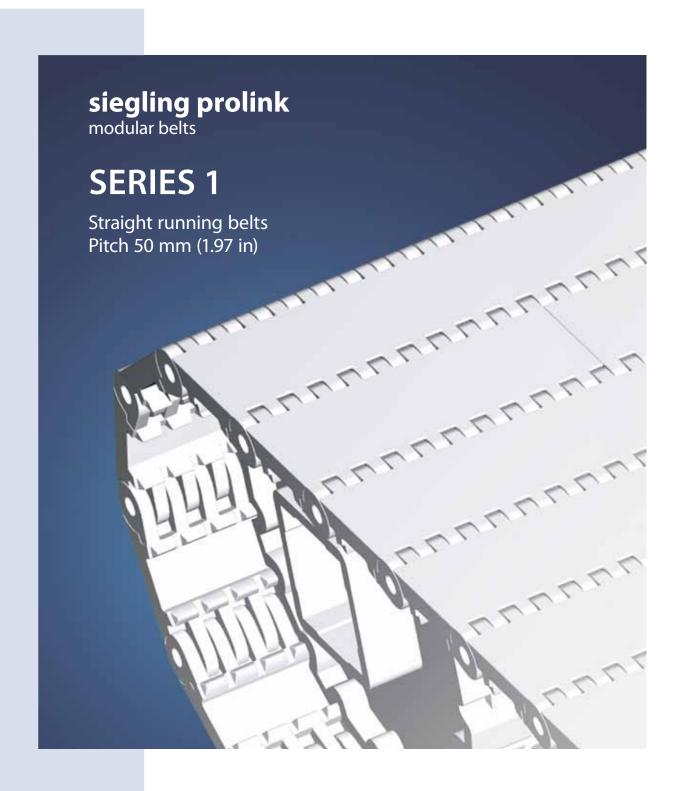


**Note:** Please be aware that belt widths can be achieved and are calculated using minimum belt widths and multiples of width increments only. Furthermore, belt widths vary depending on the choice of material. All dimensions are measured at 21° Celsius (69.8° Fahrenheit). Always consider the thermal expansion coefficient of the material. Belt widths change with temperature. For actual belt widths under your specific operating conditions, request information from your local Forbo Movement Systems representative. More information is given in <u>Section 4.4.</u>

**Note:** Dimensions r1 to r5 refer to the minimum design radius of belt turns and support rollers. Dimensions are as follows: r1 = side flex radius, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on hold-down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller. For further explanations see "Minimum design radii" in Appendix 6.3.

Dimensions in mm and inches (in). All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

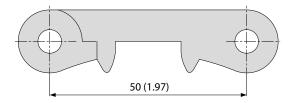
## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION



Straight running belts | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## Belts for medium to heavy-duty industrial conveying applications

### Side view scale 1:1



## **Design characteristics**

- Narrow, closed hinge design provides high belt pull capacity
- Rigid module design makes belt suitable for long conveyors
- Closed solid edge design

### **Basic data**

Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)
Belt width min. 50 mm (1.97 in)

250 mm (9.8 in) for belts with FRT-pattern (side modules only available without

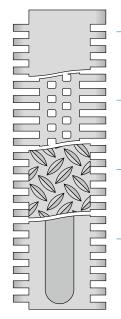
FRT-pattern)

Width increments 10 mm (0.4 in)

Hinge pins Made of plastic, (PE, PP, PBT), as a

special type made of stainless steel

## Available surface pattern and opening area



S1-0 FLT

Closed, smooth surface

S1-18 FLT

Open (18%), smooth surface

**S1-0 NSK** 

Closed surface and non-skid pattern

S1-0 FRT1

Closed surface with friction top

## **Sprockets**

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



### Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



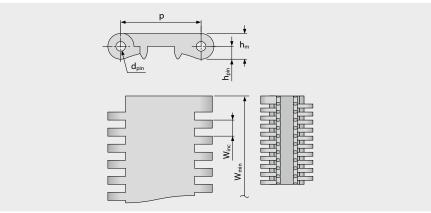
## siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S1-0 FLT** | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	50.0	10.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.97	0.39	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	18	1233	10.1	2.07	-0.35	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	40	2741	14.4	2.95	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	AT	PBT	UC	40	2741	14.4	2.95	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PP	WT	PP	WT	30	2056	9.4	1.93	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	AT	PP	WT	30	2056	9.4	1.93	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	-
Made to or	dar halts											
Made to of	uei beits											
PA-HT	BK	PA-HT	BK	40	2741	14.0	2.87	0.0	-30/155	-22/311	-	-

■ AT (Anthracite), ■ BK (Black), □ UC (Uncolored), □ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

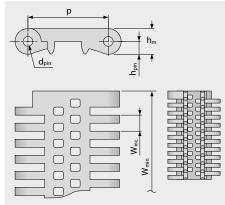
## siegling prolink

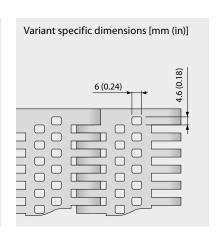
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S1-18 FLT** | 18% Opening | Flat top

Open version (18%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Flat top surface | Smooth surface







### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	50.0	10.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.97	0.39	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

	Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Ma	aterial	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
	PE	WT	PE	UC	18	1233	8.8	1.80	0.15	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
Р	POM	WT	PBT	UC	40	2741	12.7	2.60	-0.7	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
	PP	WT	PP	WT	30	2056	8.2	1.68	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

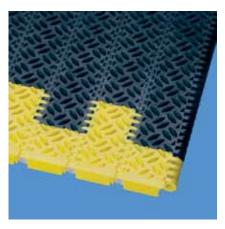
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

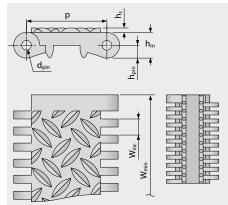
## siegling prolink

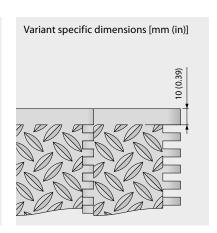
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S1-0 NSK | 0% Opening | Non skid

Closed surface | Non-skid surface for increased safety when walking on belt







### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
		Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mı	m	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	2.8	50.0	10.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inc	ch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.11	1.97	0.39	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	AT	PBT	UC	40	2741	16.0	3.28	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	40	2741	16.0	3.28	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
POM	YL	PBT	UC	40	2741	16.0	3.28	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

■ AT (Anthracite), □ UC (Uncolored), □ YL (Yellow)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

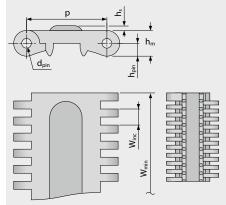
siegling prolink

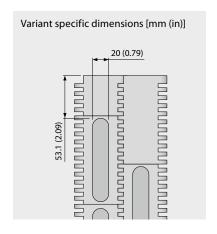
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S1-0 FRT1** | 0 % Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Closed surface | Friction top with replaceable rubber pads for increased grip







### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	3.0	250.0	10.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.12	9.84	0.39	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	in	Rub	ber		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		th tion Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	WT	PBT	UC	R2	BK	40	2741	15.0	3.07	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	-	-

■ BK (Black), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

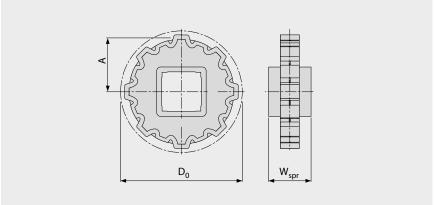
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S1 SPR** | Sprockets





### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z8	Z10	Z12	Z16
\A/	mm	40	40	40	40	40
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57
_	mm	100	131	162	193	256
$D_0$	inch	3.94	5.14	6.37	7.61	10.09
Λ	mm	42	57	73	89	120
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	1.65	2.26	2.87	3.49	4.73
^	mm	36	53	69	86	118
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	1.43	2.09	2.73	3.37	4.64

## **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm			•	
30	mm	•	•	•	
40	mm				
60	mm				
80	mm				•
1	inch	•	•	•	
1.5	inch				
2.5	inch				

Material: POM, Color: UC

UC (Uncolored)



## SERIES 1 | PROFILES

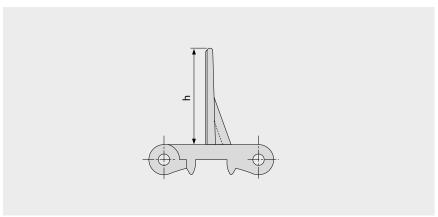
## siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S1-0 FLT PMC

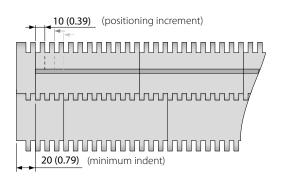
Flat top surface for dry products | No cling surface to improve release of wet and sticky products





### **Basic data**

			Height (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	50 mm 2 inch	100 mm 4 inch			
	PE	WT	•	•			
C1 O FLT DMC	2014	AT	•				
S1-0 FLT PMC	POM	WT	•	•			
	PP	WT	•	•			



AT (Anthracite), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

Note: Use of accessory in a belt may impact on the minimum design radii. Please see chapter 6.3 for further information.



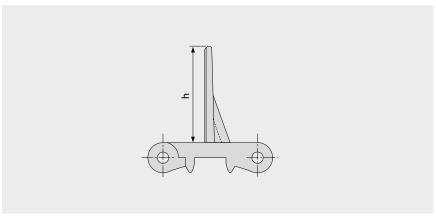
## SERIES 1 | PROFILES

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S1-18 FLT PMC

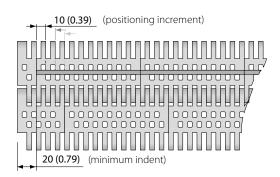
Open verson (18%) base module) for drainage | No cling surface to improve release of wet and sticky products





### **Basic data**

			Height (h)					
Type	Material	Color	50 mm 2 inch	100 mm 4 inch				
	PE	UC	•	•				
S1-18 FLT PMC	POM	WT	•	•				
	PP	WT	•	•				



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

Note: Use of accessory in a belt may impact on the minimum design radii. Please see chapter 6.3 for further information.



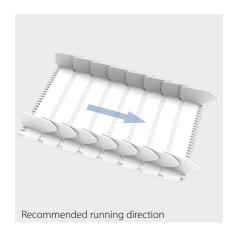
## SERIES 1 | SIDE GUARDS

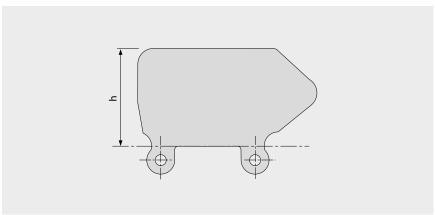
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S1 SG** | Side guards

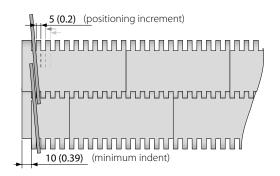
For retention of bulk products

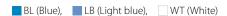




### **Basic data**

			Height (h)								
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch						
DE	LB	•	•	•	•						
PE	WT	•	•	•	•						
PE-MD	BL		•	•	•						
DD	LB	•	•	•	•						
PP	WT	•	•	•	•						



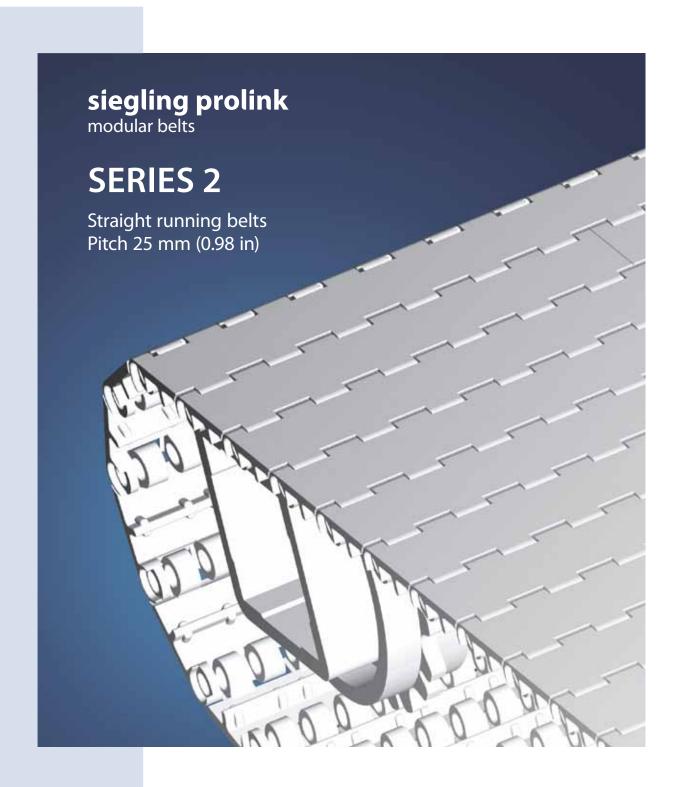


All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

Note: Use of accessory in a belt may impact on the minimum design radii. Please see chapter 6.3 for further information.



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

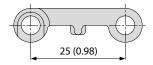


## siegling prolink

Straight running belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## Belts for light-duty food and container handling applications

### Side view scale 1:1



## **Design characteristics**

- Hinges that open wide provides an easy-to-clean belt design
- Low belt weight reduces energy consumption
- Open edge design on flat top versions for unhindered drainage and closed edge design on grid top and raised rib versions

## **Basic data**

Pitch 25 mm (0.98)

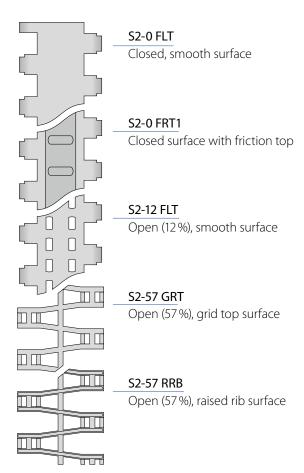
Belt width min. 50 mm (1.97 in)

100 mm (3.9 in) for belts with FRT-pattern

Width increments 16.66 mm (0.7 in)

Hinge pins Made of plastic (PE, PP, PBT)

## Available surface pattern and opening area



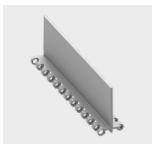
## Sprockets

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



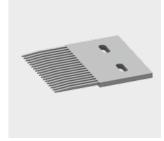
### Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



## **Finger plates**

For raised rib types



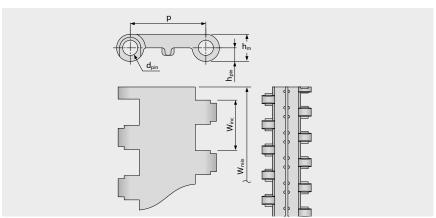
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2-0 FLT** | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	um flex radii¹)		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	
mm	25.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	50.0	16.7	±0.2	-	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0	
inch	0.98	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	1.97	0.66	±0.2	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98	

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		oull, Weight Width deviation Tempe		Weight		Temperature		cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	3	206	3.9	0.8	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	7	480	5.7	1.17	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	7	480	5.7	1.17	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	3.7	0.76	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	5	343	3.7	0.76	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•

■ BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

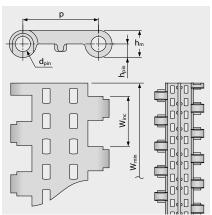
siegling prolink

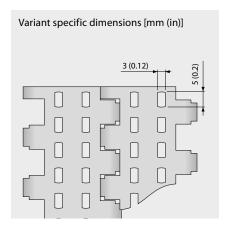
Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2-12 FLT** | 12 % Opening | Flat top

Open version (12%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Flat top surface | Smooth surface







### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minimum flex radii1)			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	50.0	16.7	±0.2	-	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	1.97	0.66	±0.2	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

### Available standard materials4)

	Belt		Pii	n	Nominal strai		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Materi	ial	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE		WT	PE	UC	3	206	3.7	0.76	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	1	WT	PBT	UC	7	480	5.4	1.11	-0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP		WT	PP	WT	5	343	3.5	0.72	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

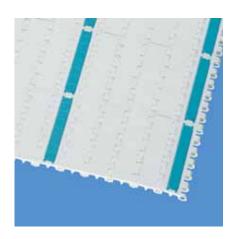
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

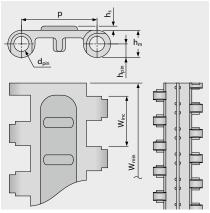
siegling prolink

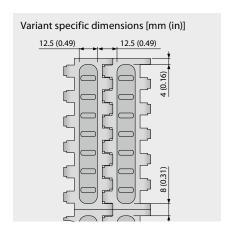
Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2-0 FRT1** | 0 % Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Closed surface | Friction top provides increased grip







### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	1.4	100.0	16.7	±0.2	-	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.06	3.94	0.66	±0.2	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Tempe	Temperature		icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	WT	PBT	UC	R3	TQ	7	480	5.7	1.17	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	_	-



TQ (Turqouise), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

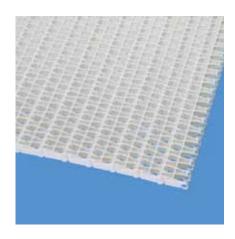
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

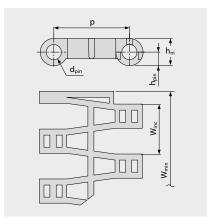
## siegling prolink

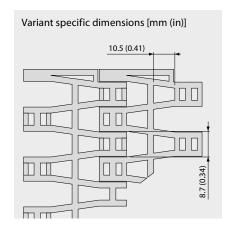
Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2-57 GRT** | 57 % Opening | Grid top

Large open area (57%) allows minimal product contact | For excellent air circulation and drainage | Grid top surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	50.0	16.7	±0.2	-	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	1.97	0.66	±0.2	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	UC	PE	UC	3	206	3.4	0.7	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	7	480	4.8	0.98	-0.2	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	7	480	4.8	0.98	-0.2	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	3.3	0.68	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	5	343	3.3	0.68	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to ord	dar halts											
PA-HT	BK	PA-HT	BK	5	343	4.0	0.82	1.3	-30/155	-22/311	-	-





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

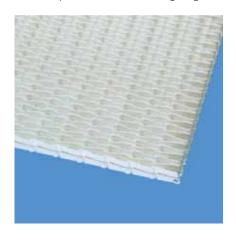
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

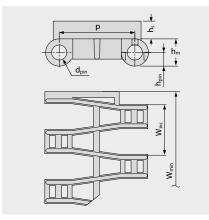
siegling prolink

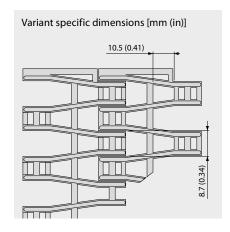
Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2-57 RRB** | 57 % Opening | Raised rib

Large open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Raised ribs for minimal product contact and smooth product transfer using finger transfer plates







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	5.5	50.0	16.7	±0.2	-	25.0	50.0	75.0	50.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.22	1.97	0.66	±0.2	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

	Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Temperature		Certificates	
Materi	al Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	7	480	6.2	1.27	-0.2	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	4.2	0.86	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to	o order belts											
PE		PE		3	206	4.3	0.88	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	-	-

BL (Blue), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

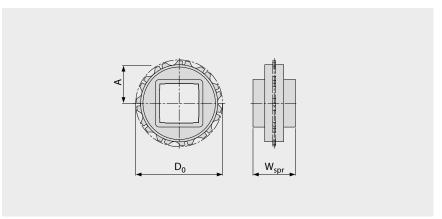
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2 SPR** | Sprockets





### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z11	Z19	Z20
<b>\</b> \/	mm	25	40	40	40
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.98	1.57	1.57	1.57
_	mm	50	89	152	160
$D_0$	inch	1.97	3.49	5.98	6.29
^	mm	21	40	71	75
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.81	1.57	2.81	2.97
^	mm	18	38	70	74
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.70	1.51	2.77	2.93

### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm	●/■			
30	mm		•		
40	mm			<b>I</b>	
60	mm				
80	mm			•	
0.75	inch	•			
1	inch	●/■	●/■		
1.5	inch				
2.5	inch				

Material: POM, Color: UC

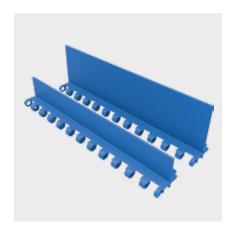
UC (Uncolored)

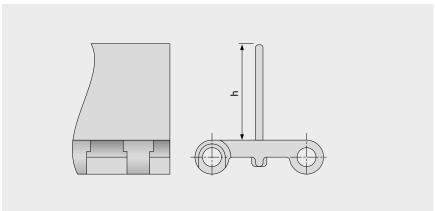


Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S2-0 FLT PMU

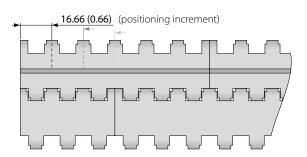
Flat top surface for dry products





### **Basic data**

			Height (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch			
	PE	WT	•	•			
	POM	BL	•	•			
S2-0 FLT PMU	POIVI	WT	•	•			
32-U FLI PIVIU		BL	•	•			
	PP	GN	•				
		WT	•	•			





All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## SERIES 2 | **PROFILES**

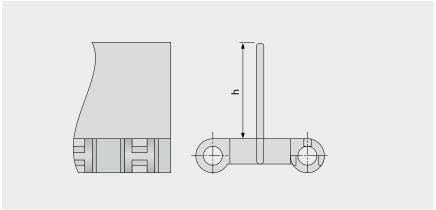
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S2-57 GRT PMC

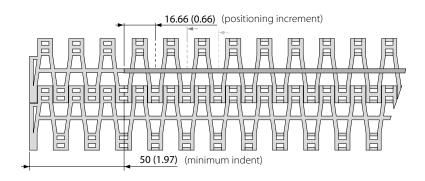
Open version (57% base module) for good drainage





### Basic data

			Height (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch			
	PE	UC	•	•			
	POM	BL	•	•			
S2-57 GRT PMC		UC	•	•			
	DD	BL	•	•			
	PP	WT	•	•			



■ BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## SERIES 2 | **SIDE GUARDS**

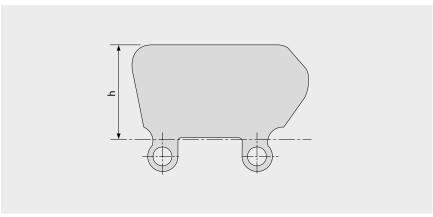
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S2 SG** | Side guards

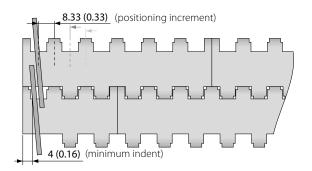
For retention of bulk products





### **Basic data**

		Heig	ht (h)
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch
DE	BL	•	•
PE	WT	•	•
DD	BL	•	•
PP	WT	•	•

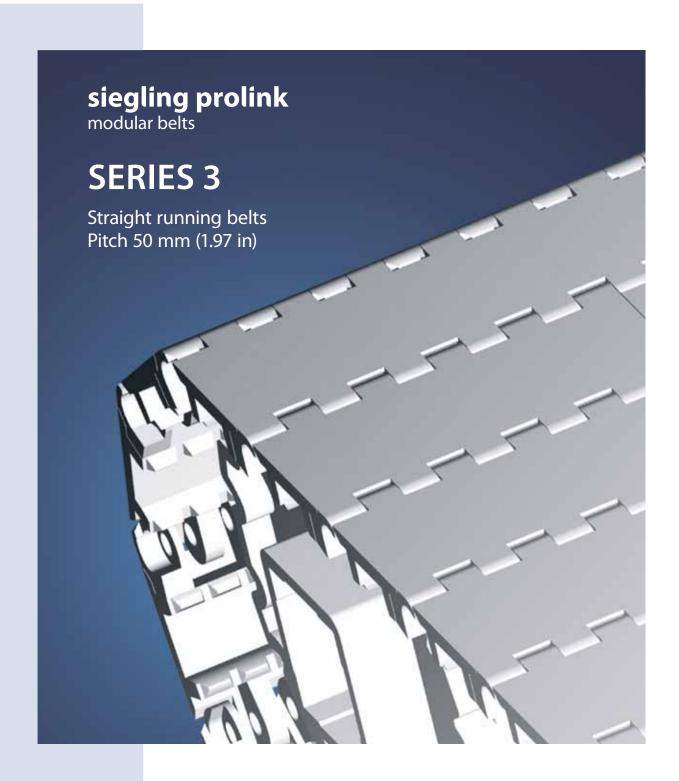




All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



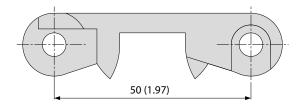
## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION



Straight running belts | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## Belts for medium-duty food applications

### Side view scale 1:1



### **Design characteristics**

- Hinges that open wide, combined with smooth, flat channels on the underside provides an easy-to-clean belt design
- Open egde design for unhindered drainage

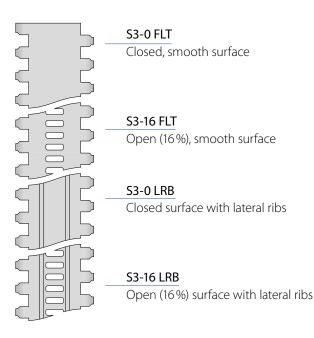
### **Basic data**

Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)
Belt width min. 40 mm (1.6 in)
Width increments 20 mm (0.8 in)

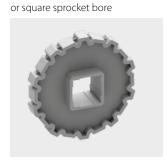
Hinge pins Made of plastic (PE, PP, PBT), as a special

type made also in blue or stainless steel

### Available surface pattern and opening area



## **Sprockets** in different sizes with round



**Profiles**in different heights and designs for inclines



Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products

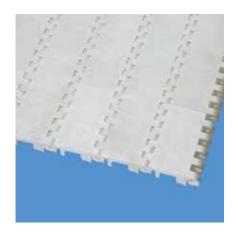


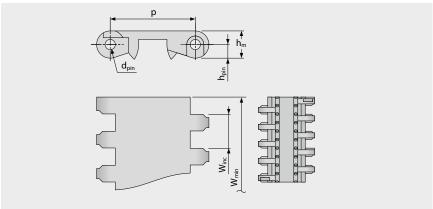
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S3-0 FLT | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	_	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	6	411	7.5	1.54	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	12	822	7.1	1.45	0.5	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PP	WT	12	822	7.1	1.45	0.5	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
POM	WT	PBT	UC	16	1096	10.1	2.07	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

■ BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

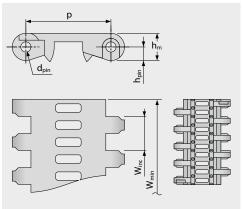
## siegling prolink

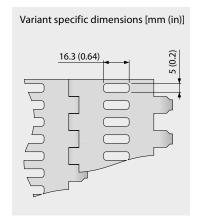
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S3-16 FLT** | 16% Opening | Flat top

Open version (16%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Smooth surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	•	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certif	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	6	411	7.3	1.5	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
POM	WT	PBT	UC	16	1096	9.5	1.95	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	12	822	6.5	1.33	0.05	5/100	41/212	•	•



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

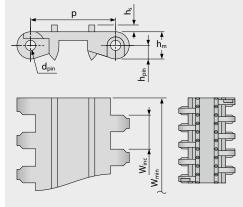
siegling prolink

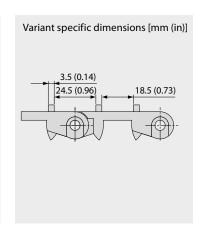
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S3-0 LRB | 0% Opening | Lateral rib

Closed surface | Lateral ribs for better grip in small inclines and gentle conveying of delicate products







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	4.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	_	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.16	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Made to order belts4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	WT	PBT	UC	16	1096	10.3	2.11	-0.3	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PE	WT	PE	UC	6	411	7.6	1.56	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

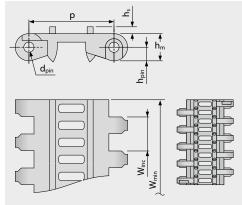
siegling prolink

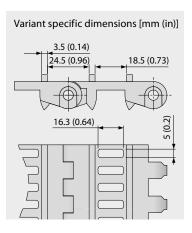
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S3-16 LRB | 16% Opening | Lateral rib

Open lateral rib version (16%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lateral ribbing for better grip in inclined conveying







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	4.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.16	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

### Made to order belts4)

Вє	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	PP	WT	12	822	6.6	1.35	0.05	5/100	41/212	•	•
PE	WT	PE	UC	6	411	7.4	1.52	-0.2	-70/65	-94/149	•	•



UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

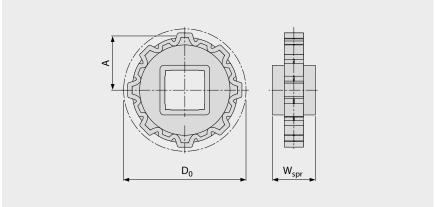
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## S3 SPR | Sprockets





### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z8	Z10	Z12	Z16
<b>\</b> \/	mm	40	40	40	40	40
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57
_	mm	100	131	162	193	256
$D_0$	inch	3.94	5.14	6.37	7.61	10.09
^	mm	42	57	73	89	120
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	1.65	2.26	2.87	3.49	4.73
^	mm	36	53	69	86	118
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	1.43	2.09	2.73	3.37	4.64

### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm			•		
30	mm	•	•	•		
40	mm					
60	mm					
80	mm					•
1	inch	•	•	•		
1.5	inch				-	
2.5	inch					

Material: POM, Color: UC

UC (Uncolored)



## SERIES 3 | PROFILES

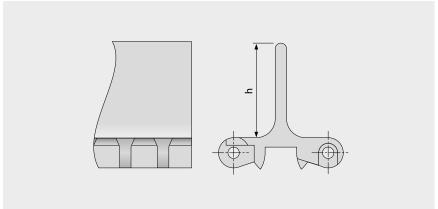
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### S3-0 FLT PMU

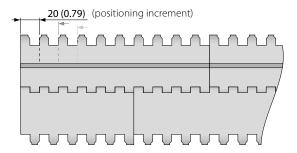
Flat top surface for dry products





### **Basic data**

				Heig	ht (h)	
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch
	PE	WT	•	•	•	•
S3-0 FLT PMU	PP	BL	•	•	•	•
	PP	WT	•	•	•	•



BL (Blue), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## SERIES 3 | **SIDE GUARDS**

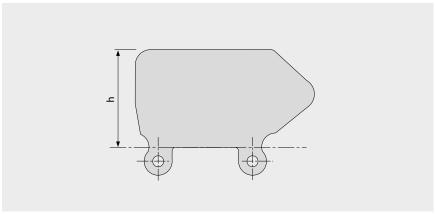
**siegling prolink** modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

## **S3 SG** | Side guards

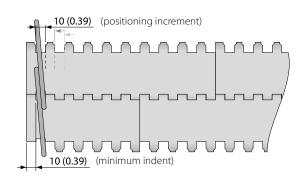
For retention of bulk products





### **Basic data**

			Heig	ht (h)	
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch
DE	LB	•	•	•	•
PE	WT	•	•	•	•
PE-MD	BL		•	•	•
DD	LB	•	•	•	•
PP	WT	•	•	•	•

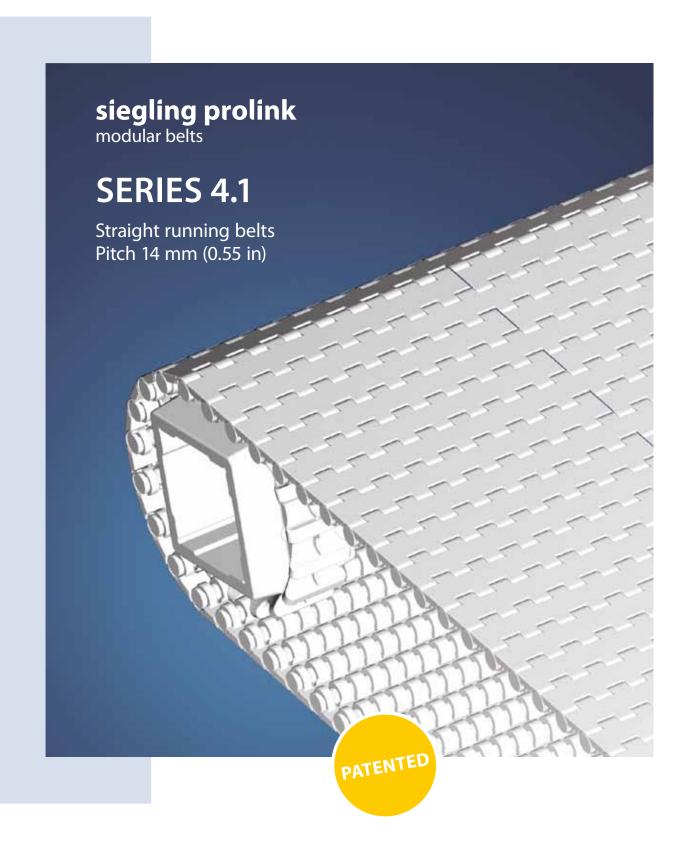




All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

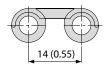


## SERIES 4.1 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## Belts for light to medium-duty food and non-food applications

### Side view scale 1:1



### **Design characteristics**

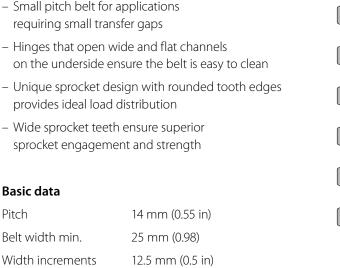
- Small pitch belt for applications

- sprocket engagement and strength

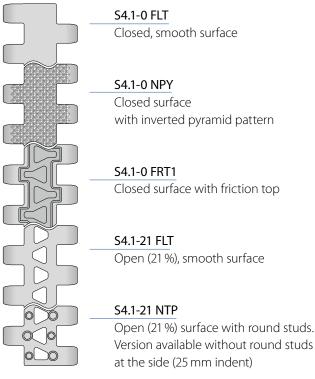
#### **Basic data**

Pitch Belt width min. 25 mm (0.98) Width increments

Hinge pins Made of plastic (PE, PP, PBT)



### Available surface pattern and opening area





NSF-compliant from the Huntersville plant (US)

## **Sprockets**

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



#### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



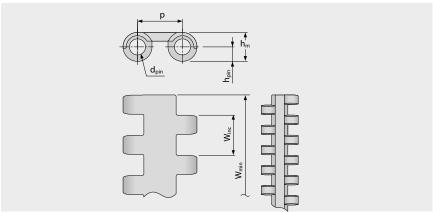
### siegling prolink modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## **S4.1-0 FLT** | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
		Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mr	m	14.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	25.0	12.5	±0.2	-	11.0	25.0	38.0	12.5
inc	:h	0.55	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	0.98	0.49	±0.2	-	0.43	0.98	1.5	0.49

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	3	206	5.1	1.04	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	UC	PBT	UC	3	206	5.1	1.04	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	BL	PE	BL	3	206	5.1	1.04	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	10	685	7.1	1.45	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	10	685	7.1	1.45	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	5	343	4.6	0.94	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	4.6	0.94	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	3	206	5.5	1.13	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	10	685	7.5	1.54	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to ord	dar balts											
iviade to ord	der beits											
PXX-HC	BK	PXX-HC	BK	5	343	5.1	1.04	0.25	5/100	41/212	_	_





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

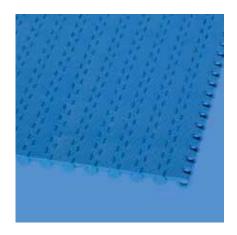
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

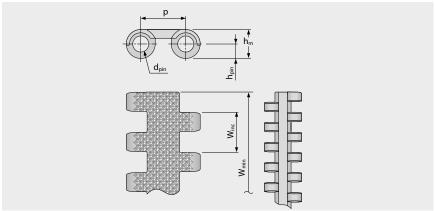
## siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## **S4.1-0 NPY** | 0% Opening | Inverted pyramid

Closed surface | Inverted pyramid pattern for superb release characteristics when conveying wet or sticky products





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	14.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	25.0	12.5	±0.2	-	11.0	25.0	38.0	12.5
inch	0.55	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	0.98	0.49	±0.2	-	0.43	0.98	1.5	0.49

### Available standard materials4)

	Belt		Pii	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Mat	terial	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
F	PE	BL	PE	BL	3	206	5.1	1.04	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PC	OM	BL	PBT	BL	10	685	7.1	1.45	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
F	PP	BL	PP	BL	5	343	4.6	0.94	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•

### BL (Blue)



<sup>&</sup>quot; Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

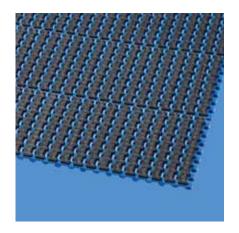
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

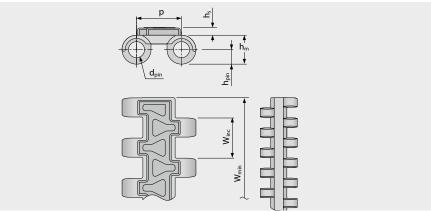
## siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## **S4.1-0 FRT1** | 0% Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Closed surface | Friction top with slightly elevated triangular shapes to reduce contact area/increase contact pressure to optimise grip and to channel dirt away from the friction surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	14.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	2.4	25.0	12.5	±0.2	-	11.0	25.0	38.0	16.5
inch	0.55	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.09	0.98	0.49	±0.2	-	0.43	0.98	1.5	0.65

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	R8	BG	3	206	6.8	1.39	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	R6	BK	10	685	9.4	1.93	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PP	BL	PP	BL	R7	BK	5	343	6.9	1.41	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	R7	BG	5	343	6.9	1.41	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to order belts														
PXX-HC	BK	PXX-HC	BK	R7	BK	5	343	7.3	1.5	0.25	5/100	41/212	-	-





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

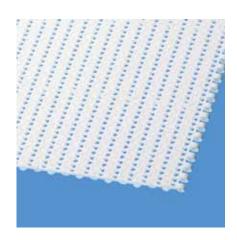
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

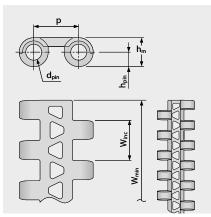
## siegling prolink

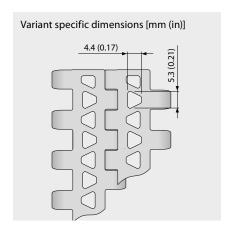
Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## **S4.1-21 FLT** | 21 % Opening | Flat top

Large open area (21 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Smooth surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	14.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	25.0	12.5	±0.2	-	11.0	25.0	38.0	12.5
inch	0.55	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.0	0.98	0.49	±0.2	-	0.43	0.98	1.5	0.49

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	UC	3	206	4.5	0.92	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	UC	PBT	UC	3	206	4.5	0.92	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	BL	PE	BL	3	206	4.5	0.92	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	10	685	6.5	1.33	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	10	685	6.5	1.33	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	5	343	4.1	0.84	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	4.1	0.84	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to or	dar halts											
PA-HT	BK	PA-HT	BK	10	685	6.4	1.31	1.4	-30/155	-22/311	-	-
POM-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	10	685	6.9	1.41	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

4.8

0.98



PP-MD

BL

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

685

PP-MD



5/100

41/212

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

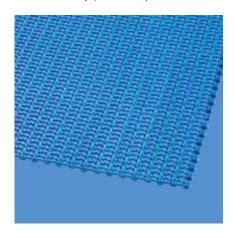
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

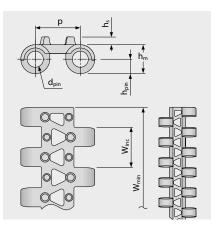
## siegling prolink

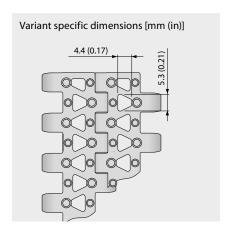
Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## S4.1-21 NTP | 21 % Opening | Nub top (round studs)

Large open area (21 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Nub top surface for good release of wet and sticky products | Version available without round studs at the side (25 mm indent)





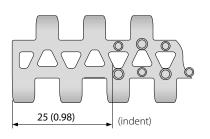


#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	14.0	5.0	9.0	4.5	2.5	25.0	12.5	±0.2	-	11.0	25.0	38.0	12.5
inch	0.55	0.2	0.35	0.18	0.1	0.98	0.49	±0.2	-	0.43	0.98	1.5	0.49

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	BL	PE	BL	3	206	4.6	0.94	-0.1	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	BL	10	685	6.6	1.35	0.1	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	4.2	0.86	0.25	5/100	41/212	•	•



Also available with molded indent 25 mm (0.98 in).

BL (Blue), WT (White)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request



# SERIES 4.1 | SPROCKETS

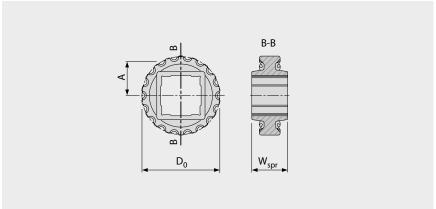
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

## **S4.1 SPR** | Sprockets

Wide sprocket teeth ensure superior sprocket engagement and load transmission





### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z10	Z12	Z14	Z18	Z19	Z26	Z35
<b>\</b> \\	mm	25	25	38	38	38	38	38
vv <sub>spr</sub>	inch	0.98	0.98	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
<b>D</b>	mm	45	54	63	81	85	116	156
$D_0$	inch	1.78	2.13	2.48	3.17	3.35	4.57	6.15
^	mm	18	23	27	36	38	54	74
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.71	0.89	1.06	1.41	1.50	2.11	2.90
^	mm	17	22	26	35	38	53	73
$\begin{array}{c} W_{spr} & mm \\ & inch \\ D_0 & mm \\ & inch \\ A_{max} & mm \\ & inch \end{array}$	0.68	0.86	1.03	1.39	1.48	2.09	2.89	

### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

20	mm	●/■				
25	mm		●/■	●/■		•
30	mm					•
40	mm			-		
60	mm					
0.75	inch	•				
1	inch		●/■	●/■		•
1.25	inch			•		•
1.5	inch			•		
2.5	inch				•	•

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)



## SERIES 4.1 | PROFILES

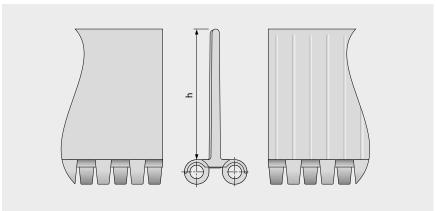
## siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 14 mm (0.55 in)

### **S4.1 FLT/NCL PMU**

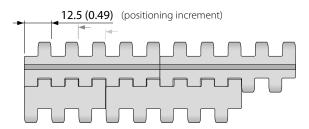
No cling surface to improve release of wet and sticky products and Flat top surface for dry products





### **Basic data**

Туре	Material	Color	Height (h) 51 mm 2 inch
	PE	BL	•
	rc	WT	•
S4.1-0 FLT/NCL PMU	POM	BL	•
34.1-0 FEI/INCL FIVIO	FOIVI	WT	•
	PP	BL	•
	FF	WT	•

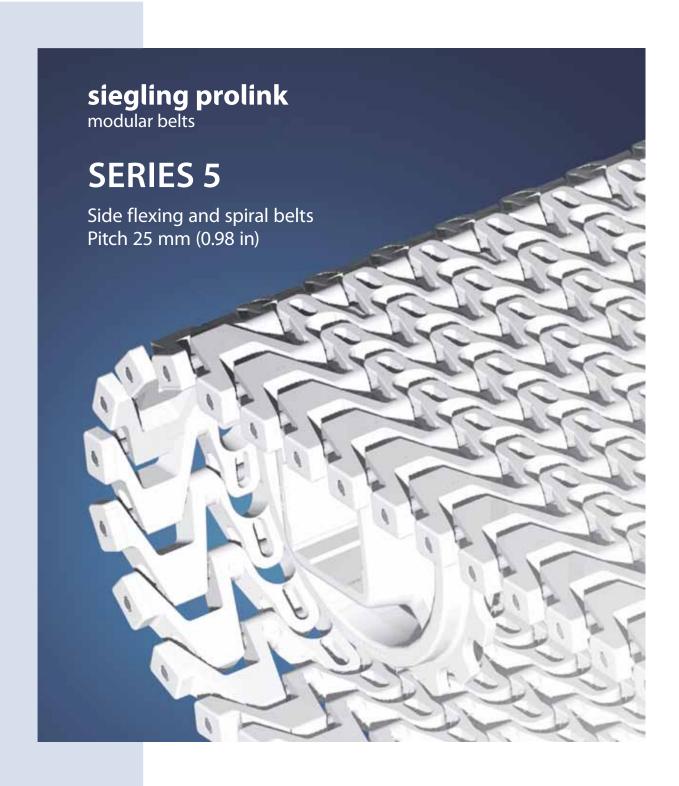




All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

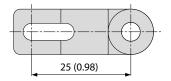


## siegling prolink

Side flexing and spiral belts I Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## Belts for light to medium-duty food and non-food applications

### Side view scale 1:1



### **Design characteristics**

- Suitable for both straight and radius conveying
- up to 45 % open area for excellent air circulation and drainage
- Stainless steel hinge pins for high load capacity, lateral stiffness, fewer belt supports and minimum belt lifting in curves
- No potential belt edge catch points due to safe fixing of hinge pins

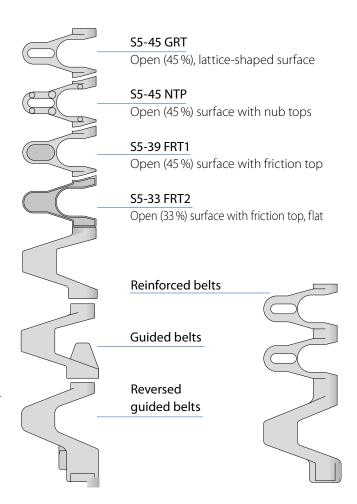
### **Basic data**

Pitch 25 mm (0.98)

Belt width min. 100 mm (3.9 in), 175 mm (6.9 in) for S5 ST

Width increments 25 mm (0.98) Hinge pins Stainless steel

### Available surface pattern and opening area



## **Sprockets** in different sizes with round



## **Profiles**in different heights and designs for inclines



Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



**Ball-bearing modules** 

to minimize friction forces at the belt edge

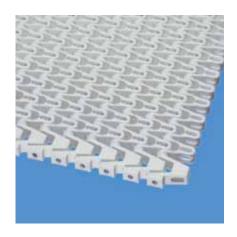


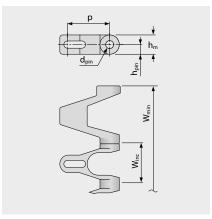
siegling prolink

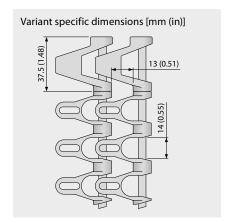
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-45 GRT** | 45 % Opening | Grid top

Open area (45 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai			belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.0	2.25	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	DB	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.0	2.25	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.0	2.05	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	DB	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.0	2.05	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.0	2.05	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	DB	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	BL	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to d	order belt	S												
PA	BI	SS		20	1370	1440	324	12.8	2.62	0.0	-40/120	-40/248	•	•

NR = not recommended

■ DB (Dark blue), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 2) Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

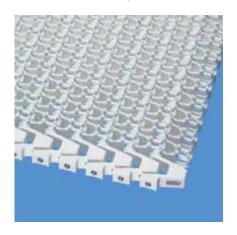


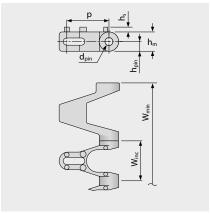
## siegling prolink

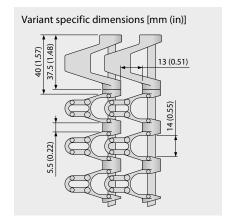
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-45 NTP** | 45 % Opening | Nub top (round studs)

Open area (45 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface with 3.0 mm (0.12 in) high round studs and 8 % contact area | Side modules without NTP-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.0	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.12	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Nominal cu	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.1	2.07	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.1	2.68	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to o	POM-CR WT SS  Made to order belts													
PE	WT	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.2	2.29	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•

NR = not recommended

WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

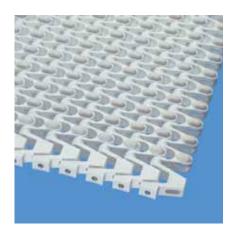
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

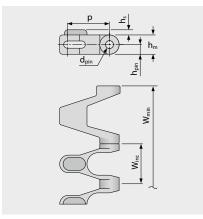
## siegling prolink

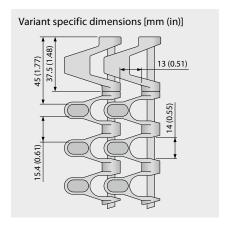
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-39 FRT1** | 39% Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (raised) increase surface friction and provide gentle grip | Side modules without FRT-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.2	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.13	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

	Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o	al belt curve	Wei	ight	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
M	laterial	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
	PP	WT	SS		R4	BG	18	1233	1000	225	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

BG (Beige), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

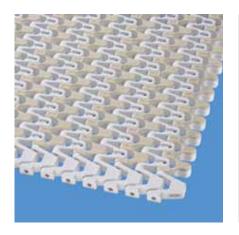
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

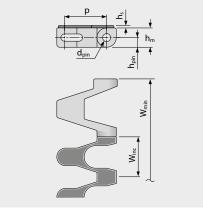
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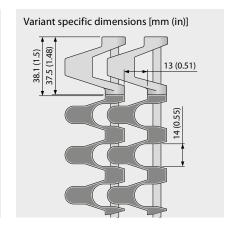
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-33 FRT2** | 33 % Opening | Friction top (Design 2)

Open area (33 % for full FRT2 surface area) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (flat) provide gentle grip







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	1.5	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.06	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st			al belt curve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		R7	ВК	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

■ BG (Beige), ■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

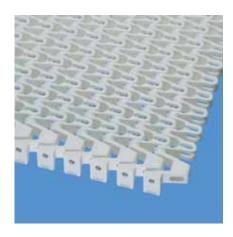
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

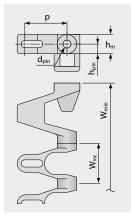
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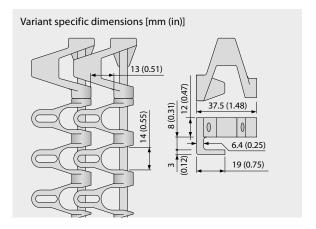
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-45 GRT G** | 45 % Opening | Grid top · guided

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface and Hold Down Tabs | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	in		belt pull, ight		belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Temp	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	BL	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	DB	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.0	2.05	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to d	order helt	c												
Made to C	Jidei beit	3												
PE	WT	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.0	2.25	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
DΛ	RI	CC		20	1370	1440	324	12.0	2.62	0.0	-40/120	-40/248		

NR = not recommended

■ DB (Dark blue), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request



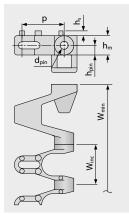
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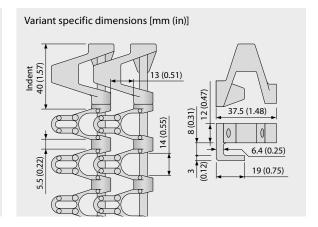
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-45 NTP G** | 45 % Opening | Nub top (round studs) · guided

Excellent air circulation and drainage | With round studs for increased grip (8 % contact area) | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules only available without NTP-pattern







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.0	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.12	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Nominal cu	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	1800	405	13.2	2.70	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1000	225	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

WT (White)



 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

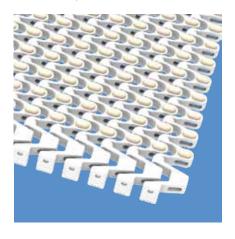
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

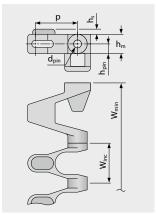
siegling prolink

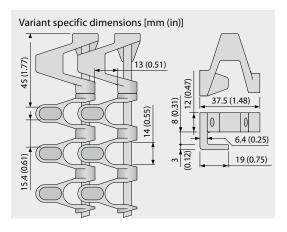
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

## **S5-39 FRT1 G** | 39 % Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (raised) increase surface friction and provide gentle grip | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules without FRT-surface







### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.2	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.13	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

### Available standard materials4)

	Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o	al belt curve	Wei	ight	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
M	laterial	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
	PP	WT	SS		R4	BG	18	1233	1000	225	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

BG (Beige), WT (White)



 $<sup>^{1)}</sup> Flex \ radii: r1 = side \ flex, r2 = front \ flex \ on \ roller, r3 = back \ flex \ on \ load \ bearing \ roller, r4 = back \ flex \ on \ Hold \ Down \ shoe, r5 = back \ flex \ on \ roller$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

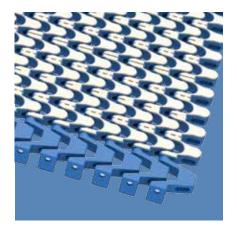
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

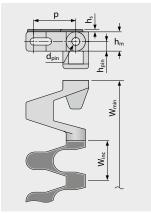
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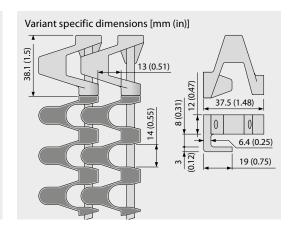
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S5-33 FRT2 G | 33 % Opening | Friction top (Design 2)

Open area (33 % for full FRT2 surface area) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (flat) provide gentle grip | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules without FRT-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	1.5	100.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.06	3.94	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o	al belt curve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		R7	ВК	18	1233	1000	225	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

■ BG (Beige), ■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

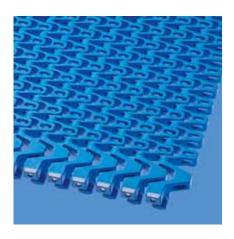
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

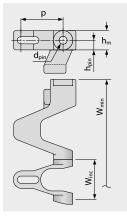
siegling prolink

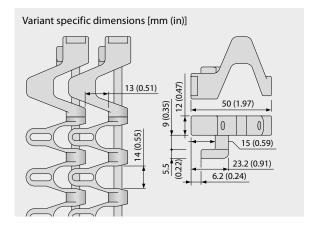
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S5-45 GRT RG | 45 % Opening | Grid top · reversed guided

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface and reversed Hold Down Tabs | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	125.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	4.92	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	in	Nominal strai		Nominal cui	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR	BL	SS		25	1713	2100	472	13.0	2.66	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to d	order belt	S												
PE	WT	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.0	2.25	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1200	270	10.0	2.05	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

NR = not recommended

BL (Blue), WT (White)

- $^{1)}$  Flex radii: r1 =side flex, r2 =front flex on roller, r3 =back flex on load bearing roller, r4 =back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 =back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request



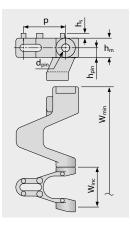
siegling prolink

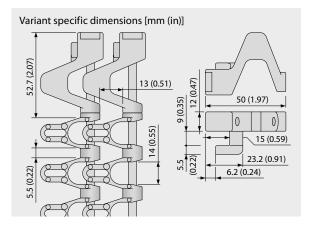
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5-45 NTP RG** | 45 % Opening | Nub top (round studs) · reversed guided

Excellent air circulation and drainage | With round studs for increased grip (8 % contact area) | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules only available without NTP-pattern







#### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
		Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
1	mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.0	125.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
i	nch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.12	4.92	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Made to order belts4)

	Ве	lt	Pi	in	Nominal strai	belt pull, ight		belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
ľ	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
F	POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	2100	472	13.2	2.7	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•



WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

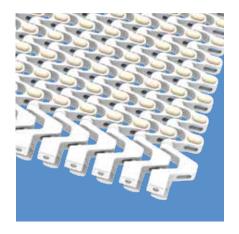
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

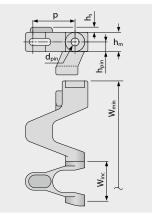
## siegling prolink

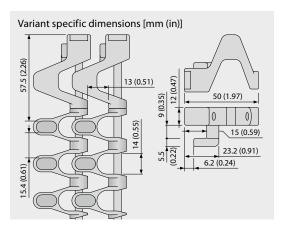
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S5-39 FRT1 RG | 39% Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (raised) increase surface friction and provide gentle grip | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules without FRT-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.2	125.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.13	4.92	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Made to order belts4)

В	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o		Wei	ight	Width deviation	Temp	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR-PP	WT	SS		R4	BG	18	1233	2100	472	10.2	2.09	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•



BG (Beige), WT (White)

<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

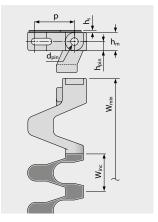
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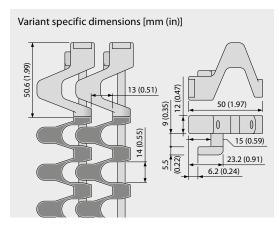
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5-33 FRT2 RG** | 33 % Opening | Friction top (Design 2)

Open area (33 % for full FRT2 surface area) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (flat) provide gentle grip | Allows utilisation of the entire belt width | Side modules without FRT-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	1.5	125.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	50.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.06	4.92	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	1.97	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Made to order belts4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o	al belt curve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR-PP	BL	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	2100	472	11.4	2.33	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR-PP	WT	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	2100	472	11.4	2.33	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR-PP	BL	SS		R7	ВК	18	1233	2100	472	11.4	2.33	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

■ BG (Beige), ■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)



 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

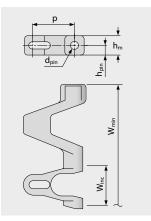
### siegling prolink

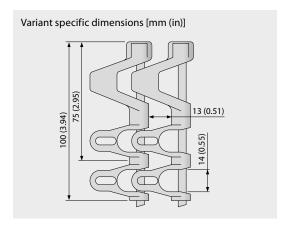
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5-45 GRT ST** | 45 % Opening | Grid top · strong

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface | Version with reinforced brick-laid side modules (75 mm/2.9 in and 100 mm/3.9 in) increases belt pull capacity







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	6.89	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	in	Nominal strai			belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1200	270	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	DB	SS		18	1233	1200	270	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	SS		18	1233	1200	270	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	WT	SS		25	1713	2100	472	13.2	2.7	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	DB	SS		25	1713	2100	472	13.2	2.7	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	BL	SS		25	1713	2100	472	13.2	2.7	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to d	order belt	S												
PE	WT	SS		10	685	NR	NR	11.1	2.27	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
ΡΔ	RI	SS		20	1370	1680	378	13.0	2.66	0.0	-40/120	-40/248		

NR = not recommended

■ DB (Dark blue), ■ BL (Blue), □ WT (White)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

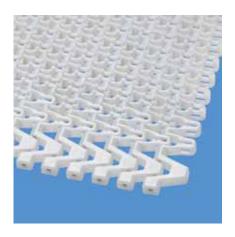


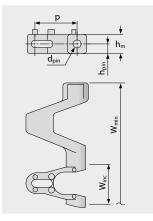
## siegling prolink

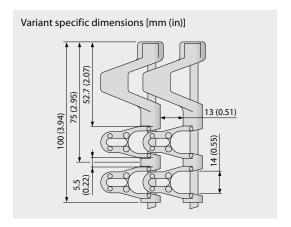
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5-45 NTP ST** | 45 % Opening | Nub top (round studs) · strong

Excellent air circulation and drainage | With round studs for increased grip (8 % contact area) | Version with reinforced brick-laid side modules increases belt pull capacity | Side modules only available without NTP-pattern







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.0	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.12	6.89	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	in	Nominal strai	belt pull, ght	Nominal cui	belt pull, rve	Wei	ight	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certif	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	SS		18	1233	1200	270	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

WT (White)



 $<sup>^{1)}</sup> Flex \ radii: r1 = side \ flex, r2 = front \ flex \ on \ roller, r3 = back \ flex \ on \ load \ bearing \ roller, r4 = back \ flex \ on \ Hold \ Down \ shoe, r5 = back \ flex \ on \ roller$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

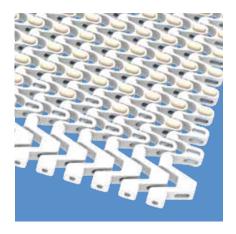
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

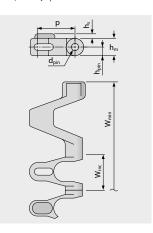
## siegling prolink

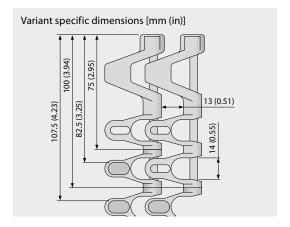
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5-39 FRT1 ST** | 39 % Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Excellent air circulation and drainage | Integrated friction pads (raised) increase surface friction and provide gentle grip | Reinforced side modules increase belt pull capacity | Side modules without FRT-surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	3.2	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.13	6.89	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

	Ве	elt	Pi	'n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st		Nomin pull, o	al belt curve	Wei	ight	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
М	aterial	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
	PP	WT	SS		R4	BG	18	1233	1200	270	10.2	2.09	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

BG (Beige), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

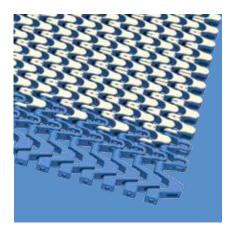
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

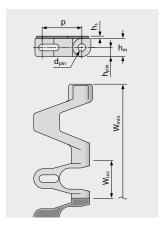
siegling prolink

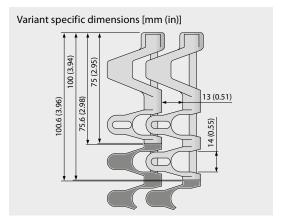
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S5-33 FRT2 ST | 33 % Opening | Friction top (Design 2) · strong

Open area (33 % for full FRT2 surface area) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice shaped surface | Version with reinforced brick-laid side modules increases belt pull capacity







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	1.5	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.06	6.89	0.98	±0.3	$2 \times W_B$	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98

 $W_B = Belt \ width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

	Ве	lt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st			al belt curve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
I	Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
	PP	BL	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1200	270	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
	PP	WT	SS		R7	BG	18	1233	1200	270	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
	PP	BL	SS		R7	ВК	18	1233	1200	270	11.4	2.33	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

Comment: ST types combinable with standard center curve modules, NTP, FRT.

ST types not combinable with Guided (G), Side Guards (SG) or Bearing Tab (BT). Please contact us should you require small curve radii.

BG (Beige), WT (White)



 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

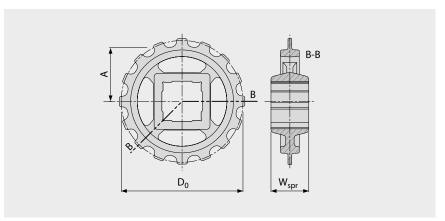
# SERIES 5 | SPROCKETS

### siegling prolink

Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z9	Z11	Z12	Z16	Z18	Z20
<b>\</b> \\	mm	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
_	mm	50	73	89	97	128	144	160
$D_0$	inch	1.97	2.88	3.49	3.80	5.05	5.67	6.29
^	mm	19	31	38	42	58	66	74
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.75	1.20	1.51	1.67	2.29	2.60	2.91
^	mm	16	29	37	41	57	65	73
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.65	1.13	1.45	1.61	2.24	2.56	2.87

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
30	mm		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
40	mm			-	●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■
0.75	inch	•						
1	inch		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
1.25	inch		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
1.5	inch				●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)



## SERIES 5 | PROFILES

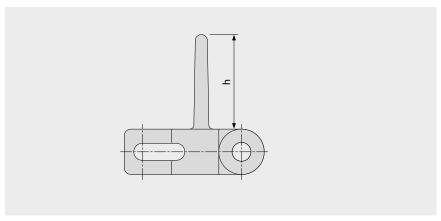
siegling prolink

Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S5-45 GRT PMC

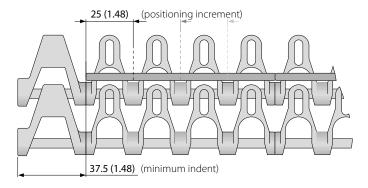
Flat top surface for dry products





#### **Basic data**

			Heigl	nt (h)
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch
	PE	WT	•	•
		BL	•	•
	DOM	DB	•	•
S5-45 GRT PMC	POM	UC	•	•
		WT	•	•
	20	DB	•	•
	PP	WT	•	•



PMC also available for G, RG, ST types.

G = Indent 37.5 (1.48)RG = Indent 50 (1.97)

ST = Indent 75 (2.95)

BL (Blue), DB (Dark blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



# SERIES 5 | **SIDE GUARDS**

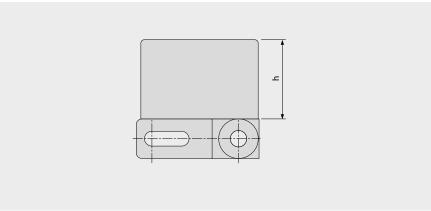
siegling prolink

Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S5 SG** | Side guards

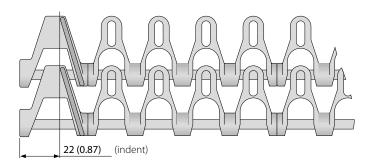
For retention of bulk products





#### **Basic data**

		Heig	ht (h)
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch
POM-CR	BL		•
POIVI-CR	UC	•	•

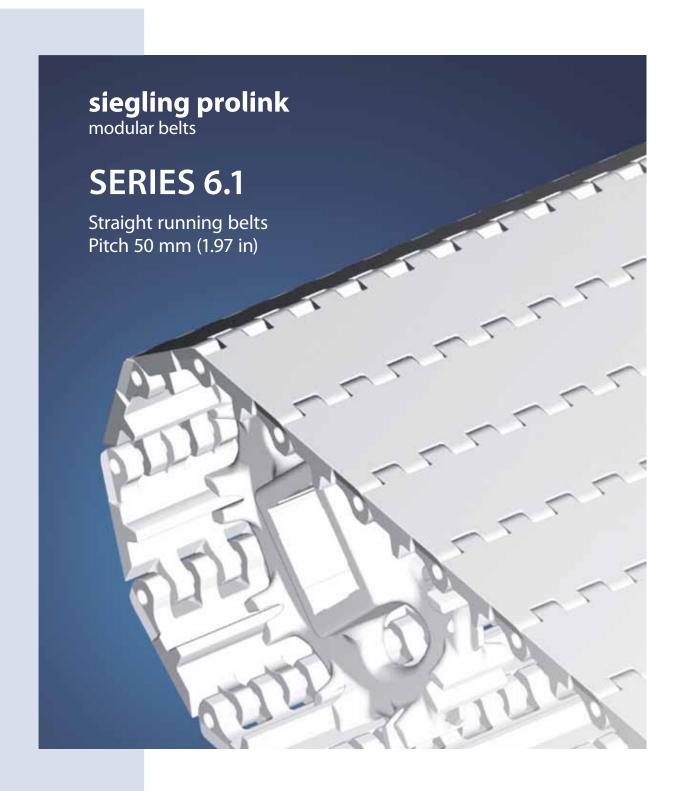


■ BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



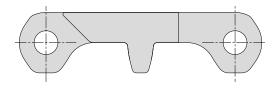
### 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION



Straight running belts | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

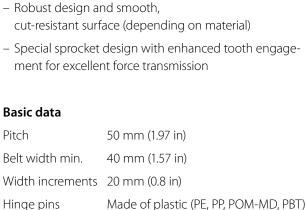
### Belts for medium to heavy-duty, hygiene-critical applications

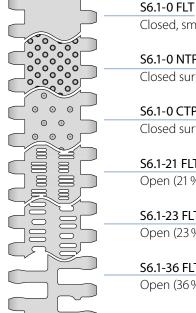
#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Wide modules and eyelets for less soiling
- Hinges that open wide, wide channels on the underside and a continuous drive bar for an easy-to-clean design





### Available surface pattern and opening area

Closed, smooth surface

S6.1-0 NTP Closed surface and round studs

S6.1-0 CTP Closed surface and pointed studs

S6.1-21 FLT

Open (21 %), smooth surface

S6.1-23 FLT Open (23%), smooth surface

S6.1-36 FLT Open (36%), smooth surface



NSF-compliant from the Huntersville plant (US)

**Sprockets** 

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



**Profiles** 

in different heights and designs



Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



#### **Hold Down Tabs**

Hold Down Tabs for additional guiding

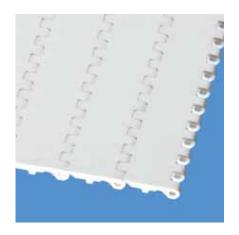


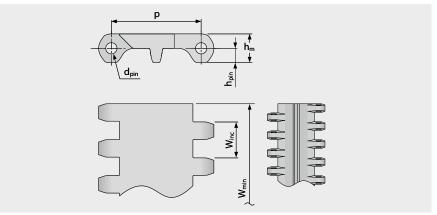
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-0 FLT** | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface | Easy-to-clean





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	belt pull, ght	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	13	891	9.4	1.93	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	LB	13	891	9.4	1.93	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	13.4	2.74	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	LB	30	2056	13.4	2.74	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	13.4	2.74	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	LB	PBT	LB	30	2056	13.4	2.74	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	18	1233	8.3	1.7	-0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	LB	18	1233	8.3	1.7	-0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	13	891	9.4	1.93	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	30	2056	14.2	2.91	-0.65	-45/65	-49/149	•	•
PP-MD	BL	PP-MD	BL	18	1233	8.3	1.7	-0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to ord	der belts											
PA	BL	PBT	UC	30	2056	12.9	2.64	-0.0	-40/120	-40/248	•	•
TPC1	LB	PBT	UC	13	891	11.6	2.38	-0.65	-40/115	-40/239	•	•

■ BL (Blue), ■ LB (Light blue), ■ UC (Uncolored), ■ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFF

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

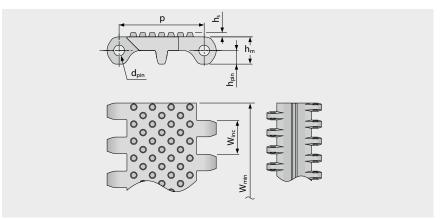
### siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-0 NTP** | 0 % Opening | Nub top (round studs)

Closed surface and round studs | 6% contact area | Nub top surface for good release of wet and sticky products | Easy-to-clean



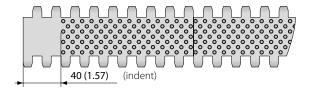


#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	2.5	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.1	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	13	891	9.6	1.97	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	LB	13	891	9.6	1.97	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
POM		PBT		30	2056	13.7	2.81	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PP		PP		18	1233	8.4	1.72	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	-



Also available with molded indent 40 mm (1.57 in).

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

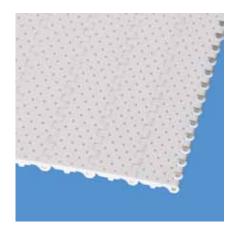


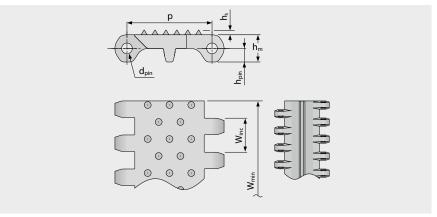
siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-0 CTP** | 0 % Opening | Cone top (pointed studs)

Closed surface and pointed studs | Cone top surface pattern for superior grip | Easy-to-clean





#### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Р	itch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	າ 5	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	2.8	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
incl	า 1	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.11	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	• ′	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	13.5	2.77	-0.65	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
PE		PE		13	891	9.5	1.95	-0.65	-70/65	-94/149	-	-

UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

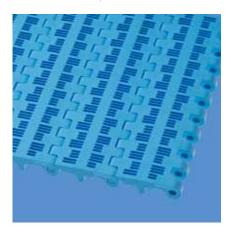
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

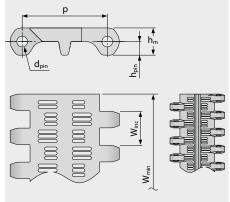
### siegling prolink

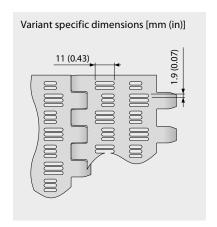
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-21 FLT** | 21 % Opening | Flat top

Open area (21 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | 58 % contact area (Largest opening: 1.9 x 11 mm/0.07 x 0.43 in | Smooth surface | Easy-to-clean







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	13	891	7.8	1.6	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	LB	13	891	7.8	1.6	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	10.8	2.21	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	LB	30	2056	10.8	2.21	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	18	1233	6.7	1.37	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	LB	18	1233	6.7	1.37	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•

LB (Light blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

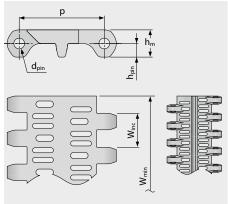
### siegling prolink

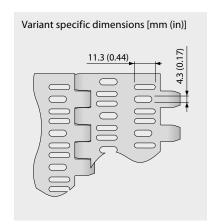
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-23 FLT** | 23 % Opening | Flat top

Open area (23 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage  $\mid$  61 % contact area (Largest opening: 4.3 x 9.3 mm/0.17 x 0.37 in) Smooth surface  $\mid$  Easy-to-clean







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	13	891	8.2	1.68	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	LB	13	891	8.2	1.68	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	11.3	2.31	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	LB	30	2056	11.3	2.31	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	18	1233	7.0	1.43	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	LB	18	1233	7.0	1.43	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to or	dar halts											
Made to of	uei beits											
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	13	891	8.9	1.82	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM-CR		PBT		30	2056	11.3	2.31	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	_	_





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

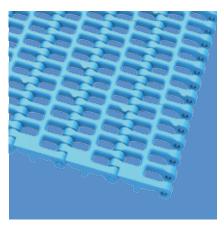
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

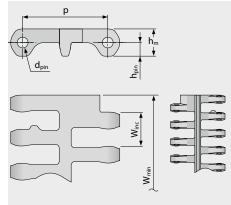
### siegling prolink

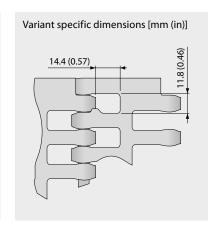
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-36 FLT** | 36% Opening | Flat top

Open area (36 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | 20 % contact area (Largest opening: 11.8 x 15.2 mm/0.46 x 0.6 in) Smooth surface | Easy-to-clean







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	16.0	8.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.63	0.31	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	13	891	6.2	1.27	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	LB	13	891	6.2	1.27	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	30	2056	9.0	1.84	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	LB	30	2056	9.0	1.84	-0.5	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	18	1233	5.9	1.21	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	LB	18	1233	5.9	1.21	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to order belts												
PP-MD	BL	PP-MD	BL	18	1233	5.9	1.21	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PF-MD	RI	POM-MD	RI	13	891	6.7	1 37	-0.5	-70/65	-94/149	•	

9.5

1.95

-0.5

-45/90

-49/194

### POM-MD Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

30

■ BL (Blue), ■ LB (Light blue), ■ UC (Uncolored), ■ WT (White)

POM-MD

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21\,^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

2056

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 2) Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

BL



# SERIES 6.1 | SPROCKETS

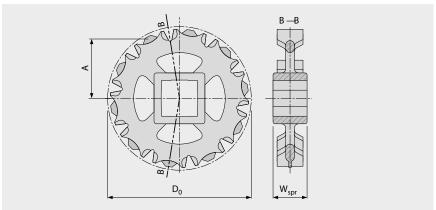
### siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1 SPR** | Sprockets

Special easy-to-clean sprocket with enhanced tooth engagement for excellent force transmission





#### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z8	Z10	Z12	Z16
<b>\</b> \\	mm	40	40	40	40	40
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57	1.57
	mm	100	131	162	193	256
D <sub>0</sub>	inch	3.94	5.14	6.37	7.61	10.09
Δ.	mm	42	57	73	89	120
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	1.65	2.26	2.87	3.49	4.73
^	mm	36	53	69	86	118
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	1.43	2.09	2.73	3.37	4.64

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

30	mm	•	•	•		
40	mm					
60	mm					
1	inch	•	•	•		
1.25	inch		•	•		
1.44	inch			•		
1.5	inch				●/■	
2	inch					
2.5	inch					

Material: PA, Color: LG

#### LG (Light gray)

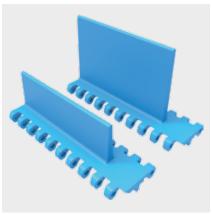


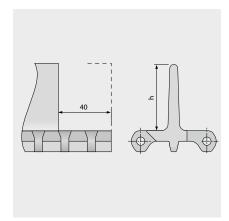
Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-0 FLT PMU/S6.1-0 FLT PMU I40**

Flat top surface for dry products



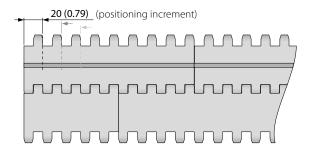


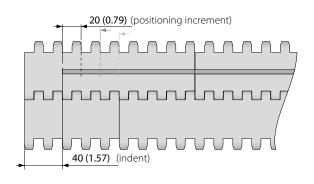


#### **Basic data**

			Height (h)							
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	100 mm 4 inch	150 mm 6 inch				
	חר	LB	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
	PE	WT	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
	POM-CR	LB			•					
	POM	LB	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
S6.1-0 FLT	POIVI	WT	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
	POM-MD	BL	•	•	•	•				
	PP	LB	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
	FF	WT	•	●/▲	●/▲	•				
	PP-MD	BL			•					

 $\bullet$  = no indent,  $\blacktriangle$  = with indent 40 mm





■ BL (Blue), ■ LB (Light blue), □ WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



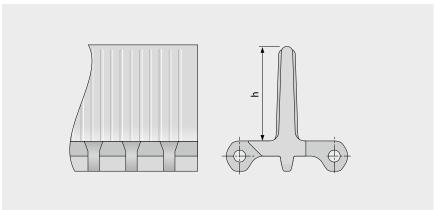
## SERIES 6.1 | PROFILES

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-0 NCL PMU**

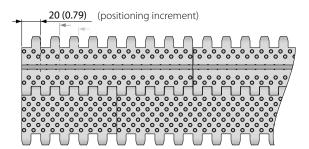
No cling surface with nub top base to improve release of wet and sticky products





#### **Basic data**

			Height (h)		100 mm 150 mm 4 inch 6 inch	
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch		
S6.1-0 NCL PMU	DE	LB			•	
30.1-U INCL PIVIU	PE	WT			•	



LB (Light blue), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## SERIES 6.1 | PROFILES

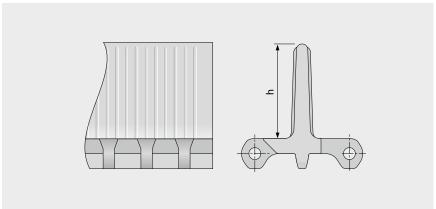
### siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1-23 NCL PMU**

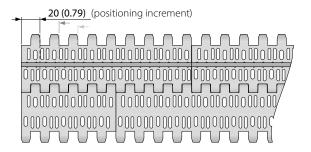
No cling surface with open area base (23 %) to improve release of wet and sticky products





#### **Basic data**

			Heig	ht (h)		
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 50 mm 1 inch 2 inch		100 mm 4 inch	150 mm 6 inch
	PE	LB			•	
CC 1 22 NICL DMLI	PE PE	WT			•	
S6.1-23 NCL PMU	PP	LB			•	
	PP PP	WT			•	



LB (Light blue), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## SERIES 6.1 | SIDE GUARDS

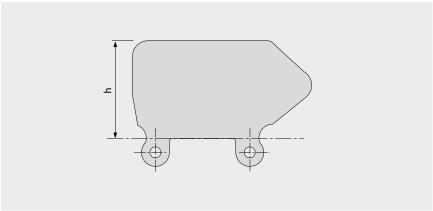
### siegling prolink

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1 SG** | Side guards

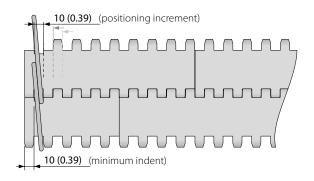
For retention of bulk products





#### **Basic data**

		Height (h)								
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch					
DE	LB	•	•	•	•					
PE	WT	•	•	•	•					
PE-MD	BL		•	•	•					
DD	LB	•	•	•	•					
PP	WT	•	•	•	•					





All measurements and tolerances apply at  $21^{\circ}$ C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



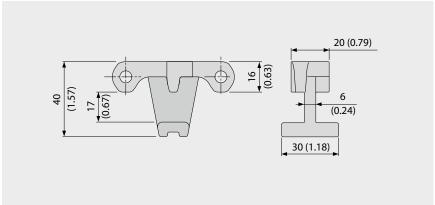
# SERIES 6.1 | HOLD DOWN TABS siegling prolink modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1 HDT** | Hold Down Tabs

Used on wider belts to prevent lift an swan neck conveyors | To improve strength, stability and cleanability they are moulded on a narrow module



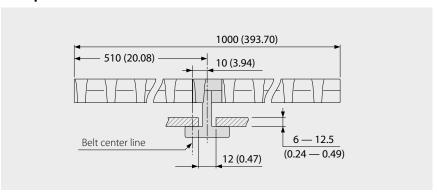


#### **Basic data**

Material	Color
POM	LB
POIVI	WT

Using Hold Down Tabs results in constrains with regards to sprocket and shaft size to ensure sufficient clearance to the shaft.

#### **Example**



#### **Sprocket options using HDT**

Sprocket size	Maximum	bore round	Maximum l	bore square
Sprocket size (Number of teeth)	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]
Z6	20	0.75	15	0.5
Z8	50	1.75	40	1.5
Z10	80	3.0	60	2.5
Z12	110	4.25	85	3.25
Z16	170	6.5	130	5.25

LB (Light blue), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

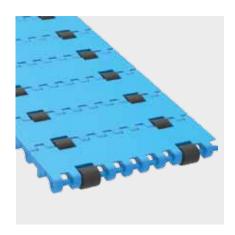


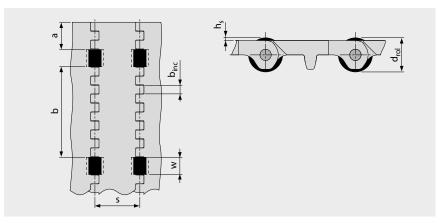
## SERIES 6.1 | PRR

Straight running belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S6.1 PRR** | Pin Retained Rollers

For applications where low back pressure accumulation or product separation is required





- For low back pressure wearstrips are to be positioned between the rollers
- For product separation the wearstrips are to be positioned below the rollers
- For all materials and surfaces
- Rollers available in POM BK

#### **Dimensions**

W	20 (0.79)	Roller cut out width (roller width 19 mm (0.75 in))
hs	2 (0.08)	Height of rollers above surface
$d_{rol}$	20 (0.79)	Roller diameter
a	30 (1.2)	Minimum indent
b	100 (3.9)	Standard distance between rollers across belt width
$b_{inc}$	10 (0.39)	Roller distance increment
S	50 (2.0)	Standard roller spacing in travel direction (every pitch)
n <sub>rol</sub>		Number of rollers across belt width
$W_B$		Belt width

#### Allowable belt pull

To determine admissible belt pull calculate effective belt width W<sub>B,ef</sub> by  $W_{B,ef} = W_B - (w \times n_{rol})$ 

Example:  $W_B = 200 \text{ mm} (7.87 \text{ in}); A = 20 \text{ mm} (0.79 \text{ in}); I = 2$ 

> $W_{B,ef} = 200 - (2 \times 20) = 160 \text{ mm}$  $W_{B,ef} = 7.87 - (2 \times 0.79) = 6.29 \text{ in}$

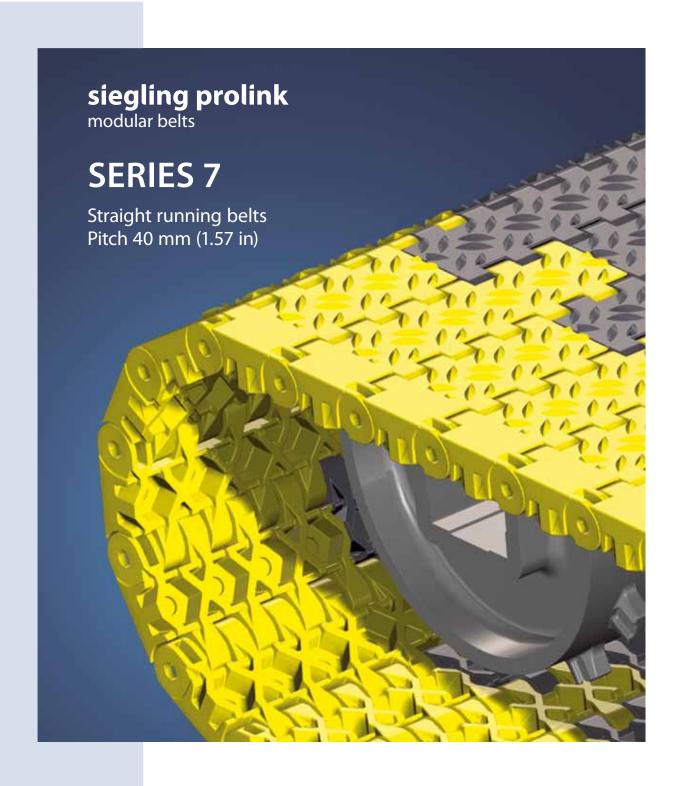
Note sprocket must not be placed inline with rollers.

Coefficient of friction between belt and conveyed product in accumulation mode  $\mu_{acc}$  = 0.04, l.e. the accumulation pressure is approx. 4% of the weight of the backed up product.

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



### 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

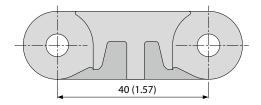


### SERIES 7 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### Belts for heavy-duty non-food applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Closed-hinge design provides high belt pull capacity
- Small-pitch relative to belt thickness makes belt suitable for compact, heavily loaded conveyors
- Robust design with large surface contact area ensures superior wear life
- Closed solid edge
- Flame retardant version available (PXX-HC – in line with DIN EN 13501-1)

#### Basic data

Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in) Belt width min. 40 mm (1.57 in)

360 mm (14.2 in) for belts with

FRT-surface (side modules only available

without FRT-surface)

Width increments 20 mm (0.8 in) FRT-surface on request Hinge pins Made of plastic (PBT) or stainless steel

#### **Sprockets** in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



#### Wheelstopper used for securing the position of vehicles on the belt



### Available surface pattern and opening area



#### S7-0 FLT

Closed, smooth surface

#### S7-0 SRS

Closed, slip-resistant surface

#### S7-6 FLT

Open (6%), smooth surface

#### **S7-0 NSK**

Closed surface with non-skid pattern

#### **S7-6 NSK**

Open (6%) surface with non-skid pattern

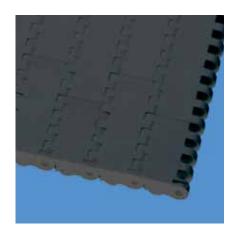
#### S7-0 FRT1

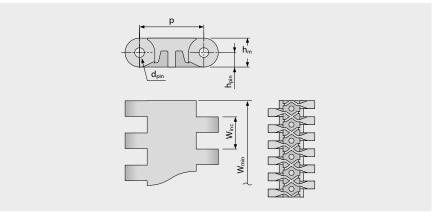
Closed surface with friction top

Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### **S7-0 FLT** | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	elt	Pi	n	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame retardant <sup>2)</sup>
POM	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.3	3.75	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	AT	SS		60	4111	22.8	4.67	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	YL	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.3	3.75	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	YL	SS		60	4111	22.8	4.67	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.8	3.85	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	SS		60	4111	23.3	4.77	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	30	2056	12.8	2.62	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•
PXX-HC	BK	SS		30	2056	17.7	3.63	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•
Made to order belts											
PF	aci beits	PE	UC	18	1233	12.3	2.52	-0.35	-70/65	-94/149	
PP		PP	UC	30	2056	11.6	2.38	0.0	5/100	41/212	
PP		SS	90	30	2056	16.5	3.38	0.0	5/100	41/212	
		25		50	2000	10.5	5.50	0.0	3, 100	11/212	





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

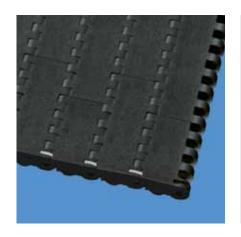
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

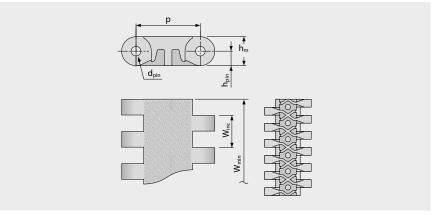
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### **S7-0 SRS** | 0% Opening | Slip-resistant

Closed surface | Slip-resistant surface, pleasant to walk and kneel on | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tomporaturo		Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame retardant <sup>2)</sup>
POM	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.3	3.75	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	AT	SS		60	4111	22.8	4.67	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	YL	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.3	3.75	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	YL	SS		60	4111	22.8	4.67	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.8	3.85	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	SS		60	4111	23.3	4.77	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	30	2056	12.8	2.62	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•
PXX-HC	BK	SS		30	2056	17.7	3.63	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

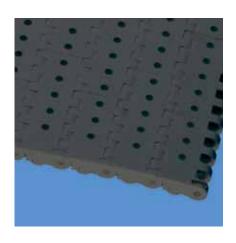
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

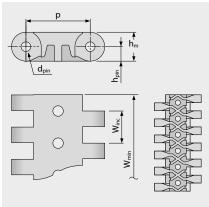
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

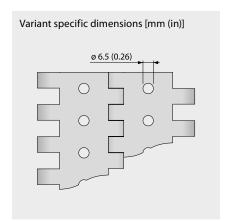
Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### S7-6 FLT | 6% Opening | Flat top

Open area (6%) increases drainage capacity | Smooth surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	linimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	0.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0	
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.0	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57	

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	belt pull, ight	Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame retardant <sup>2)</sup>
POM	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	16.8	3.44	-0.7	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	AT	SS		60	4111	21.3	4.36	-0.7	-45/90	-49/194	
Made to ord	der belts										
PE		PE	UC	18	1233	11.3	2.31	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	
PP		PP	UC	30	2056	10.7	2.19	0.0	5/100	41/212	
PP		SS		30	2056	15.6	3.2	0.0	5/100	41/212	
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	17.3	3.54	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	SS		60	4111	21.4	4.38	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	30	2056	11.8	2.42	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•
PXX-HC	BK	SS		30	2056	16.3	3.34	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•

■ AT (Anthracite), ■ BK (Black), □ UC (Uncolored)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

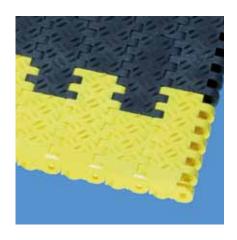
<sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

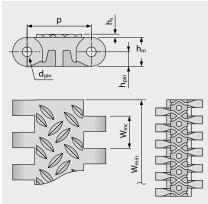
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

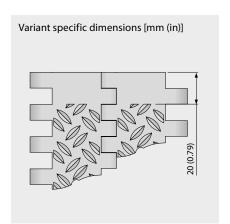
Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### S7-0 NSK | 0% Opening | Non skid

Closed surface | Non-skid surface for safety when walking on belt







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>		radii <sup>1)</sup>		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	2.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.08	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Weight		Temperature		Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame retardant <sup>2)</sup>		
POM	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	19.0	3.89	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194			
POM	AT	SS		60	4111	23.5	4.81	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194			
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	19.5	3.99	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194			
POM-HC	AT	SS		60	4111	24.0	4.92	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194			
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	30	2056	14.6	2.99	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•		
PXX-HC	BK	SS		30	2056	20.0	4.1	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•		
Made to or	der belts												
PP		PP	UC	30	2056	13.3	2.72	-0.13	5/100	41/212			
PP		SS		30	2056	18.2	3 73	-0.13	5/100	41/212			

AT (Anthracite), BK (Black), UC (Uncolore
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<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

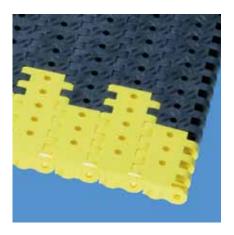
<sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

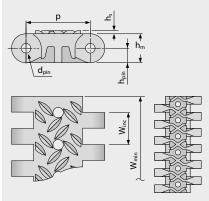
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

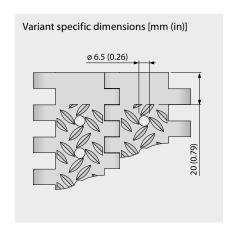
Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### S7-6 NSK | 6% Opening | Non skid

Open area (6%) | Non-skid surface with drainage holes for safety when walking on wet belts







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	2.0	40.0	20.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.08	1.57	0.79	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57

#### Available standard materials4)

	Junuan										
Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	Weight		Temperature		Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame retardant <sup>2)</sup>
POM	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	17.5	3.58	-0.7	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	AT	SS		60	4111	22.0	4.51	-0.7	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	PBT	UC	50	3426	18.0	3.69	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM-HC	AT	SS		60	4111	22.5	4.61	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
Made to ord	der belts										
PP		PP	UC	30	2056	11.2	2.29	-0.13	5/100	41/212	
PP		SS		30	2056	14.1	2.89	-0.13	5/100	41/212	
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	30	2056	12.3	2.52	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•
PXX-HC	BK	SS		30	2056	17.2	3.52	-0.13	5/100	41/212	•

AT (Anthracite),	BK (Black), 🔃 L	C (Uncolored
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<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

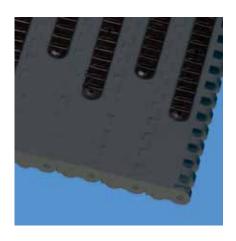
<sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

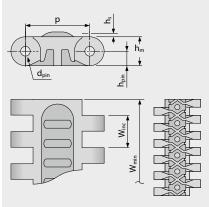
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

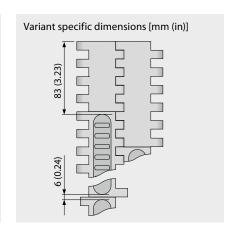
Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### **S7-0 FRT1** | 0% Opening | Friction top (Design 1)

Closed surface | Friction top version with replaceable rubber pads provides increased grip







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	40.0	6.0	18.0	9.0	3.0	360.0	200.0	±0.2	-	40.0	80.0	120.0	40.0
inch	1.57	0.24	0.71	0.35	0.12	14.17	7.87	±0.2	-	1.57	3.15	4.72	1.57

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certificates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	Flame ret.2)
POM	AT	PBT	UC	R2	BK	50	3426	19.0	3.89	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
POM	AT	SS		R2	BK	60	4111	23.5	4.81	-0.75	-45/90	-49/194	
Made to c	rder belt	S											
PE		PE	UC	R2	BK	18	1233	13.0	2.66	-0.35	-70/65	-94/149	
PP		PP	UC	R2	BK	30	2056	12.4	2.54	0.0	5/100	41/212	
PP		SS		R2	BK	30	2056	17.3	3.54	0.0	5/100	41/212	

■ AT (Anthracite), ■ BK (Black), □ UC (Uncolored)



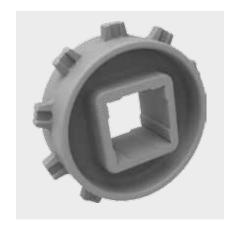
<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex. r2 = front flex on roller. r3 = back flex on load bearing roller. r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe. r5 = back flex on roller

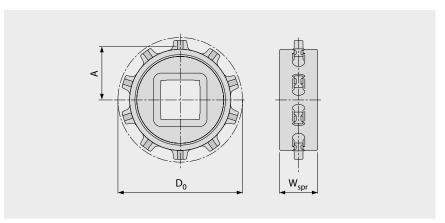
<sup>2)</sup> Complies with DIN EN 13501-1 Cfl-s1 (and DIN 4102 B1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

### **S7 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z10	Z16	Z20
<b>\</b> \/	mm	40	40	40
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.57	1.57	1.57
	mm	129	205	256
$D_0$	inch	5.10	8.07	10.07
^	mm	56	94	119
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	2.19	3.68	4.68
^	mm	53	92	117
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	2.09	3.61	4.62

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

40	mm		
60	mm		•
80	mm		•
90	mm		
1.5	inch	_	
1.5	IIICII	_	
2.5	inch		
3.5	inch		

Material: PA, Color: LG

#### LG (Light gray)



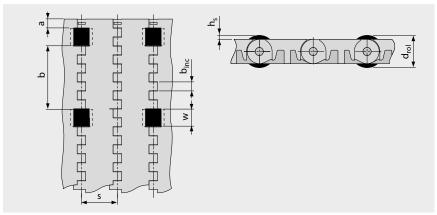
### SERIES 7 | PRR

Straight running belt | Pitch 40 mm (1.57 in)

#### **S7 PRR** | Pin Retained Rollers

For applications where low back pressure accumulation or product separation is required





- For low back pressure wearstrips are to be positioned between the rollers
- For product separation the wearstrips are to be positioned below the rollers
- For all materials and surfaces
- Rollers available in POM BK

#### **Dimensions**

W	20 (0.79)	Roller cut out width (roller width 19 (0.75))
hs	3.5 (0.14)	Height of rollers above surface
d <sub>rol</sub>	25 (0.98)	Roller diameter
a	10 (0.4)	Minimum indent
b	70 (2.8)	Standard distance between rollers across belt width
$b_{Inc}$	10 (0.39)	Roller distance increment
S	40 (1.6)	Standard roller spacing in travel direction (every pitch)
n <sub>rol</sub>		Number of rollers across belt width
$W_B$		Belt width

#### Allowable belt pull

To determine admissible belt pull calculate effective belt width W<sub>B,ef</sub> by  $W_{B,ef} = W_B - (w \times n_{rol})$ 

Example:  $W_B = 400 \text{ mm} (15.75 \text{ in}); A = 20 \text{ mm} (0.79 \text{ in}); I = 5$ 

> $W_{B,ef} = 400 - (5 \times 20) = 300 \text{ mm}$  $W_{B,ef} = 15.75 - (5 \times 0.79) = 11.8 in$

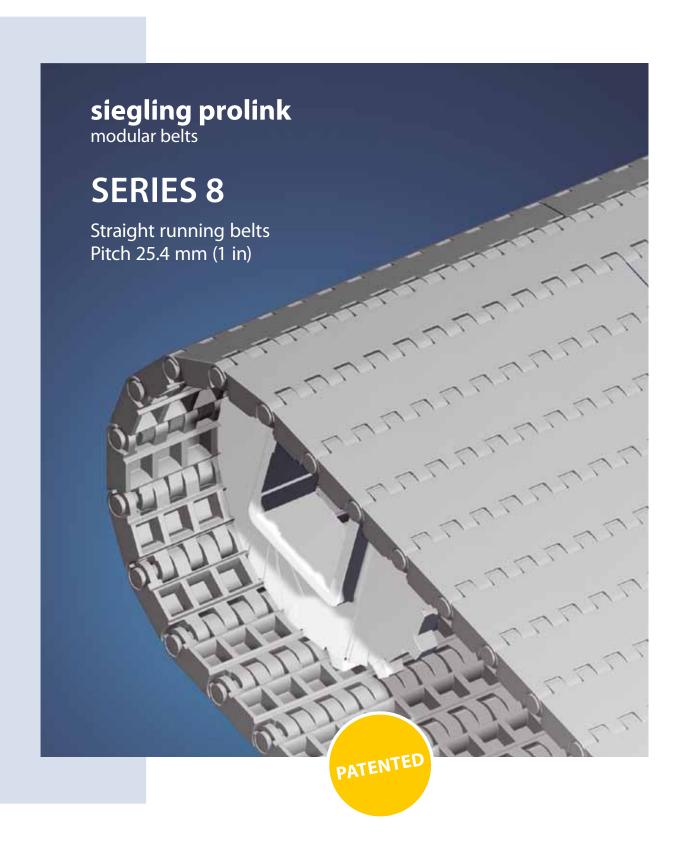
Note sprocket must not be placed inline with rollers.

Coefficient of friction between belt and conveyed product in accumulation mode  $\mu_{acc}$  = 0.04, l.e. the accumulation pressure is approx. 4% of the weight of the backed up product.

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



### 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

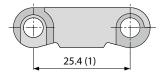


### SERIES 8 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### Belts for medium to heavy-duty applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Closed hinge design provides high belt pull capacity
- Rigid module design makes belt suitable for long conveyors
- Robust design guarantees superior durability
- Closed solid edge design
- Flame retardant version available (PXX-HC – in line with DIN EN 13501-1)

#### **Basic data**

Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in) Belt width min. 38.1 mm (1.5 in) Width increments 12.7 mm (0.5 in)

Hinge pins Made of plastic (PBT, PP)

One-piece up to a belt width

of 1200 mm (47 in)

#### Available surface pattern and opening area



#### S8-0 FLT

Closed, smooth surface

#### **S8-0 SRS**

Closed, slip-resistant surface

#### S8-0 NSK1/S8-0 NSK2

Closed surface with non-skid pattern

#### S8-25 RAT

Open (25%) surface

with rounded contact surfaces

#### S8-0 FRT1

Closed surface with friction top

#### S8-0 RTP A90

Closed surface with roller top

#### **Sprockets**

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



#### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs



#### Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



#### **Hold Down Tabs**

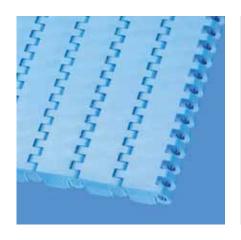
Hold Down Tabs for additional guiding

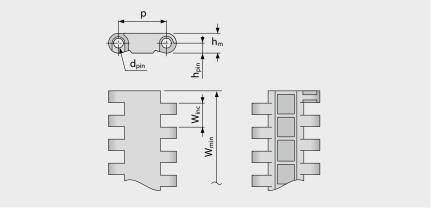


Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### S8-0 FLT | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	0.0	38.1	12.7	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.0	1.5	0.5	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	40	2741	11.0	2.25	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	AT	PBT	UC	40	2741	11.0	2.25	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PP	WT	PP	WT	20	1370	7.1	1.45	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LG	PP	WT	20	1370	7.1	1.45	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	20	1370	7.1	1.45	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	BL	20	1370	7.9	1.62	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	-
Made to ord	Made to order belts											
PA-HT	BK	PA-HT	BK	30	2056	10.7	2.19	1.49	-30/155	-22/311	-	_





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

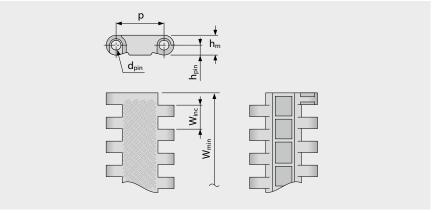
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S8-0 SRS** | 0% Opening | Slip-resistant surface

Closed surface | Slip-resistant surface, pleasant to walk and kneel on





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	0.0	38.1	12.7	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.0	1.5	0.5	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal stra		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR	AT	PBT	BL	40	2741	11.0	2.25	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
POM-HC	AT	PBT	BL	40	2741	11.0	2.25	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	BL	20	1370	7.9	1.62	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	-

■ AT (Anthracite), ■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

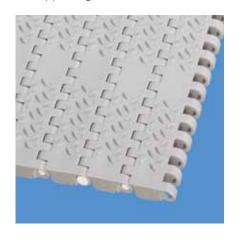
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

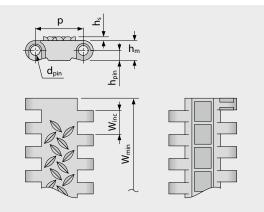
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

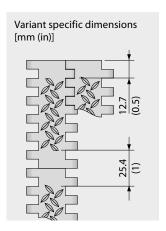
Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8-0 NSK1** | 0% Opening | Non skid (Design 1)

Closed surface | Non-skid surface for increased safety when walking on belt | Flat top sections across the belt width for supporting the belt on the return







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	2.0	38.1	12.7	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.08	1.5	0.5	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

В	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	• .	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	40	2741	11.0	2.25	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	LG	PP	WT	20	1370	7.1	1.45	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	BL	20	1370	7.9	1.62	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	=

■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue), ■ LG (Light gray), □ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

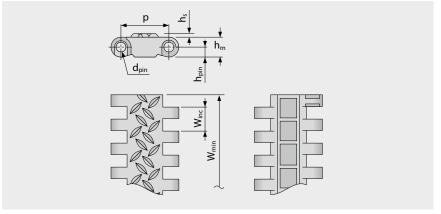
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8-0 NSK2** | 0% Opening | Non skid (Design 2)

Closed surface | Non-skid surface for increased safety when walking on belt | Closed hinges | Uninterrupted NSK-structure across the full belt width





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	2.0	38.1	12.7	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.08	1.5	0.5	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Вє	elt	Pi	n		belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	LG	PP	WT	20	1370	7.1	1.45	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

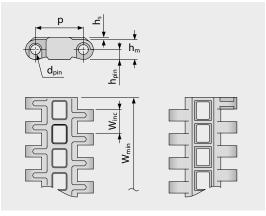
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

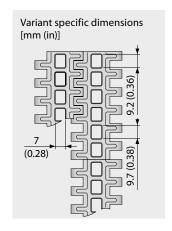
Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### S8-25 RAT | 25% Opening | Radius top

Open area (25%) with rounded contact surfaces | Radius top belt surface ensures minimum product contact and good release characteristics







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	2.0	38.1	12.7	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.08	1.5	0.5	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	elt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	40	2741	9.7	1.99	-0.61	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	LG	PP	WT	20	1370	6.4	1.31	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PP	BL	20	1370	6.4	1.31	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PA-HT	BK	PA-HT	BK	30	2056	9.8	2.01	1.53	-30/155	-22/311	-	-
Made to or	der belts											
PE		PE		15	1028	6.7	1.37	-0.31	-70/65	-94/149	-	-





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

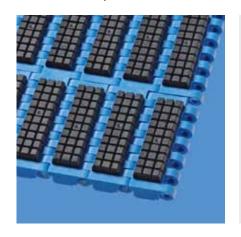
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

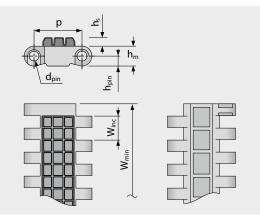
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

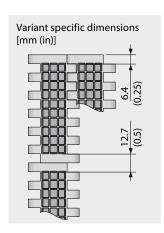
Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8-0 FRT1** | 0% Opening | Friction top surface (Design 1)

Closed surface | Friction top with cube-shaped High Grip pads | Grooves inbetween to improve flexibility and to channel dirt away from the friction surface | Closed hinges







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	um flex	radii³)	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	4.5	76.2	76.2	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.18	3.0	3.0	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nominal stra	belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	material	color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	R6	BK	40	2741	17.7	3.63	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	-	-
PP	LG	PP	WT	R7	BK	20	1370	12.6	2.58	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to d	order belt	S												
PP	BL	PP	BL	R7	BG	20	1370	12.6	2.58	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

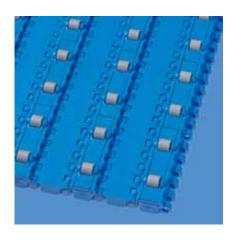
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

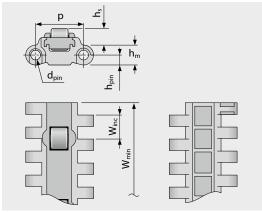
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

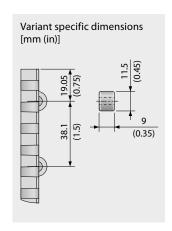
Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8-0 RTP A90** | 0% Opening | Roller top · A90

Closed surface with roller top at 90° to the direction of travel | version for low-friction merging of products lateral





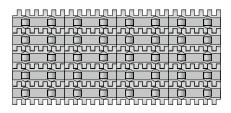


#### **Belt dimensions**

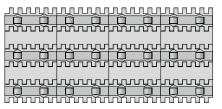
	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.5	5.3	8.8	228.6	76.2	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.41	0.21	0.35	9.0	3.0	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

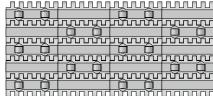
Ве	elt	Pi	in		belt pull, ight	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	BL	20	1370	14.3	2.93	-0.31	-45/90	-49/194	•	•



Standard configuration



Configuration 1



Configuration 2

#### BL (Blue)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 2) Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- <sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

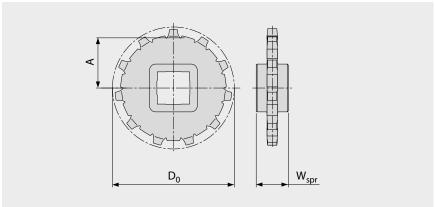


Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S8 SPR** | Sprockets

Deep tooth engagement for heavy loads





#### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z11	Z12	Z15	Z18	Z19
<b>\</b> \/	mm	25	25	25	25	25
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
	mm	90	98	122	146	154
$D_0$	inch	3.55	3.86	4.81	5.76	6.08
^	mm	40	44	56	68	72
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	1.57	1.73	2.20	2.67	2.83
۸	mm	38	42	55	67	71
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	1.50	1.67	2.15	2.63	2.79

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

30	mm	•		•		
40	mm			●/■		
60	mm					
80	mm					
1	inch		•			•
1.25	inch		•			•
1.5	inch	●/■				
2	inch				•	
2.5	inch					•

Material: PA, Color: LG

#### LG (Light gray)



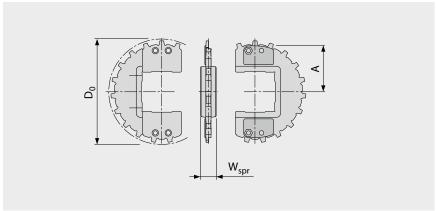
## SERIES 8 | SPLIT SPROCKETS siegling prolink modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S8 SPR-SP** | Split Sprockets

Easy assembly without dismounting shaft | Deep tooth engagement for heavy loads





#### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z12	Z16	Z19
<b>\</b> \\/	mm	25	25	25
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.98	0.98	0.98
_	mm	98	130	154
$D_0$	inch	3.86	5.13	6.08
^	mm	44	60	72
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	1.73	2.36	2.83
^	mm	42	59	71
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	1.67	2.31	2.79

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

40	mm	●/■	●/■
60	mm	●/■	●/■
1.5	inch	●/■	●/■
2.5	inch	●/■	●/■

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)

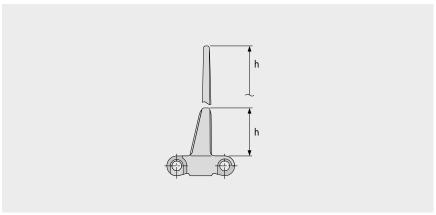


Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8-0 FLT PMU**

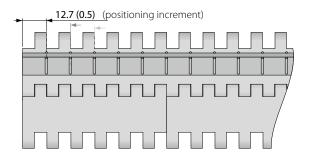
Profiles with reinforced base to handle high loads





#### **Basic data**

			Height (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	25.4 mm 1 inch	76 mm 3 inch			
	POM	BL	•	•			
	POM-CR	AT	•	•			
S8-0 FLT PMU		BL	•	•			
	PP	LG	•	•			
		WT	•	•			





All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

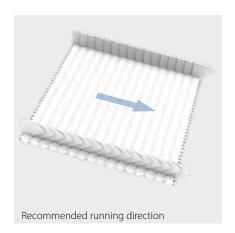


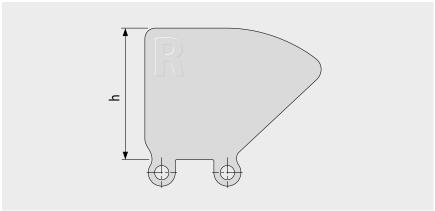
## SERIES 8 | **SIDE GUARDS**

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S8 SG** | Side guards

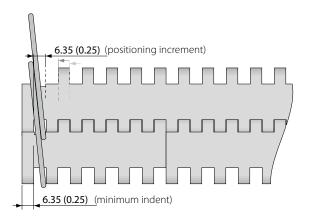
For retention of bulk products (for S8-0 FLT only)

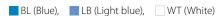




#### **Basic data**

			Heig	ht (h)	
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch
DE	LB	•	•	•	•
PE	WT	•	•	•	•
PE-MD	BL	•	•		
DD	LB	•	•	•	•
PP	WT	•	•	•	•





All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



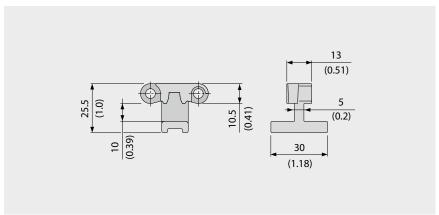
## SERIES 8 | HOLD DOWN TABS siegling prolink modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8 HDT** | Hold Down Tabs

Used on wider belts to prevent lift an swan neck conveyors | To improve strength, stability and cleanability they are moulded on a narrow module



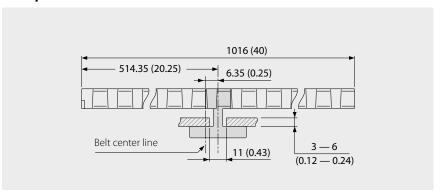


#### **Basic data**

#### Material Color POM BL

Using Hold Down Tabs results in constrains with regards to sprocket and shaft size to ensure sufficient clearance to the shaft.

#### **Example**



#### **Sprocket options using HDT**

Sprocket size	Maximum	bore round	Maximum I	bore square
(Number of teeth)	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]
Z11	40	1.5	30	1.25
Z12	45	1.75	35	1.5
Z15	70	2.75	55	2.0
Z18	95	3.5	70	2.75
Z19	100	3.75	75	3.0

BL (Blue)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



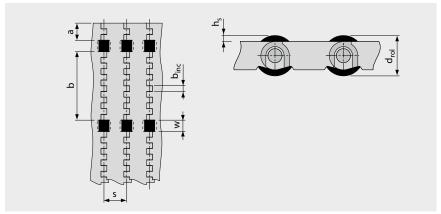
### SERIES 8 | PRR

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S8 PRR** | Pin Retained Rollers

For applications where low back pressure accumulation or product separation is required





- For low back pressure wearstrips are to be positioned between the rollers
- For product separation the wearstrips are to be positioned below the rollers
- For all materials and surfaces
- Rollers available in POM BK

#### **Dimensions**

W	12.7 (0.5)	Roller cut out width (roller width 12 mm (0.47 in))
hs	2.25 (0.9)	Height of rollers above surface
$d_{rol}$	15 (0.59)	Roller diameter
a	19.1 (0.8)	Minimum indent
b	76.2 (3.0)	Standard distance between rollers across belt width
$b_{lnc}$	6.35 (0.25)	Roller distance increment
S	25.4 (1.0)	Standard roller spacing in travel direction (every pitch)
n <sub>rol</sub>		Number of rollers across belt width
$W_B$		Belt width

#### Allowable belt pull

To determine admissible belt pull calculate effective belt width W<sub>B,ef</sub> by  $W_{B,ef} = W_B - (w \times n_{rol})$ 

Example: 
$$W_B = 228.6 \text{ mm } (9.0 \text{ in}); A = 12.7 \text{ mm } (0.5 \text{ in}); I = 3$$
  
 $W_{B,ef} = 228.6 - (3 \times 12.7) = 190.5 \text{ mm}$ 

$$W_{B,ef} = 9.0 - (3 \times 0.5) = 7.5 \text{ in}$$

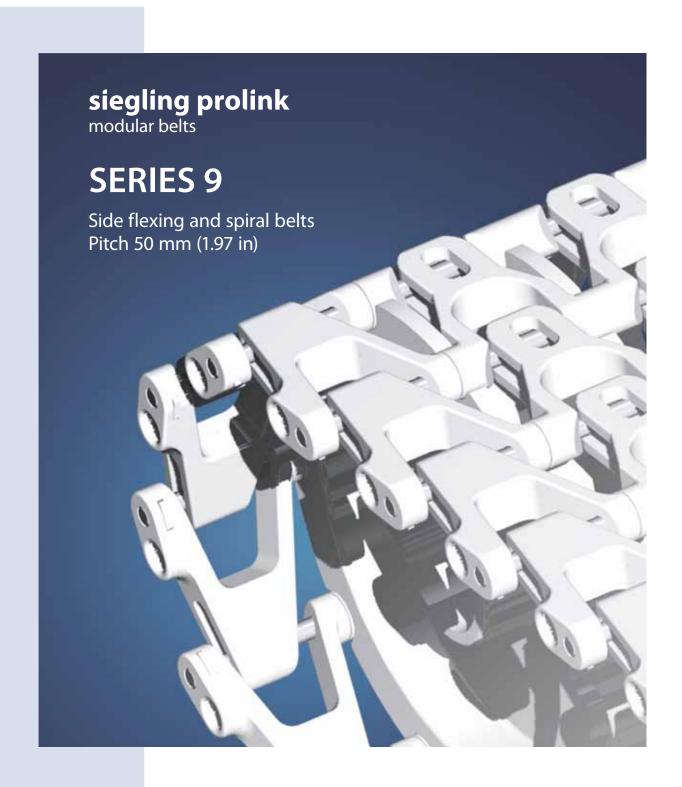
Note sprocket must not be placed inline with rollers.

Coefficient of friction between belt and conveyed product in accumulation mode  $\mu_{acc}$  = 0.04, l.e. the accumulation pressure is approx. 4% of the weight of the backed up product.

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



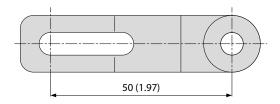
### 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION



Side flexing and spiral belts | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

#### Belts for medium to heavy-duty food and non-food applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



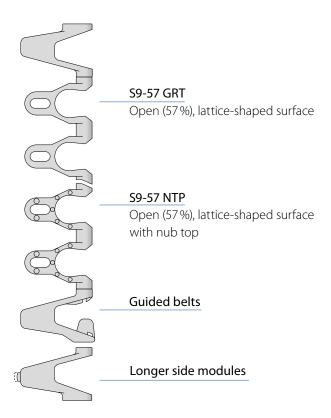
#### **Design characteristics**

- Suitable for both straight and radius conveying
- 57 % open area for excellent air circulation and drainage
- Stainless steel hinge pins for high load capacity, lateral stiffness, less belt supports and minimum belt lifting in curves
- No potential belt edge catch points due to safe fixing of hinge pin

#### **Basic data**

Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in) Belt width min. 100 mm (3.9 in) Width increments 50 mm (1.97 in) Hinge pins Stainless steel

#### Available surface pattern and opening area



#### Attention:

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

#### **Sprockets**

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



#### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



#### Side guards

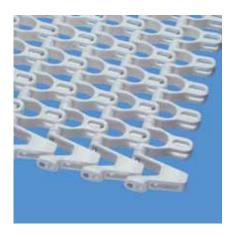
in different heights for retention of bulk products

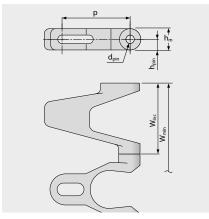


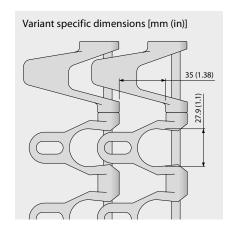
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

#### **S9-57 GRT** | 57 % Opening | Grid top

Open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice-shaped surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minin	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	15.0	7.5	0.0	100.0	50.0	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.59	0.3	0.0	3.94	1.97	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Nominal cur	belt pull, ve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	SS		12	822	NR	NR	9.5	1.95	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.3	1.9	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LG	SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.3	1.9	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	UC	SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.5	2.36	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	LG	SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.5	2.36	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	DB	SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.5	2.36	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PA	BL	SS		24	1645	2240	504	11.3	2.31	0.0	-40/120	-40/248	•	•

NR = not recommended

#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

■ DB (Dark blue), ■ LG (Light gray), □ WT (White), □ UC (Uncolored)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

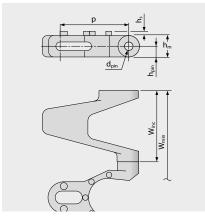


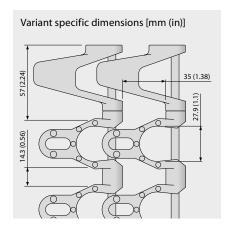
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

#### **S9-57 NTP** | 57 % Opening | Nub top (round studs)

Open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice-shaped surface with 3.0 mm (0.12 in) high round studs 4% contact area | Nub top surface for increased grip and reduced contact area for good release







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	15.0	7.5	3.0	150.0	50.0	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.59	0.3	0.12	5.91	1.97	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal stra		Nominal cu	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	LG	SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.4	1.93	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to order belts														
PE		SS		12	822	NR	NR	9.7	1.99	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	-	-
POM-CR		SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.7	2.4	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	-	-

NR = not recommended

#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

#### LG (Light gray)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 2) Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- <sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

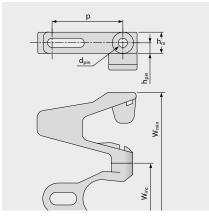


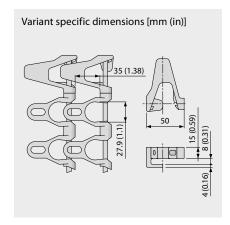
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S9-57 GRT G** | 57 % Opening | Grid top · guided

Open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice-shaped surface | Guided version (G) allows utilisation of the entire belt width







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minin	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	15.0	7.5	0.0	100.0	50.0	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.59	0.3	0.0	3.94	1.97	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai		Nominal cu	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	LG	SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.3	1.9	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	UC	SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.5	2.36	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to order belts														
PE		SS		12	822	NR	NR	9.5	1.95	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	-	-

NR = not recommended

#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

■ LG (Light gray), UC (Uncolored)

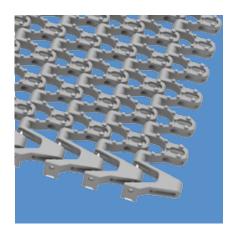
- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

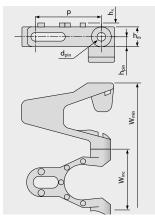


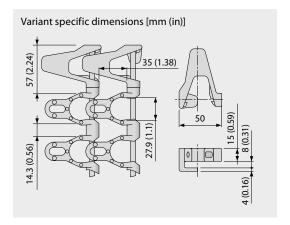
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

#### **S9-57 NTP G** | 57 % Opening | Nub top (round studs) · guided

Open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | With round studs for increased grip (4% contact area) | Guided version (G) allows utilisation of the entire belt width







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	$h_{pin}$	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	50.0	6.0	15.0	7.5	3.0	150.0	50.0	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
inch	1.97	0.24	0.59	0.3	0.12	5.91	1.97	±0.3	$1.8 \times W_B$	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	'n	Nominal strai		Nominal cur	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	LG	SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.4	1.93	0.0	5/100	41/212	•	•
Made to order belts														
PE		SS		12	822	NR	NR	9.7	1.99	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	-	-
POM-CR		SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.7	2.40	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	-	-

NR = not recommended

#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

#### LG (Light gray)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 2) Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- <sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

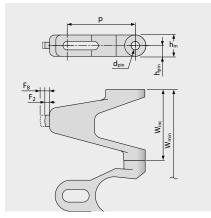


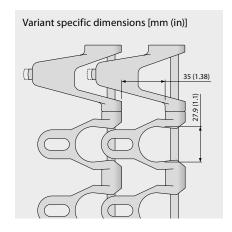
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S9-57 GRT F2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F7, F8** | 57 % Opening

Open area (57%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Special edge modules with noses (F2 – F8) of varying size ensure smooth belt operation when the system turn radius is greater than the minimum belt turn radius







#### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
		Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
	mm	50.0	6.0	15.0	7.5	0.0	100.0	50.0	±0.3	$C_C \times W_B$	50.0	100.0	150.0	50.0
i	inch	1.97	0.24	0.59	0.3	0.0	3.94	1.97	±0.3	$C_{C}xW_{B}$	1.97	3.94	5.91	1.97

#### C<sub>C</sub> see table below

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Nominal belt pull, straight		Nominal belt pull, curve		Weight		Width deviation			Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM-CR	UC	SS		30	2056	2800	629	11.5	2.36	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to d	order belt	S												
PE		SS		12	822	NR	NR	9.5	1.95	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	-	-
PP		SS		22	1507	1600	360	9.3	1.9	0.0	5/100	41/212	-	-

#### **Module variants**

Module	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	For further information see chapter 3.3
C <sub>C</sub>	2.12	2.40	2.65	3.0	3.68	4.58	5.50	(paragraph spiral conveyors)

#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

UC (Uncolored)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

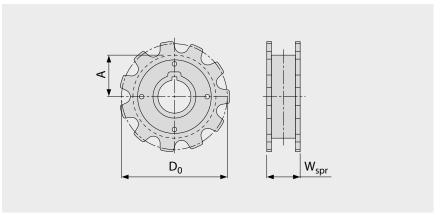


## SERIES 9 | SPROCKETS

Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S9 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z11
۱۸/	mm	49
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.93
_	mm	177
$D_0$	inch	6.99
^	mm	81
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	3.20
Δ.	mm	78
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	3.07

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

40	mm	●/■
1.5	inch	

Material: POM, Color: UC

UC (Uncolored)



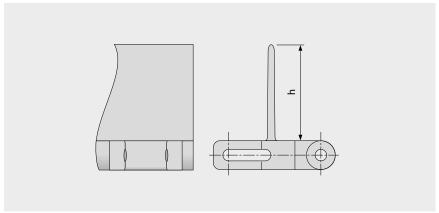
## SERIES 9 | PROFILES

Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

#### S9-57 GRT PMC

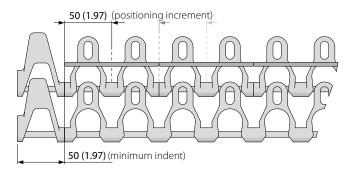
For retention of bulk products





#### **Basic data**

			Height (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch			
CO ET COT DMC	POM	UC	•	•			
S9-57 GRT PMC	PP	WT	•	•			



#### Attention!

Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

UC (Uncolored), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

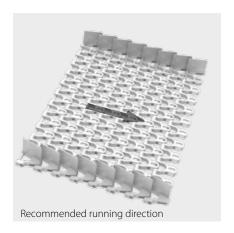


## SERIES 9 | SIDE GUARDS

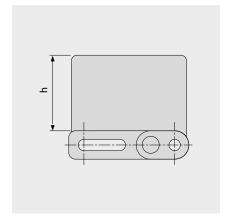
Side flexing and spiral belt | Pitch 50 mm (1.97 in)

### **S9 SG** | Side guards

For retention of bulk products

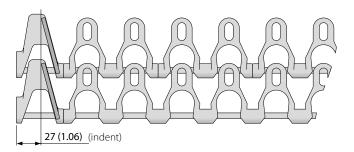






#### **Basic data**

		Heig	ht (h)
Material	Color	25 mm	50 mm
		1 inch	2 inch
POM-CR	UC	•	•



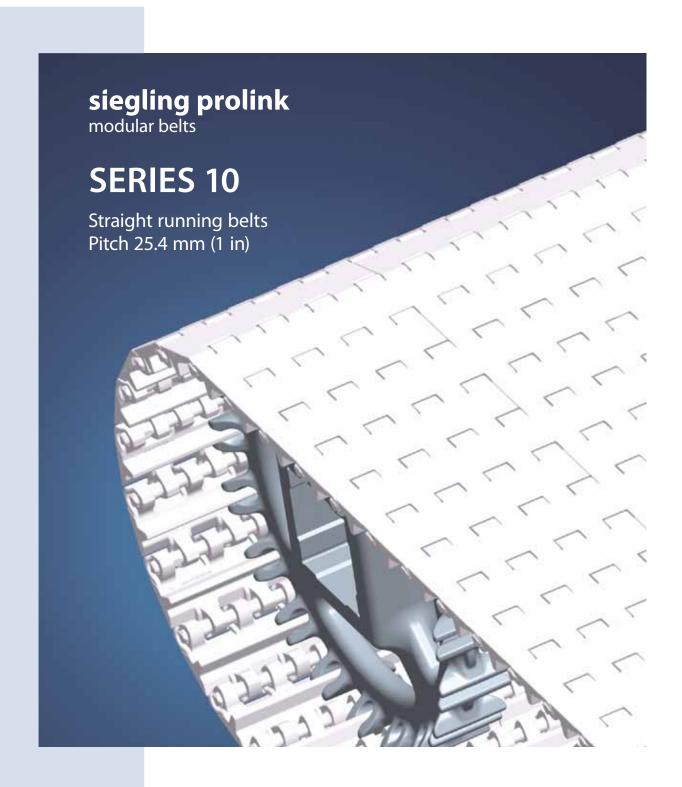
Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

UC (Uncolored)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



### 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

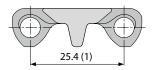


### SERIES 10 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### Belts for light to medium-duty hygiene-critical applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Small number of eyelets ensures easy cleaning
- Hinges that open wide, combined with smooth, flat channels on the underside and a continuous drive bar produce an easy-to-clean design
- Robust design guarantees superior durability
- Optimal design of sprocket teeth and tracking fins provides superior sprocket engagement, safe belt tracking and an easy-to-clean sprocket

#### **Basic data**

Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in) Belt width min. 38.1 mm (1.5 in) Width increments 19.05 mm (0.75 in)

Hinge pins 5 mm (0.2 in) made of plastic

(PE, PP, PBT)

NSF-compliant from the Huntersville plant (US)

#### **Sprockets**

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore



#### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



#### Side guards

in different heights for retention of bulk products



#### **Hold Down Tabs**

Hold Down Tabs for additional guiding



#### Available surface pattern and opening area

# 000 000 000 200

#### S10-0 FLT

Closed, smooth surface

#### S10-0 NTP

Closed surface with round studs

#### S10-22 FLT

Open (22%), smooth surface

#### S10-36 LRB

Open (36%) surface and lateral ribbing

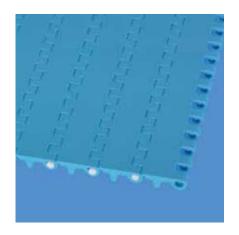
#### S10-36 FLT

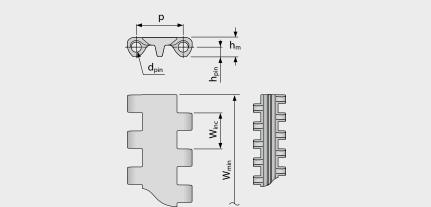
Open (36%), smooth surface

Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### S10-0 FLT | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex radii¹)		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.2	5.1	0.0	38.1	19.1	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.75	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	6	411	5.4	1.11	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	WT	6	411	5.4	1.11	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	6	411	5.9	1.21	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	8	548	5.1	1.04	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	WT	8	548	5.1	1.04	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP-MD	BL	PP-MD	BL	8	548	5.3	1.09	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	20	1370	8.0	1.64	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	UC	20	1370	8.0	1.64	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	20	1370	8.3	1.7	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to ord	der belts											
TPC1		PBT	UC	6	411	7.1	1.45	-0.13	-25/80	-13/176	_	_





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

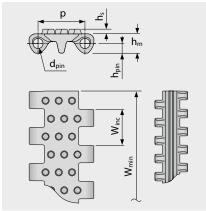
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

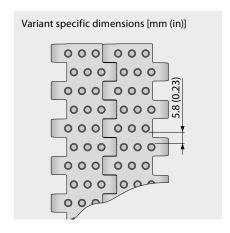
Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S10-0 NTP** | 0% Opening | Nub top (round studs)

Closed surface with round studs 5 % contact area | Version available without round studs at the side (38 mm indent)





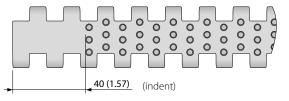


#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.2	5.1	2.5	38.1	19.1	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.5	0.75	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	6	411	5.5	1.13	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	8	548	5.2	1.07	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	20	1370	8.2	1.68	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	UC	20	1370	8.2	1.68	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP-MD	BL	PP-MD	BL	8	548	5.4	1.11	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	6	411	6.0	1.23	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•



Also available with molded indent 40 mm (1.57 in).

■ LB (Light blue), □ UC (Uncolored), □ WT (White)

- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- <sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

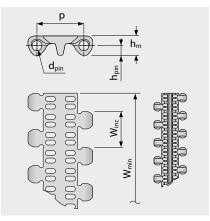


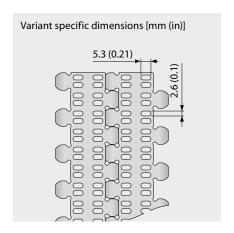
Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **\$10-22 FLT** | 22 % Opening | Flat top

Open area (22 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Smooth surface 55 % contact area (Largest opening: 2.6 x 5.3 mm/0.10 x 0.21 in)







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	k radii¹)		
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	
mm	25.4	5.0	10.2	5.1	0.0	38.1	19.1	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4	
inch	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.75	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	

#### Available standard materials4)

Be	elt	Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	3	206	4.7	0.96	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	WT	3	206	4.7	0.96	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	5	343	4.3	0.88	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	WT	5	343	4.3	0.88	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	11	754	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	UC	11	754	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
PE-MD	BL	POM-MD	BL	3	206	5.1	1.04	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•





<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

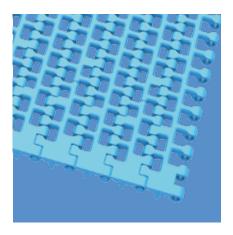
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

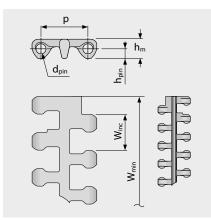
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

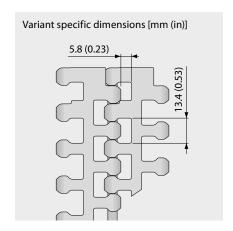
Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **\$10-36 FLT** | 36% Opening | Flat top

Open area (36%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Smooth surface 26% contact area (Largest opening: 5.8 x 13.4 mm/0.23 x 0.53 in)







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{\text{min}}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radi			radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.2	5.1	0.0	38.1	19.1	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.75	±0.2	-	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	4	274	4.3	0.88	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	WT	4	274	4.3	0.88	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	6	411	4.0	0.82	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	WT	6	411	4.0	0.82	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP-MD	BL	PP-MD	BL	6	411	4.4	0.9	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	13	891	6.2	1.27	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	UC	13	891	6.2	1.27	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PA	BL	PBT	UC	13	891	6.0	1.23	0.74	-40/120	-40/248	•	•
Made to or	der belts											
POM-MD	RI	POM-MD	RI	13	891	66	1 35	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

Attention! Due to the very large surface openings, personnel must be instructed not to place their fingers in or on this belt.

■ BL (Blue), ■ LB (Light blue), □ UC (Uncolored), □ WT (White)

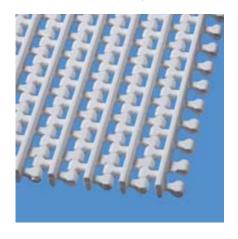
- 1) Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller
- 3) Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds
- 4) More materials and colors on request

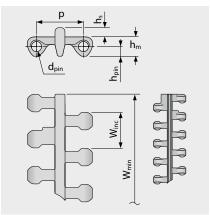


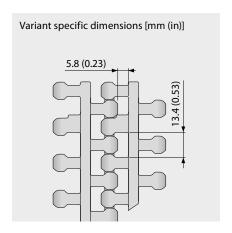
Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### S10-36 LRB | 36% Opening | Lateral rib

Open area (36%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lateral ribbing 5% contact area\* (Largest opening: 5.8 x 13.4 mm/ 0.23 x 0.53 in) | open area lateral rib version for small inclines and gentle conveying of delicate products







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$	Minimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	25.4	5.0	10.2	5.1	4.9	38.1	19.1	±0.2	-	25.4	50.8	76.2	25.4
inch	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.19	1.5	0.75	±0.2	_	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0

#### Available standard materials4)

Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Weight		Width deviation	Tomporaturo		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PE	WT	PE	WT	4	274	5.8	1.19	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	LB	PE	WT	4	274	5.8	1.19	0.0	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	6	411	4.9	1.0	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	LB	PP	WT	6	411	4.9	1.0	0.26	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	13	891	7.6	1.56	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	LB	PBT	UC	13	891	7.6	1.56	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

■ LB (Light blue), ■ UC (Uncolored), ■ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

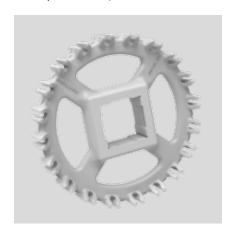
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

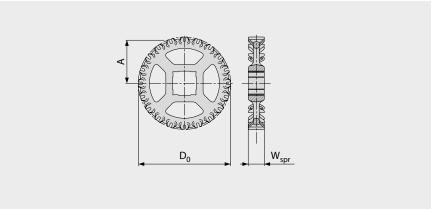
## SERIES 10 | SPROCKETS

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### S10 SPR | Sprockets

Optimal design of sprocket teeth and tracking fins provides superior sprocket engagement, safe belt tracking and an easy-to-clean sprocket





#### **Main dimensions**

•	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z8	Z10	Z12	Z15	Z16	Z18	Z20
\A/	mm	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
$W_{spr}$	inch	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
	mm	51	66	82	98	122	130	146	162
$D_0$	inch	2.00	2.61	3.24	3.86	4.81	5.13	5.76	6.39
^	mm	20	28	36	44	56	60	68	76
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.80	1.11	1.42	1.73	2.20	2.36	2.68	3.00
, mm		18	26	34	42	55	59	67	75
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.69	1.02	1.35	1.67	2.16	2.32	2.64	2.96

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm	•	●/■						
30	mm			•	•	•	•	•	•
40	mm			●/■	●/■	●/■		-	●/■
60	mm								-
1	inch	•	●/■	●/■	•	•	•	•	•
1.25	inch			•	•	•	•	•	•
1.44	inch				•	•			•
1.5	inch								•
2.5	inch								-

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)

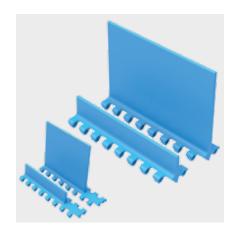


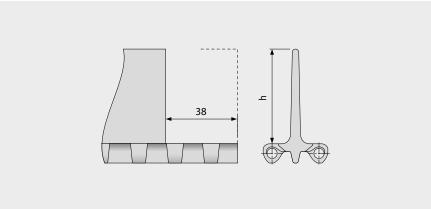
## SERIES 10 | PROFILES

Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **S10-0 FLT PMU/S10-0 FLT PMU I38**

Flat top surface for dry products

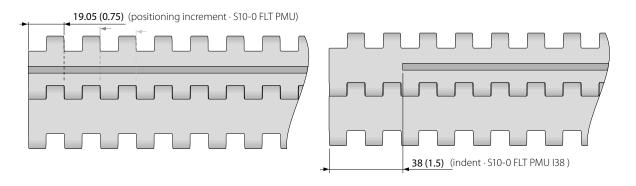




#### **Basic data**

			Heigl	nt (h)
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	100 mm 4 inch
	PE POM	LB	●/▲	●/▲
		WT	●/▲	●/▲
C10 0 FLT		LB	●/▲	●/▲
S10-0 FLT		WT	●/▲	●/▲
	DD	LB	●/▲	●/▲
	PP	WT	●/▲	●/▲

= no indent, ▲ = with indent 38 mm





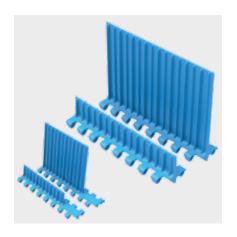
All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

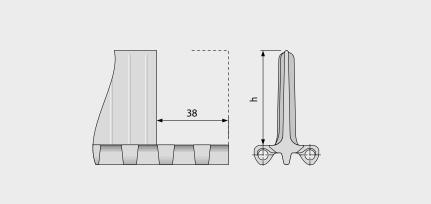


Straight running belts | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

#### **\$10-0 NCL PMU/\$10-0 NCL PMU I38**

No cling surface to improve release of wet and sticky products

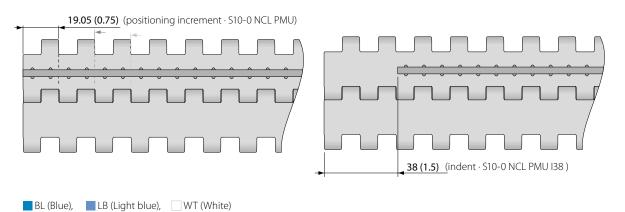




#### **Basic data**

			Heigl	nt (h)				
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	100 mm 4 inch				
	DE	LB	LB ●/▲					
	PE	WT	●/▲	●/▲				
	PE-MD	BL	●/▲	•				
C10 0 N/CI		LB	●/▲	●/▲				
S10-0 NCL	POM	WT	●/▲	●/▲				
	POM-MD	BL	●/▲	●/▲				
	20	LB	●/▲	●/▲				
	PP	WT	●/▲	●/▲				

● = no indent, ▲ = with indent 38 mm



All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



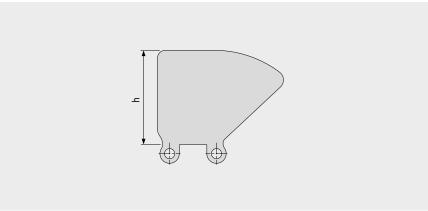
## SERIES 10 | **SIDE GUARDS**

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S10 SG** | Side guards

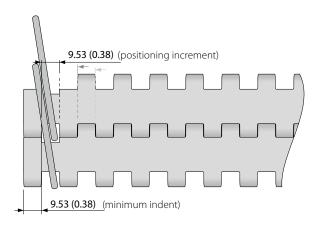
For retention of bulk products





#### **Basic data**

			Height (h)									
Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	75 mm 3 inch	100 mm 4 inch							
DE	LB	•	•	•	•							
PE	WT	•	•	•	•							
PE-MD	BL	•	•									
DD	LB	•	•	•	•							
PP	WT	•	•	•	•							





All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



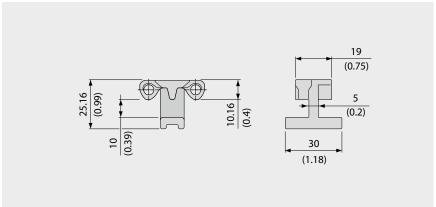
# SERIES 10 | HOLD DOWN TABS siegling prolink modular belts

Straight running belt | Pitch 25.4 mm (1 in)

### **S10 HDT** | Hold Down Tabs

Used on wider belts to prevent lift an swan neck conveyors | To improve strength, stability and cleanability they are moulded on a narrow module



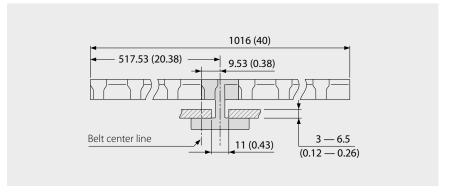


#### **Basic data**

Material	Color
POM	LB
POM	WT

Using Hold Down Tabs results in constrains with regards to sprocket and shaft size to ensure sufficient clearance to the shaft.

#### **Example**



#### **Sprocket options using HDT**

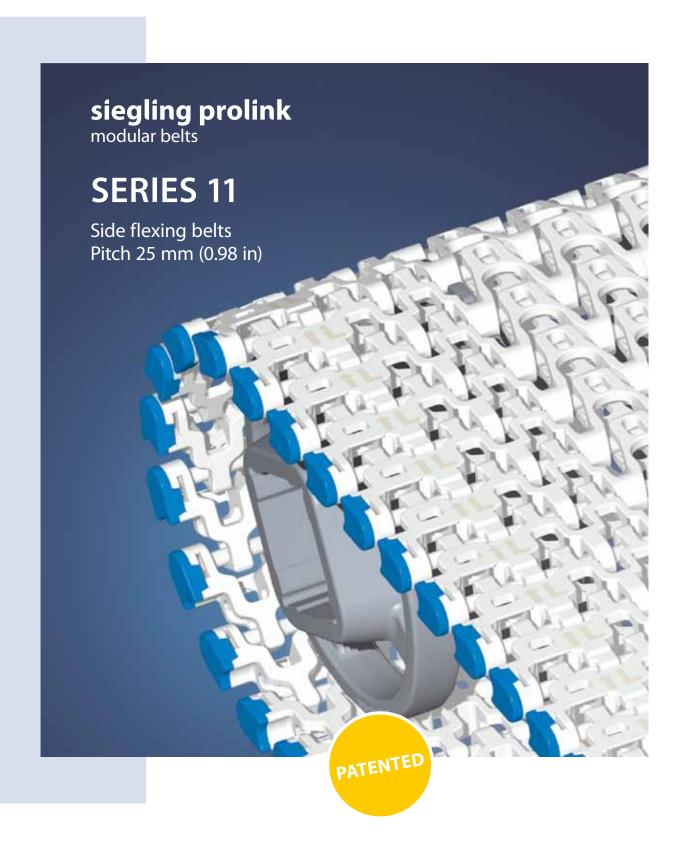
Sprocket size	Maximum	bore round	Maximum bore square			
(Number of teeth)	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]		
Z6	NR	NR	NR	NR		
Z8	15	0.75	15	0.5		
Z10	35	1.25	25	1.0		
Z12	50	1.75	35	1.5		
Z15	70	2.75	55	2.0		
Z16	80	3.0	60	2.25		
Z18	95	3.5	70	2.75		
Z20	110	4.25	85	3.25		

LB (Light blue), WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

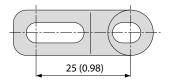


## SERIES 11 | OVERVIEW

Side flexing belts I Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### Belts for light-duty food and non-food applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- 45 % open area provides excellent cooling and draining capabilities
- All plastic lightweight belts (plastic pins)
- Tight radius belt with minimum curve radius of 1.4 x belt width
- Outermost hinge is fixed to the pin to prevent deflection and elimination of potential belt edge catch points
- Suitable for both straight and radius conveying
- Ideal transmission of force due to sprockets offset inwards. Idlers support the belt on the outside

#### **Basic data**

Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in) Belt width min. 175 mm (6.9 in) Belt width max. 1000 mm (39.37 in) Width increments 25 mm (0.98 in)

Hinge pins 5 mm (0.2 in) made of PBT.

Alternative pin material on request

#### Available surface pattern and opening area



#### S11-45 GRT

Open (45%), lattice-shaped surface with replaceable caps



#### S11-45 GRT HD

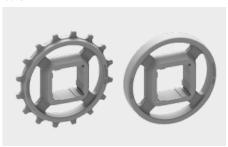
Open (45%), lattice-shaped surface with replaceable Hold Down caps

#### S11-33 FRT2

Open (33% for full FRT2 surface area), surface with friction top, flat

#### Sprockets/Idlers

in different sizes with round or square sprocket hore



#### **Profiles**

in different heights and designs for inclines



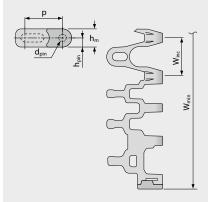
## SERIES 11 | BELT TYPES

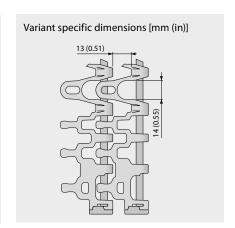
Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S11-45 GRT** | 45 % Opening | Grid top

Open area (45 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice-shaped surface with robust, replaceable caps on the belt edges







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	Ninimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5		
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$1.4 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0		
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	6.89	0.98	±0.3	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98		

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Nominal cui	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	PBT	UC	9	617	600	135	4.7	0.96	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PBT	BL	9	617	600	135	4.7	0.96	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	WT	PBT	UC	15	1028	1000	225	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	BL	PBT	BL	15	1028	1000	225	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PA	BL	PBT	BL	15	1028	1000	225	5.7	1.17	0.6	-40/120	-40/248	•	•

BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

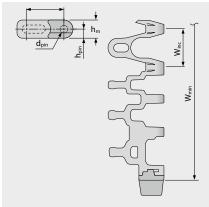
## SERIES 11 | **BELT TYPES**

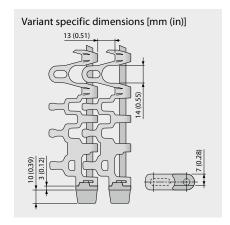
Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S11-45 GRT HD** | 45 % Opening | Grid top · Hold Down

Open area (45 %) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Lattice-shaped surface with replaceable Hold Down caps







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	d <sub>pin</sub>	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	Ninimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>				
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5		
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	175.0	25.0	±0.3	$1.4 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0		
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.0	6.89	0.98	±0.3	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98		

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Nominal cu	belt pull, rve	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Temperature		Certificates	
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	PBT	UC	9	617	600	135	4.7	0.96	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PBT	BL	9	617	600	135	4.7	0.96	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
POM-CR	WT	PBT	UC	15	1028	1000	225	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM-CR	BL	PBT	BL	15	1028	1000	225	6.7	1.37	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PA	BL	PBT	BL	15	1028	1000	225	5.7	1.17	0.6	-40/120	-40/248	•	•

BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

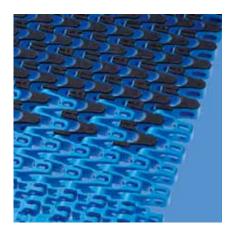
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

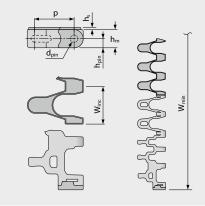
## SERIES 11 | **BELT TYPES**

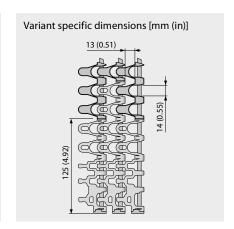
Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S11-33 FRT2 | 33 % Opening | Friction top (Design 2)

Open area (33 %) for full FRT2 surface area) | Lattice-shaped surface with friction top, flat integrated friction pads in flat (FRT2) version for better grip. Minimum indent FRT2: 125 mm (5 in)/175 mm (7 in)







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	Ninimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	
mm	25.0	5.0	12.0	6.0	1.5	500.0	25.0	±0.3	$1.4 \times W_B$	25.0	50.0	75.0	25.0	
inch	0.98	0.2	0.47	0.24	0.06	19.69	0.98	±0.3	-	0.98	1.97	2.95	0.98	

 $W_B = Belt width$ 

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	n	Rub	ber	Nomin pull, st			nal belt curve	Wei	ght	Width devia-	Tempe	erature	Certif	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	[lb]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	tion [%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
PP	WT	PBT	UC	R7	BG	9	617	600	135	6.1	1.25	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PBT	BL	R7	BG	9	617	600	135	6.1	1.25	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	BL	PBT	BL	R7	BG	9	617	600	135	6.1	1.25	0.2	5/100	41/212	•	•

BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

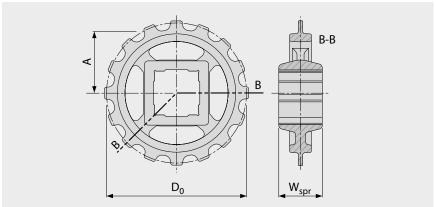
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### **S11 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z6	Z9	Z11	Z12	Z16	Z18	Z20
<b>\</b> \\	mm	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
_	mm	50	73	89	97	128	144	160
$D_0$	inch	1.97	2.88	3.49	3.80	5.05	5.67	6.29
^	mm	19	31	38	42	58	66	74
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.75	1.20	1.51	1.67	2.29	2.60	2.91
^	mm	16	29	37	41	57	65	73
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.65	1.13	1.45	1.61	2.24	2.56	2.87

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
30	mm		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
40	mm				●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■
0.75	inch	•						
1	inch		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
1.25	inch		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
1.5	inch		-	•	●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)

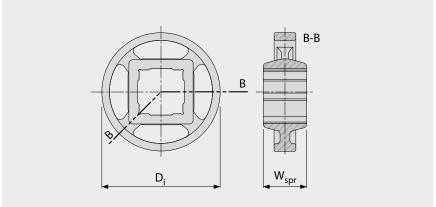


Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

### S11 IDL | Idler

For side support and return roller without tooth engagement





#### **Main dimensions**

	ket size of teeth)	Z6	Z9	Z11	Z12	Z16	Z18	Z20
14/	mm	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
	mm	32	56	72	80	112	128	144
D <sub>i</sub>	inch	1.25	2.21	2.84	3.16	4.42	5.05	5.67

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

25	mm		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
30	mm		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
40	mm			-	●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■
0.75	inch	•						
1	inch		●/■	•	●/■	•	•	•
1.25	inch		●/■	•	•	•	•	•
1.5	inch			•	●/■	●/■	●/■	●/■

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)

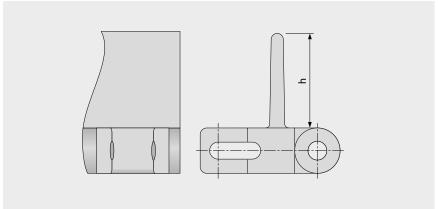


Side flexing belts | Pitch 25 mm (0.98 in)

#### S11-45 PMC

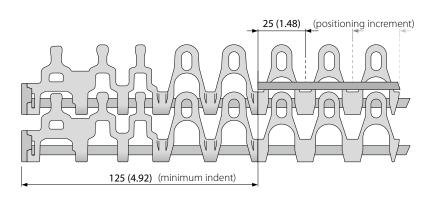
For retention of bulk products





#### **Basic data**

			Heigh	nt (h)	
Туре	Material	Color	25 mm 1 inch	50 mm 2 inch	
	PE	WT	•	•	
		BL	•	•	
	POM	DOM	DB	•	•
S11-45 GRT		UC	•	•	
		WT	•	•	
	DD	DB	•	•	
	PP	WT	•	•	

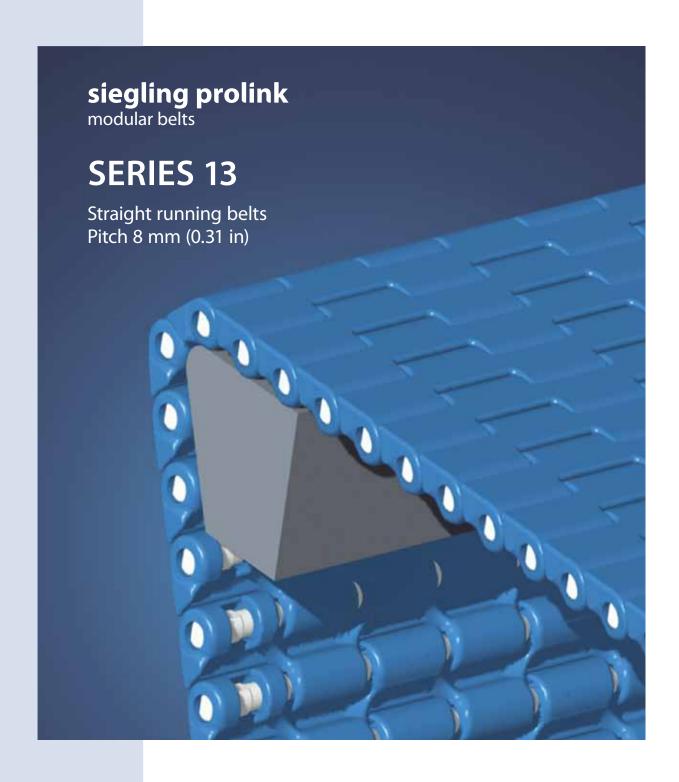


■ BL (Blue), ■ DB (Dark blue), □ UC (Uncolored), □ WT (White)

All measurements and tolerances apply at 21 °C; for temperature deviations please see Prolink manual chapter 4.4 "Temperature influence". All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION



## SERIES 13 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in)

### Belts for light to medium-duty food and non-food nose bar applications

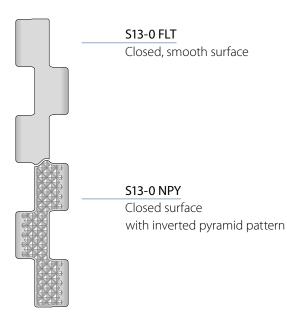
#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Micro pitch belt with small transfer gaps
- Designed to run over nosebars/knife edges or rollers with a radius down to 3 mm (0.12 in) allowing, precise transfer of even the smallest products
- Versatile for conveying, drying and cooling applications
- Optimal design of sprocket teeth, and belt underside provides superior sprocket engagement, safe belt tracking and favorable cleanability
- Belt and sprocket design ensures superior load transmission and belt pull capacity
- Headless pin making it very easy to install and remove the belt for maintenance

#### Available surface pattern and opening area



#### **Basic data**

Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in) Belt width min. 102 mm (4 in) Width increments 25.4 mm (1 in)

Hinge pins 3 mm (0.12 in) made of plastic (PBT)



NSF-compliant from the Huntersville plant (US)

#### Sprockets

In different sizes with round or square sprocket bore

#### Detail hinge pin

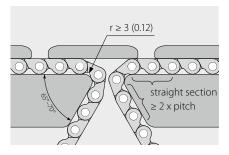
Headless pin with unique shoulder design ensures trouble free installation, maintenance and a secure pin retention

#### Detail nose bar

Narrow transfer gap ensures smooth transfer of small and delicate products







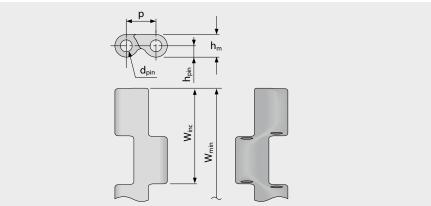
## SERIES 13 | **BELT TYPES**

Straight running belts | Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in)

### S13-0 FLT | 0% Opening | Flat top

Closed, smooth surface | Flat top surface





#### **Belt dimensions**

		р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	W <sub>inc</sub>	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
		Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
1	mm	8.0	3.0	6.0	3.0	0.0	101.6	25.4	±0.2	-	3.0	16.0	24.0	8.0
i	inch	0.31	0.12	0.24	0.12	0.0	4.02	1.0	±0.2	-	0.12	0.63	0.94	0.31

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	lt	Pi	n	Nominal strai	•	Wei	ght	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certif	icates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	WT	PBT	UC	4	274	5.9	1.21	0.23	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	BL	PBT	UC	4	274	5.9	1.21	0.23	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
Made to ord	der belts											
PA	LG	PBT	UC	4	274	5.1	1.04	1.38	-40/120	-40/248	•	•
PXX-HC	BK	PBT	UC	2	137	5.2	1.07	0.89	5/100	41/212	-	-

■ BK (Black), ■ BL (Blue), ■ LG (Light gray), □ UC (Uncolored), □ WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

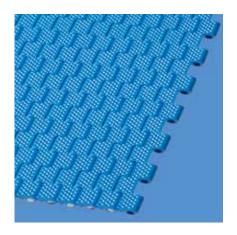
<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

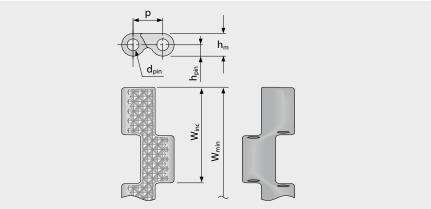
## SERIES 13 | **BELT TYPES**

Straight running belts | Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in)

### **S13-0 NPY** | 0% Opening | Inverted pyramid

Closed surface with inverted pyramid pattern | Provides superb release characteristics when conveying wet or sticky products





#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$		Minim	num flex	radii <sup>1)</sup>	
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5
mm	8.0	3.0	6.0	3.0	0.0	101.6	25.4	±0.2	-	3.0	16.0	24.0	8.0
inch	0.31	0.12	0.24	0.12	0.0	4.02	1.0	±0.2	-	0.12	0.63	0.94	0.31

#### Available standard materials4)

Ве	elt	Pi	in		belt pull, ight	Wei	ight	Width deviation	Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	UC	4	274	5.9	1.21	0.23	-45/90	-49/194	•	•

BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

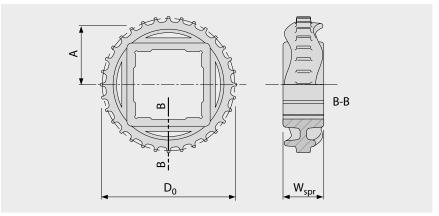
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belts | Pitch 8 mm (0.31 in)

### **S13 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

Sprock (Number	et size of teeth)	Z15	Z24	Z32	Z48
<b>\</b> \/	mm	25	25	25	25
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
	mm	38	61	82	122
$D_0$	inch	1.51	2.41	3.21	4.82
^	mm	16	28	38	58
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.64	1.09	1.49	2.29
۸	mm	16	27	38	58
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.63	1.08	1.48	2.28

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

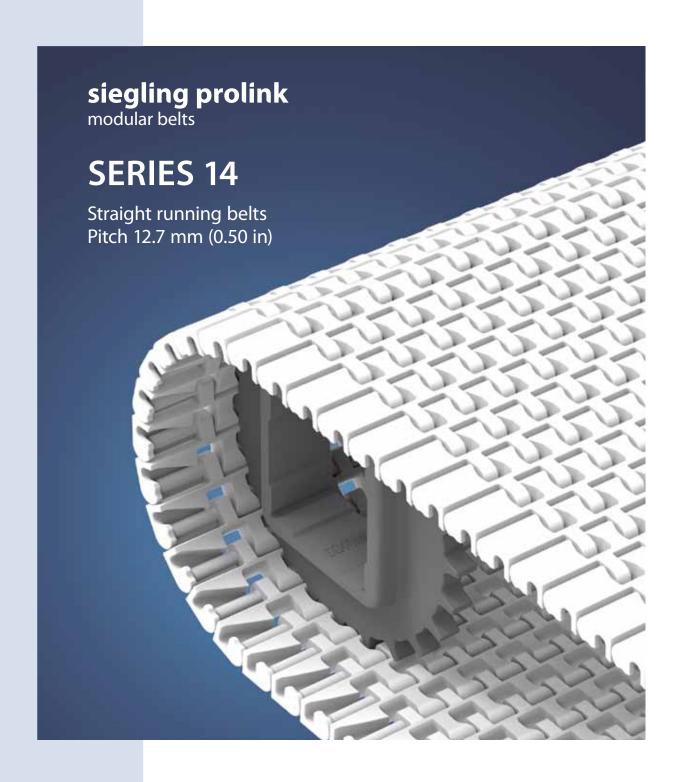
20	mm	●/■			
25	mm		•		
40	mm			•	
0.75	inch	•			
0.75		•			
1	inch		•		
1.5	inch				

Material: PA, Color: LG

LG (Light gray)



## 1.2 DETAILED SERIES INFORMATION

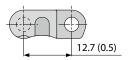


## SERIES 14 | OVERVIEW

Straight running belts | Pitch 12.7 mm (0.50 in)

### Belts for medium-duty food and non-food applications

#### Side view scale 1:1



#### **Design characteristics**

- Mini pitch belt with small transfer gap
- Robust design guarantees superior durability and high belt pull capacity
- Design for smooth run on 19 mm (0.75 in) nose bar
- Headless pin system making it easy to install and remove the belt for maintenance
- Closed, solid belt edge to prevent belt edge damages

#### **Basic data**

Pitch 12.7 mm (0.50 in) Belt width min. 76.2 mm (3.0 in) Width increments 12.7 mm (0.50 in)

Hinge pins 3.4 mm (0.13 in) made of plastic



NSF-compliant from the Huntersville plant (US)

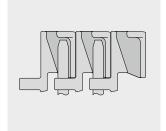
#### Sprockets

in different sizes with round or square sprocket bore

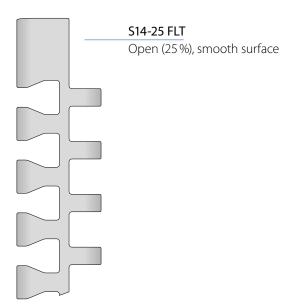


#### Detail hinge pin

Headless one-piece pin with unique retention system ensures trouble free installation and maintenance



#### Available surface pattern and opening area

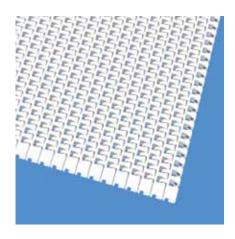


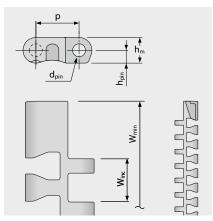
## SERIES 14 | **BELT TYPES**

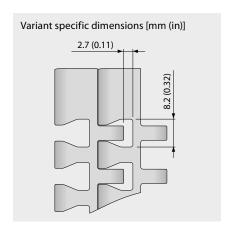
Straight running belt | Pitch 12.7 mm (0.50 in)

### **\$14-25 FLT** | 25 % Opening | Flat top

Open version (25%) for excellent air circulation and drainage | Smooth surface







#### **Belt dimensions**

	р	$d_{pin}$	h <sub>m</sub>	h <sub>pin</sub>	hs	$W_{min}$	$W_{inc}$	$W_{tol}$	Minim		nimum flex radii <sup>1)</sup>			
	Pitch	Pin Ø	Thickness [mm]	Pin position [mm]	Height [mm]	Width min. [mm]	Width Increment [mm]	Width tolerance [%]	r1	r2	r3	r4	r5	
mm	12.7	3.4	7.5	3.8	0.0	76.2	12.7	±0.20	-	9.5	25.4	38.1	12.7	
inch	0.5	0.13	0.3	0.15	0.0	3.0	0.5	±0.20	-	0.38	1.0	1.5	0.5	

#### Available standard materials4)

Belt		Pin		Nominal belt pull, straight		Wei	Weight		Tempe	erature	Certifi	cates
Material	Color	Material	Color	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[°C]	[°F]	FDA <sup>2)</sup>	EU <sup>3)</sup>
POM	BL	PBT	UC	24	1645	6.9	1.41	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
POM	WT	PBT	UC	24	1645	6.9	1.41	0.0	-45/90	-49/194	•	•
PP	BL	PP	WT	9	617	4.9	1.0	0.43	5/100	41/212	•	•
PP	WT	PP	WT	9	617	4.9	1.0	0.43	5/100	41/212	•	•
PE	BL	PE	WT	6.5	445	4.7	0.96	-0.13	-70/65	-94/149	•	•
PE	WT	PE	WT	6.5	445	4.7	0.96	-0.13	-70/65	-94/149	•	•

BL (Blue), UC (Uncolored), WT (White)



<sup>1)</sup> Flex radii: r1 = side flex, r2 = front flex on roller, r3 = back flex on load bearing roller, r4 = back flex on Hold Down shoe, r5 = back flex on roller

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Complies with FDA 21 CFR

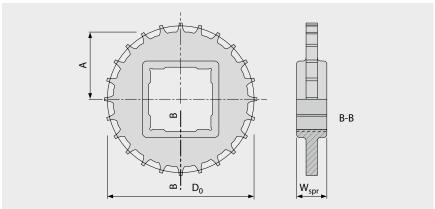
<sup>3)</sup> Complies with (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds

<sup>4)</sup> More materials and colors on request

Straight running belt | Pitch 12.7 mm (0.50 in)

### **S14 SPR** | Sprockets





#### **Main dimensions**

	et size of teeth)	Z12	Z15	Z19	Z24	Z28	Z36
<b>\</b> \/	mm	20	20	20	20	20	20
$W_{spr}$	inch	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79
	mm	49	61	77	97	113	146
$D_0$	inch	1.93	2.40	3.04	3.83	4.47	5.74
^	mm	21	27	35	45	53	69
A <sub>max</sub>	inch	0.82	1.05	1.37	1.77	2.08	2.72
^	mm	20	26	34	44	53	69
A <sub>min</sub>	inch	0.79	1.03	1.35	1.75	2.07	2.71

#### **Shaft bores** ( $\bullet$ = Round, $\blacksquare$ = Square)

20	mm	•				
25	mm		●/■	•	•	
30	mm			•		
40	mm					
60	mm					
0.75	inch	•				
1	inch		●/■	•	•	
1.25	inch			•		
1.44	inch					
1.5	inch					
2.5	inch					

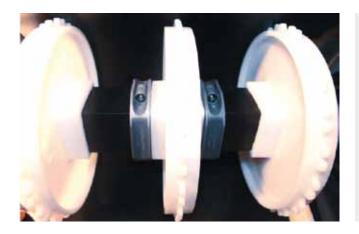
Material: PA, Color: LG

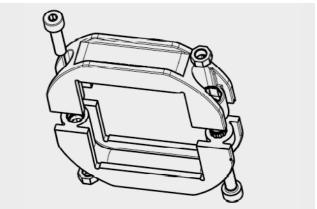
LG (Light gray)

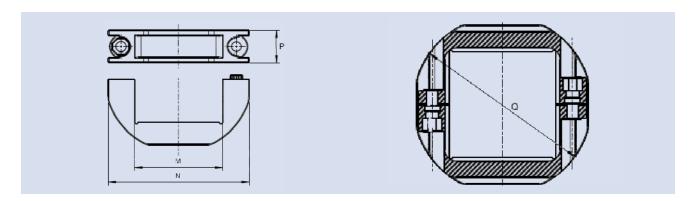


## 1.3 RETAINER RINGS

## RTR | Retainer Rings







Shaft size	Article number	Designation*	Main dimensions** [mm (in)]						
Stiait size	Article number	Designation*	M	N	Р	Q			
SQ 40 mm	98168799	RTR PA LG (SS) SQ40MM	41 (1.6)	65 (2.6)	15 (0.6)	68 (2.7)			
SQ 60 mm	98168899	RTR PA LG (SS) SQ60MM	61 (2.4)	86 (3.4)	15 (0.6)	97 (3.8)			
SQ 1½ in	98168999	RTR PA LG (SS) SQ1.5IN	39 (1.5)	65 (2.6)	15 (0.6)	67 (2.6)			
SQ 2½ in	98169099	RTR PA LG (SS) SQ2.5IN	64 (2.5)	89 (3.5)	15 (0.6)	100 (3.9)			



<sup>\*</sup> SS = stainless steel screw and nut

<sup>\*\*</sup> To verify that a retainer ring is suitable for a specific sprocket check that Q/2 < AThe "A" dimension is the distance from shaft centre to underside of belt. This value can be found under sprocket data in the belt brochures.

## 1.4 APPLICATIONS

## Fruit and vegetable processing

	Cleaning	Draining	Incline/decline	Sorting	Conveying	Deep freezing	Palletizing/ de-palletizing	Container conveying	Sterilising/cooling
S1-0 FLT S1-18 FLT	•	•	•	•	•	•			
S2-0 FLT S2-57 GRT S2-57 RRB S2-0 FRT1	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
S3-0 FLT S3-16 FLT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S4.1-0 FRT1 S4.1-21 NTP		•	•				•		
S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT ST	•	•			•	•			•
S6.1-0 FLT S6.1-21 FLT S6.1-23 FLT S6.1-36 FLT	•	•	•		•	•			•
S8-0 FLT S8-25 RAT S8-0 FRT1			•		•		•	•	
S9-57 GRT S9-57 GRT G	•	•				•			•
S10-0 FLT S10-0 NTP S10-22 FLT S10-36 FLT S10-36 LRB	•	•	•	•	•	•			•
S11-45 GRT S11-45 GRT HD					•				
S13-0 FLT				•	•				
S14-25 FLT	•	•		•	•		•	•	

## Baked goods manufacturing

	Emptying molds	Cleaning tunnels	Spirals	Cooling/freezing	Conveying	Decorating/glazing	Metal detectors	Conveying sheets/molds	Laminating	Packaging
S1-0 FLT S1-18 FLT	•	•						•		•
S2-0 FLT S2-57 GRT S2-57 RRB				•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S3-0 FLT S3-16 FLT	•	•			•	•		•		•
S4.1-0 FLT S4.1-0 NPY S4.1-0 FRT1 S4.1-21 FLT				•	•	•	•		•	•
S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG S5-45 GRT ST	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		
S6.1-0 FLT S6.1-21 FLT S6.1-23 FLT S6.1-36 FLT	•	•		•	•		•			•
S8-0 FLT S8-25 RAT S8-0 FRT1	•				•			•		•
S9-57 GRT G S9-57 GRT G S9-57 GRT F2, F3, F4–F8		•	•	•	•			•		
\$10-0 FLT \$10-0 NTP \$10-22 FLT \$10-36 FLT \$10-36 LRB		•		•	•	•	•			
S11-45 GRT S11-45 GRT HD					•			•		•
S13-0 FLT S13-0 NPY				•	•	•	•		•	
S14-25 FLT				•	•		•	•		•

## 1.4 APPLICATIONS

## Meat and poultry processing

	Cutting/Jointing	Trimming	Cooling/freezing	Conveying	Indine/decline	Metal detectors	Packaging
S2-0 FLT S2-12 FLT S2-0 FRT1				•		•	•
S3-0 FLT S3-16 FLT S3-0 LRB S3-16 LRB			•	•	•	•	•
S4.1-0 FLT S4.1-0 FRT1 S4.1-21 FLT				•	•	•	•
S5-45 GRT S5-45 NTP S5-39 FRT1/S5-33 FRT2 S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG S5-45 GRT ST			•	•	•	•	•
S6.1-0 FLT S6.1-0 NTP S6.1-0 CTP S6.1-21 FLT S6.1-23 FLT	•	•		•	•	•	•
S6.1-36 FLT S8-0 FRT1			•		•		•
S9-57 GRT S9-57 GRT G			•		•	•	
S10-0 FLT S10-0 NTP S10-22 FLT S10-36 FLT S10-36 LRB			•	•	•	•	
S11-45 GRT S11-45 GRT HD S11-33 FRT2				•			•

## Seafood processing

	Incline/decline	Draining	Inspection benches	Conveying	Freezing/ decorating	Metal detectors	Packaging
S1-0 FLT S1-18 FLT	•	•	•	•	•		•
S2-0 FLT S2-12 FLT S2-0 FRT1			•	•			•
S3-0 FLT S3-16 FLT	•	•	•	•	•		•
S4.1-0 FLT S4.1-0 FRT1 S4.1-21 FLT S4.1-21 NTP	•	•			•	•	•
S5-45 GRT S5-45 NTP S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG		•			•	•	•
S5-45 GRT ST S6.1-0 FLT S6.1-0 NTP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S6.1-0 CTP S6.1-21 FLT S6.1-23 FLT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
S6.1-36 FLT S8-0 FRT1		•			•		•
S9-57 GRT G		•					
S10-0 FLT S10-0 NTP S10-22 FLT S10-36 FLT S10-36 LRB	•	•	•	•	•	•	
S11-45 GRT S11-45 GRT HD				•			•

## 1.4 APPLICATIONS

## Automotive/tire manufacturing

	Vehicle conveying	Tire conveying	Skid conveying	Worker belts
S1-0 FLT S1-18 FLT S1-0 NSK S1-0 FRT1	•	•		•
S4.1-0 FLT				•
S5-45 GRT S5-45 NTP S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG S5-45 GRT ST		•		
S6.1-0 CTP		•		
\$7-0 FLT \$7-0 \$R\$ \$7-6 FLT \$7-0 NSK \$7-6 NSK \$7-0 FRT1	•	•	•	•
S8-0 FLT S8-0 SRS S8-0 NSK S8-25 RAT S8-0 RTP A90	•	•		•
S9-57 GRT S9-57 NTP S9-57 GRT G		•		

## Logistics

	General logistics	Parcel sorting	Airports
S1-0 FLT			•
S1-0 NSK	•		
S2-0 FLT			•
S4.1-0 FRT1	•	•	•
S5-45 GRT	•	•	
S5-39 FRT1/S5-33 FRT2	_	•	
S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG	•	•	
S5-45 GRT ST	•	•	
S6.1-0 CTP		•	
S8-0 FLT	•	•	•
S8-0 FRT1	•	•	•
S8-0 RTP A90	•	•	
S9-57 GRT	•	•	
S9-57 GRT G	•	•	
S11-45 GRT	•	•	
S11-45 GRT HD	•	•	
S11-33 FRT2		•	

## Other applications

	Textile industry	Glass industry	Deep freezing/ freezing towers	Dairy products	Conveying people	Ski lift/access belts	Unit goods	Palette conveyors	Paper	Corrugated cardboard
S1-0 FLT S1-18 FLT S1-0 NSK S1-0 FRT1				•	•	•	•		•	
S2-0 FLT S2-12 FLT S2-57 GRT S2-57 RRB S2-0 FRT1	•	•		•			•		•	
S3-0 FLT S3-16 FLT S4.1-0 FLT	•	•		•		•	•		•	
S4.1-0 FRT1 S4.1-21 FLT	•	•		•			•		•	•
S5-45 GRT S5-39 FRT1/S5-33 FRT2 S5-45 GRT G S5-45 GRT RG S5-45 GRT ST			•	•						
S6.1-0 FLT S6.1-0 NTP S6.1-0 CTP S6.1-21 FLT S6.1-23 FLT S6.1-36 FLT		•		•			•			
\$7-0 FLT \$7-0 \$R\$ \$7-6 FLT \$7-0 NSK \$7-0 FRT1					•		•	•		
S8-0 FLT S8-0 NSK S8-0 FRT1 S8-0 RTP A90	•	•			•		•	•	•	•
S9-57 GRT G S9-57 GRT G S9-57 GRT F2, F3, F4-F8			•	•						
S10-0 FLT S10-0 NTP S10-22 FLT S10-36 FLT				•						
S11-45 GRT S11-45 GRT HD S11-33 FRT2	•			•			•		•	



# 2 MATERIALS

- 2.1 Plastic materials (Properties)
- 2.2 Non plastic materials

## 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

#### PA (Polyamide)

- good wear resistance in dry applications
- good fatigue resistance
- temperature range  $-40 \text{ to } + 120 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (}-40 \text{ to } 248 \,^{\circ}\text{F)}$
- short-term temperature resistance up to 135 °C (275 °F)
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact
- flame retardent according to UL94-V2

#### PA-HT (Polyamide high temperature resistant)

- material reinforced with fiberglass
- absorbs little water in humid environments
- very stiff and durable
- temperature range 30 to + 155  $^{\circ}$ C (– 22 to 311  $^{\circ}$ F)
- very high short-term temperature resistance up to 180°C (356°F)

#### PBT (Polybutylene terephthalate)

- good wear resistance
- very good abrasive resistance
- good strength and stiffness
- temperature range -40 to +120 °C (-40 to 248 °F)
- not recommended for use in hot water > 50°C
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### PE (Polyethylene)

- very good chemical resistance to acids and alkalis
- very good release properties due to low surface tension
- good friction and abrasion behavior
- impact resistant
- low specific weight
- limited strength
- temperature range 70 to +65 °C (94 °F to 149 °F)
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### PE-MD (PE metal detectable)

- modified PE
- material easily detected in metal detectors
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### POM (Polyoxymethylene/Polyacetal)

- very dimensionally stable
- very strong and stiff
- high chemical resistance to organic solvents
- lower coefficient of friction
- very durable material
- hard, incision-resistant surface
- temperature range  $-45 \text{ to } +90 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-49 \text{ to } 194 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### POM-CR (POM cut resistant)

- modified POM
- highly resistant to impacts and incisions
- minimal ridge formation
- low risk of material delamination
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### POM-HW (POM highly wear resistant)

- modified POM
- highly wear resistant

#### **POM-HC (POM highly conductive)**

- modified POM
- highly conductive material
- surface resistivity  $< 10^6 \Omega$  (according to ISO 21178)
- very good friction and abrasion properties

#### POM-MD (POM metal detectable)

- modified POM
- material easily detected in metal detectors
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### PP (Polypropylene)

- standard material for normal conveying applications
- quite strong and stiff
- highly resistant to acids, alkalis, salts, alcohols
- low specific weight
- no risk of stress cracks forming
- temperature range +5 to +100 °C (41 to 212 °F)
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### PP-MD (PP metal detectable)

- modified PP
- material easily detected in metal detectors
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### PXX-HC (PXX self-extinguishing, highly conductive)

- flame retardant in line with DIN EN 13501-1  $C_{\rm fl}$  -s1 and DIN 4102 (B1)
- surface resistivity  $< 10^6 \Omega$  according to ISO 27178)
- especially for use in automotive industries
- temperature range +5 to +100 °C (41 to 212 °F)

#### **TPC1 (Thermoplastic Copolyester)**

- material for sprockets and belts exposed to high impacts
- abrasion resistant
- wear resistant
- impact resistant
- light or medium load
- low brittleness, highly ductile
- hardness 60 shore D
- temperature range -25 to +80 °C (-4 to 176 °F)
- FDA/EU approved for direct food contact

#### Material orientation chart

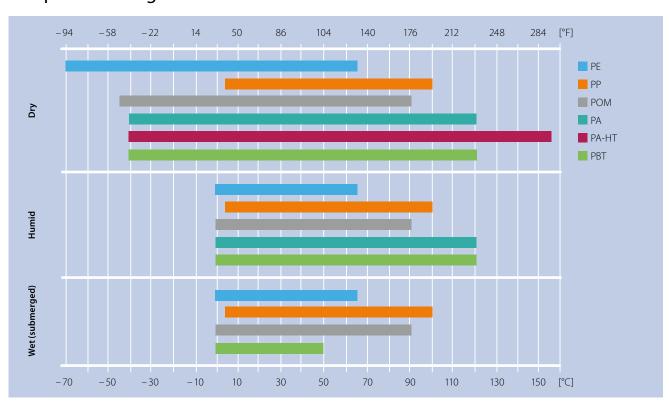
Every material has a unique combination of strengths. The following table provides an overview of all Siegling Prolink materials and their properties rated from 1 (bad) to 10 (good).

	Belt pull capacity	Impact strength	Wear resistance	High temperature	Low temperature	Price	Direct food contact	Submerged in water	Metal detectable	Antistatic	Flame retardant
PE	2	8	2	3	9	9	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
PP	4	3	3	7	3	9	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
POM	8	4	7	6	7	7	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
POM-CR	8	6	7	6	7	7	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
PA	8	4	8	8	6	7	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
PA-HT	7	6	9	9	5	6	No	No	No	No	No
PE-MD	2	7	2	3	9	6	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
PP-MD	4	2	3	7	3	8	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
POM-MD	7	3	7	6	7	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
POM-HC	7	3	7	6	7	4	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
PXX-HC	4	3	3	7	3	4	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

## 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

Application environment		Belt modules	Pins	
	General conveyor (>10°C)	PP	PP	
Conoral convenience	Aggressive chemicals (strong acid etc.)	PP	PP	
General conveying	Impact and/or low temperature (<10°C)	PE	PE	
	High load POM	POM	PBT	
	Deboning and trimming	POM-CR	PBT	
Abrasive	Wet, light load	PP	PBT	
ADIasive	Wet, high load	POM	PBT	
	Dry	POM	PBT	
	Boiling and steaming, up to 100 °C (212 °F)	PP	PP	
	Dry, high load up to 90 °C (194 °F)	POM	PBT	
Increased temperature	Wet, high load up to 90 °C (194 °F)	POM	POM	
	Dry up to 120°C (248°F), FDA/EU	PA	PBT	
	Dry up to 155 °C (311 °F), not FDA/EU	PA-HT	PA-HT	

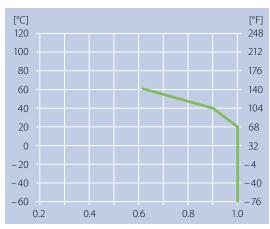
### Temperature ranges



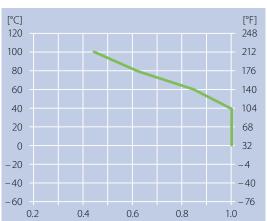
For the effect of temperature on belt measurement see chapter 3.

The following charts show the  $c_T$  factor for standard materials. This shows how the belt strength is affected by temperature.

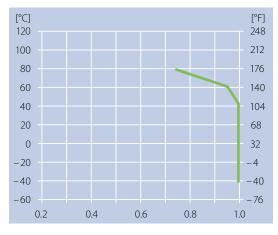
#### PΕ



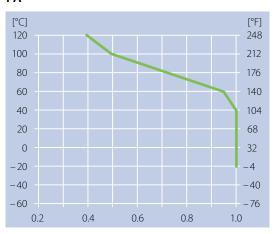
#### PP



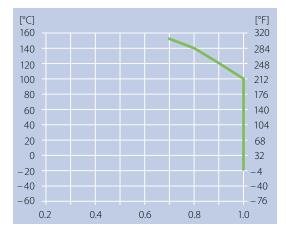
#### **POM**



#### PΑ



#### PA-HT



## 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

### Color codes

Siegling Prolink materials come in a variety of colors. The table shows all available colors with the approx. RAL code. Please note that Siegling Prolink modules are not produced in every color listed. For standard material/color combinations see the Siegling Prolink series datasheet.

Color sample	Code	Name	Approx. RAL
	AT	anthracite	7021
	BL	blue	5017
	BG	beige	1015
	ВК	black	9011
	DB	dark blue	5013
	GN	green	6035
	LB	light blue	5012
	LG	light gray	7001
	OR	orange	2000
	RE	red	3020
	TR	transparent	-
	TQ	turquoise	5018
	UC	uncolored	_
	WT	white	9010
	YL	yellow	1026

### Friction factors

#### The dynamic coefficients of friction $\mu_S$ between belt and wearstrip are shown below.

The figures stated have been established under ideal conditions. When operating under other conditions we recommend assuming higher friction coefficients. ("-" = combination not recommended)

Ω	g ns	Belt material														
Wearstri <sub>l</sub> material	Operating conditions	Pl	E & PE-M	MD PP, PP-		-MD & P	хх-нс	POM in	cl. CR, H	C & MD		PA-HT		PA		
Wea mat	Ope	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled
Hardwood	dry	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.22	0.39	0.59	0.16	0.22	0.32	0.18	0.19	0.29	0.14	0.14	0.14
пагимоои	wet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
HDPE	dry	-	-	-	0.14	0.19	0.29	0.08	0.19	0.29	0.15	0.23	0.34	0.12	0.2	0.31
ПОРЕ	wet	-	-	-	0.12	0.17	0.26	0.08	0.12	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lubricated	dry	0.18	0.28	0.45	0.13	0.24	0.35	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.16	0.24	0.36	0.14	0.22	0.32
PA	wet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Steel	dry	0.14	0.23	0.38	0.25	0.31	0.47	0.18	0.23	0.35	0.20	0.31	0.45	0.19	0.25	0.38
Steel	wet	0.13	0.21	0.33	0.24	0.29	0.44	0.14	0.17	0.26	-	-	-	-	-	-
UHMW PF	dry	0.30	0.31	0.47	0.13	0.22	0.35	0.13	0.17	0.32	0.18	0.24	0.38	0.15	0.19	0.35
UHIVIVV PE	wet	0.27	0.28	0.45	0.11	0.20	0.32	0.11	0.15	0.28	-	-	-	-	-	-

### Dynamic coefficients of friction $\mu_{acc}$ between belt and conveyed product.

("-" = combination not recommended)

۵	g ns							Ве	elt mater	ial						
Wearstrip material	Operating conditions	ditio DE-8 PE-MD		D	PP, PP-MD & PXX-HC			POM incl. CR, HC & MD		PA-HT			PA			
Wea	Ope	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled	clean	regular	soiled
Cardboard	dry	0.15	0.19	0.34	0.22	0.31	0.55	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.14	0.3	0.5
Calubbalu	wet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Glass	dry	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.16	0.24	0.41	0.13	0.20	0.35	0.13	0.20	0.33	0.13	0.2	0.33
Glass	wet	0.09	0.13	0.22	017	0.21	0.37	0.13	0.18	0.33	-	-	-	-	-	_
Metal	dry	0.13	0.2	0.33	0,.32	0.48	0.6	0.17	0.27	0.45	0.20	0.30	0.50	0.18	0.28	0.46
Metal	wet	0.11	0.17	0.28	0.29	0.45	0.58	0.16	0.25	0.42	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plastic	dry	0.10	0.13	0.25	0.15	0.21	0.37	0.15	0.25	0.41	0.13	0.20	0.33	0.13	0.2	0.31
riastic	wet	0.08	0.11	0.22	0.14	0.19	0.34	0.14	0.21	0.36	-	-	-	-	-	_

## 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

### Declaration of compliance

#### FDA/EU

Siegling Prolink modular belts made of the following materials are proven to comply with FDA 21 CFR as well as the (EU) 10/2011 and (EC) 1935/2004 regulations regarding the raw materials used and the migration thresholds:

	WT	LG	ВК	LB	BL	DB	UC	BG	OR
PE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
PP	•	•		•	•	•	•		•
POM	•	•		•	•	•			•
POM-CR	•	•		•	•	•			•
PA		•			•				
PE-MD					•				
PP-MD					•				
POM-MD					•				
PBT	•			•	•				
TPC	•			•					
TPE R7			•					•	
TPE R8								•	

#### Halal

All Siegling POM Prolink modular belts are certified as being compliant with Halal regulations by IFRC Asia (member of the World Halal Council).

### Siegling Prolink material identification test

The following tests are useful in identifying the type of plastic used for a plastic modular belt.

The easiest and safest way to identify a material is to perform a "water test". Place a module in water and check whether the module sinks or floats.

Furthermore, you can perform a "burning test". Ignite a small piece of the plastic you want to identify and carefully observe the behavior of the flame. Check the flame color, the smoke development and the dripping characteristics of the melting plastic. Blow out the flame and check the odor.

Check the results of the tests with the table:

Plastic	Water test	Burning	Odor after extin- guishing the flame
PP	Floats	Blue flame Yellow top Swells and drips	Sweet and like burning oil
PE	Floats	Blue flame Yellow top Drippings may burn	Paraffin (like a blown out candle)
POM	Sinks	Invisible (light blue) flame No smoke Drippings may burn	Formaldehyde!
PBT	Sinks	Yellow flame Smoke Drips	Sweet Characteristically*
PA	Sinks	Blue flame Yellow top Melts and drips	Burnt wool, horn or hair

<sup>\*</sup> Odors are difficult to describe, but are recognizable – use controls (known samples)

Always test only a single small module. Never ignite a whole belt! When performing a burning test, always have a bucket of water to hand. Immerse the module in water after the test to extinguish the flame (POM burns with an almost invisible flame).



### FIRE WARNING for Siegling Prolink plastic modular belts

Siegling Prolink belts are made of various high-quality plastic materials that can burn. If ignited, products made from POM material will emit toxic fumes. During operation, storage and installation NEVER expose Siegling Prolink belts to an ignition source, such as flames, sparks, burning or very hot objects, or excessive heat. Special care should be taken when undertaking repair work, particularly when welding on or near a conveyor if the conveyor is equipped with a Siegling Prolink plastic modular belt.

Hazards from burning Siegling Prolink belts vary depending on material composition and environmental conditions such as temperature and oxygen availability. Hazards may include dense smoke, toxic gases or fumes, a flame that is difficult to detect, and fire spreading due to movement of the burning belt and/or dripping, burning, molten plastic.

Suitable fire extinguishing media include: water spray, foam, and dry chemical.



## 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

### Cleaning agent compatibility

To check the chemical compatibility of a given cleaning solution, contact your supplier. It is important to mention the belt material(s) that will be in contact with the cleaning solution.

Please note the cleaning instructions in <u>section 5.6.</u>

### Chemical resistance

Chemical resistance information is based on details provided by our raw material producers and suppliers.

We recommend that each customer check the resistances to account for the actual on-site conditions and the media that affects the belt. The properties of our rubber topped modules can be different from those in the body of the module.

If requested, we can supply appropriate samples.

The chemical compatibility charts below uses standard terms and generally known names.

#### **Substance categories**

	Polypropylene (PP)	Polyethylene (PE)	Polyacetal (POM)	Polyamide (PA)	Polybutylene terephthalate (PBT)
Acids weak	•	•	0	-	0
Acids strong	•	0	-	-	-
Aldehydes	•	0	О	0	
Aliphatic HCs	•	•	•	•	•
Alcohols	•	•	•	•	•
Amines	•	•	О	•	-
Aromatic HCs	0	0	О	•	0
Chlorinated HCs	-	0	•	0	0
Ether	-	0	•	•	•
Ester	0	•	-	•	0
Fuels	0	0	•	•	•
Greases, oils	•	•	•	-	•
Hydrofluoric acid	0	0	-	-	•
Halogens dry	0	-	-	-	
Inorganic salt solutions	•	•	•	•	•
Ketones	0	•	0	•	-
Lyes weak	•	•	•	•	•
Lyes strong	•	•	•	0	•
Organic acids	О	•	•	0	0
Oxidizing acids	-	_	-	-	О
Petroleum	•	•	•	•	•
Turpentine	-	_	•	0	0
Unsaturated chlorinated HCs	-	_	•	0	0
Water cold	•	•	•	•	•
Water hot	•	•	•	0	-

#### Individual substances/chemicals

	Polyprop	ylene (PP)	Polyethy	ylene (PE)	Polyace	tal (POM)	Polyamide (PA)		
	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	
Acetic Acid > 5 %	•	•	•	0	0	-	_	_	
Acetic Acid (5%)	•	•	•	•	•		0	-	
Acetone	•	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	
Alcohol (all types)	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	
Aluminum Comp.	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Ammonia	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Ammonium Comp.	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Aniline	•	•	•	-		0			
Aqua Regia	-	-	0	-			-	-	
Arsenic Acid	•	•	•	•					
Barium Comp.	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Base (10 %)	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Beer	•	•	•	•	•				
Benzene	0	-	0	-	0	0	•	•	
Benzenesulfonic Acid (10%)	•	•	•	•					
Benzoic Acid	•	•	•	•			0	0	
Beverages (soft drinks)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Borax	•	•	•	•					
Boric Acid	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Butyl Acrylate	_	-	•	0					
Butyric Acid	•		•	0			•	•	
Carbon Dioxide	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Carbon Disulfide	0	_	0	-			•	•	
Carbon Tetrachloride	0	_	0	_	•	0	•	•	
Chloracetic Acid	•	•					_	_	
Chlorine (Gas)	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	-	
Chlorine (Liquid)	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	
Chlorine Water (0.4% CI)	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	
Chlorobenzene	_	_	0	_	0	0	•	•	
Chloroform	_	_	_	_	_	_	0		
Chromic Acid (50%)	•	•	•	0	-	-	0		
Chromic Acid (3%)	•	•	•	•	0	0			
Citric Acid (40%)	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Citric Acid (10%)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Citrus Juices	•	•	•	•		_	0		
Coconut Oil	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Copper Comp.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Corn Oil	•	•	•	0	_	_	-	-	
Cottonseed Oil	•	0	_	_			•		
Cresol	•	0	0	_			•		
Cyclohexane		0	-	_			•		
Cyclohexanol		•	•	•	•	•	•		
Cyclohexanone		•	•	•	_	_	_		

ullet = Good resistance | O = Limited resistance | -= No resistance | Empty cells = No test data available

# 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

	Polyprop	ylene (PP)	Polyeth	ylene (PE)	Polyacet	tal (POM)	Polyamide (PA)		
	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	
Detergents	•	0					•	•	
Dextrin	-	-	_	_	0	0	•	•	
Dibutyl Phthalate	•	•		-					
Diethyl Ether	•	•	•	•					
Diethylamine	•	•							
Diglycolic Acid (30%)	•	•							
Diisooctyl Phthalate	•						•	•	
Dimethyl Phthalate	•	0					•	•	
Dimethylamine	•	•	0	0	0	-	•	•	
Dioctyl Phthalate	0	0							
Ethyl Acetate	•	•							
Ethyl Ether	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	
Ethylamine	•	•	•	•	0	-			
Ethylene Glycol (50%)	•	•	•	0	•	•			
FerricFerrous Comp.	•	0	•	•			0	_	
Formaldehyde (37%)			•	•	0	0			
Formic Acid (85%)	•	0	•	_	0	0	•	•	
Freon	•	•	•	•	•		•		
Fuel (Oil)	0	0	0	_			•		
Fruit Juices	0	_	•	_	•	•	•	•	
Furfural	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Gasoline	•	•					•	•	
Glucose	_	-	0	_	•	•	•	•	
Glycerol	•	0	_	_	•		•	•	
Heptane	•	•	•	•			_	_	
Hexane	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Hydrobromic Acid (50%)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Hydrochloric Acid (35%)	•	•	•	•	_	_	_	_	
Hydrochloric Acid (10%)	•	•	•	•	-	_	_	_	
Hydrofluoric Acid (35%)	•	•	•	•	_	_	_	_	
Hydrogen Peroxide (3 %)	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	0	
Hydrogen Peroxide (90%)	0	0	•	0	0	-	-	-	
Hydrogen Sulfide	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Igepal (50%)	•	•			•	0			
lodine (Crystals)	•	•	0	0	-	-	-	_	
Isooctane	-	_	•				•	•	
Isopropyl Alcohol	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Jet Fuel	0	-	0	0	•	•	•	•	
Kerosene	0	-	0	0	•	•			
Lactic Acid	•	•	•	•			0	-	
Lanolin	•	0	•	•					
Lauric Acid	•	•	•	•					
Lead Acetate	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Linseed Oil	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Lubricating Oil	•	0			•	•	•	0	

	Polyprop	ylene (PP)	Polyethy	/lene (PE)	Polyace	tal (POM)	Polyamide (PA)		
	20°C	60°C	20°C	60℃	20°C	60°C	20°C	60°C	
	70°F	140°F	70°F	140°F	70 °F	140°F	70°F	140°F	
Magnesium Comp.	•	•	•	•			•		
Malic Acid (50%)	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Manganese Sulfate	•		•	•			0	0	
Margarine	•	•	•	•					
Mercury	•	•	•	•			•	_	
Methyl Chloride	0	0					•	•	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	•	0	-	-	0	0	•		
Methyl Isobut. Ketone	•	0							
Methylsulfuric Acid	•	•	•	•					
Methylene Chloride	0	-	-	-			0	0	
Milk	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Mineral Oil	0	-	•	0	•	•	•		
Mineral Spirit (White Spirit)	0	-							
Molasses	•	•	•	•			•	•	
Motor Oil	•	0			•	•	•	•	
Naphtha	•	0	0	-			•	•	
Nitric Acid (30%)	•	0	•	•	-	-	-	-	
Nitric Acid (50%)	0	-	•	0	-	-	-	-	
Nitrobenzene	•	0	-	-			0		
Nitrous Acid	•								
Nitrous Oxide	•								
Oleic Acid	•	-			•	•	•	•	
Olive Oil	•	•	•	•					
Oxalic Acid	•	•	•	•					
Ozone	0	0	0	_	_	_	0	0	
Palmitic Acid (70%)	•	•	•	•			•		
Paraffin	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Peanut Oil	•	•					•		
Perchloric Acid (20%)	•	•	•	•					
Perchlorothylene	_	_	_	_			0	_	
Phthalic Acid (50%)	•	•	•	•			9		
Phenol		•	•	•					
Phenol (5%)			•				_		
Phosphoric Acid (30%)			•	•	0	_	_	_	
					9	_	_	_	
Phosphoric Acid (85%)					_	_	-		
Photographic Solutions							•		
Plating Solutions	•		•						
Potassium Comp.			•	•	•	•	0		
Potassium Hydroxide	•	•	•	•	•	•	0		
Potassium lodide (3 % lodine)	•	•	•	•					

ullet = Good resistance | O = Limited resistance | -= No resistance | Empty cells = No test data available

# 2.1 PLASTIC MATERIALS (PROPERTIES)

	Polyprop	ylene (PP)	Polyethy	rlene (PE)	Polyace	tal (POM)	Polyam	ide (PA)
	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F	20°C 70°F	60°C 140°F
Silver Cyanide	•	•						
Silver Nitrate	•	•	•	•				
Sodium Comp.	•	•	•	•				
Sodium Chloride	•	0	•	•			-	-
Sodium Hydroxide	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	_
Sodium Hydroxide (60%)	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-
Sodium Hypochlorite (5 % Cl)	•	0	•	0	-	-	0	
Stearic Acid	•	0	•	•	0		•	•
Sulfamic Acid (20%)	•	•			-	-		
Sulfate Liquors	•	•						
Sulfur	•	•	•	•			•	•
Sulfur Chloride	•							
Sulfur Dioxide	•	•	•	•	-	-	0	0
Sulfuric Acid (10%)	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-
Sulfuric Acid (50%)	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-
Sulfuric Acid (70%)	•	0	•	0	-	-	-	-
Sulfurous Acid	•		•	•			0	0
Tannic Acid (10%)	•	•	•	•				
Tartaric Acid	•	•	•	•			•	0
Tetrahydrofuran	0	-			0	0	•	
Toluene	-	_	-	-	0	-	•	•
Transformer Oil	•	0	•	0			•	•
Tributyl Phosphate	•	0						
Trichloroacetic Acid	•	•	О				-	-
Trichloroethylene	_	-	-	-	0	0	0	-
Tricresyl Phosphate	•	0						
Trisodium Phosphate	•	•	•	•				
Turpentine	0	-	•	-	•		•	•
Urea .	•	•	•	•			•	•
Vinegar	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Wine	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Xylene	_	_	_	_	•	•	•	•

## 2.2 NON PLASTIC MATERIALS

### High-grip materials

Following materials are used for our friction top modules

Mat	erial	Color	Hardness	Temp. range		Temp. range Approved for Bon		Bonding
Code	Type			°C	°F	FDA	EU 1935	
R2	EPDM	BK	80 Shore A	-70/100	-94/212	No	No	Mechanical
R3	TPE	BL, TQ	70 Shore A	+5/65	+41/149	Yes	Yes	Chemically on PP
R4	TPE	BG	86 Shore A	+5/100	+41/212	Yes	Yes	Chemically on PP
R5	TPE	UC	52 Shore A	+5/100	+41/212	Yes	Yes	Chemically on PP
R6	TPE	BK	63 Shore A	-45/60	-49/194	No	No	Chemically on POM**
R7	TPE	BK, BG	50 Shore A	+5/100	+41/212	Yes	Yes	Chemically on PP
R8	TPE	BG	55 Shore A	-70/65	-94/149	Yes	Yes	Chemically on PE

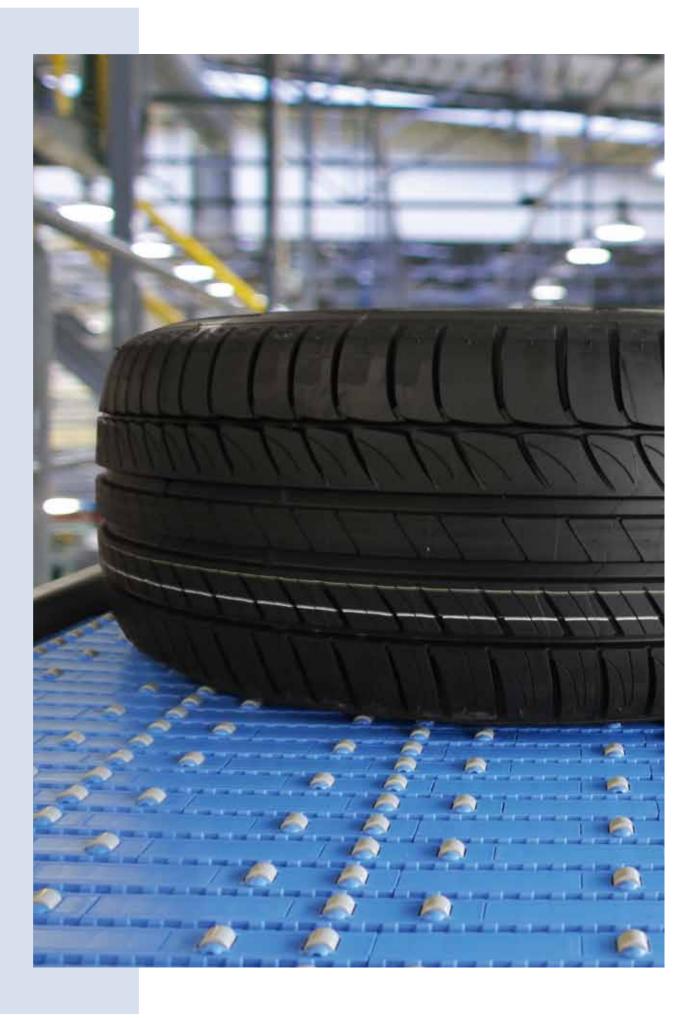
<sup>\*</sup> Raw material comply with FDA 21 CFR as well as the EU 10/2011 and EC 1935/2004 regulations

### Metals

Mat	erial	AISI	Alloy type	Acid resistant	Temp. range		Appro food c	Magnetic	
Code	No.				°C	°F	FDA	EU 1935	
CS	1.0570	ST52-3	carbon steel	-	-70/500	-95/930	No	No	Yes
ZN	1.0570	ST52-3	zinc-plated carbon steel	+	-70/500	-95/930	No	No	Yes
SS	1.4301	304	austenitic Cr-Ni stainless steel	++	-70/420	-95/790	Yes	Yes	No*
SSS	1.4404	316	austenitic Cr-Ni-Mo SS "Acid resistance"	+++	-70/420	-95/790	Yes	Yes	No*

<sup>\*</sup> Processing/machining of these can result in a minor magnetic field.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Bonding to POM base module is not as strong as to PP

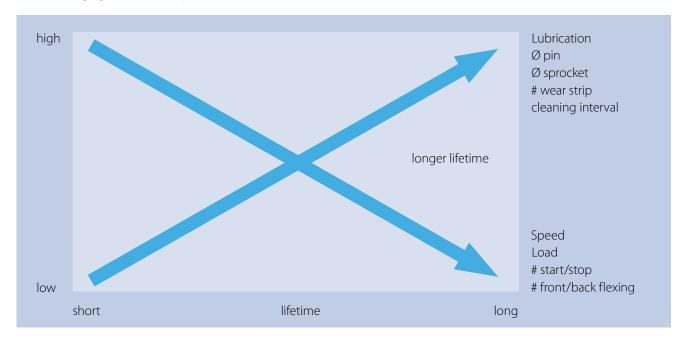


# ENGINEERING GUIDELINES

- 3.1 Basics
- 3.2 Conveyor design
- 3.3 Conveyor layouts

### Factors affecting belt life

The following figure show the qualitative effects on the lifetime of a modular belt.



### General conveyor considerations

#### Clearance

Always leave enough space between the belt, wearstrip, guiding, and other conveyor components to avoid excessive wear. Keep fabrication and temperature variation in mind when determining the dimensions.

#### (Wearstrip) Alignment

For long and worry-free operation, the alignment between the belt support and belt must be accurate. This will avoid unnecessary resistance, pinch points and excessive premature wear.

#### Speed

We recommend soft motor starts and stops from speeds faster than 20 m/min or utilizations of more than 70%. Keep in mind that temperature increases with higher speed and ensure the wearstrips don't overhead under load at high speeds. Furthermore it is recommended to make use of soft motor starts if product stability is an important criterion.

The maximum conveyor length is generally limited by the maximum belt strength, but it can also be limited by the effects of elastic pulsation. This effect may occur if the belt stretches under load and the stored spring force in the belt is strong enough to accelerate a part of the belt. This does not depend on belt width, but on the spring force constant of the belt and belt material. This is especially important to avoid where product stability or continuous movement (for worker belts) is key.

Among other things, the main factors are conveyor length, belt speed and product weight. Generally, the risk of pulsation decreases with higher speed and shorter conveyors, and increases the other way around. Other ways to maximize the allowable conveyor length are to reduce the friction between the belt and wearstrips or choose a rigid belt design with stiff material (e.g. POM).

#### **Sprockets**

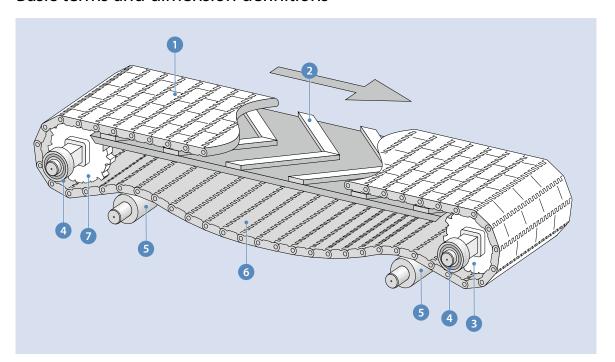
We recommend an odd number of sprockets to always have a center sprocket. Only fix the center sprocket and allow the other sprockets to move laterally to cover the expansion of belt width with temperature.

For the Siegling Prolink S11 belt, please see our S11 guidelines for the recommended sprocket quantities, locations and sprocket locking system.

#### **Expansion/Contraction with temperature**

Plastics can expand or contract significantly when temperatures fluctuate. The construction or design engineer must make allowances for changes in belt lengths and widths if the operating temperature differs from the ambient temperature. This affects the belt sag on the returnway and the lateral clearance on the conveyor frame. Calculation formulas are given in chapter 4.4.

#### Basic terms and dimension definitions



- Siegling Prolink Modular Belt
- 2 Carryway with wearstrips
- 3 Drive sprocket/drive shaft
- 4 Bearing
- 6 Returnway roller
- 6 Catenary sag
- Idle sprocket/idle shaft

## 3.2 CONVEYOR DESIGN

### **Sprockets**

#### Chordal action/Size of sprockets

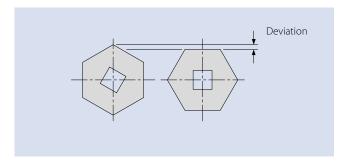
What is known as chordal action is typical for all sprocketdriven belts, chains etc. The rise and fall of a module during the slewing motion cause changes in the linear speed of the belt. The number of teeth on the sprocket is the decisive factor for these periodic fluctuations in speed. See figure.

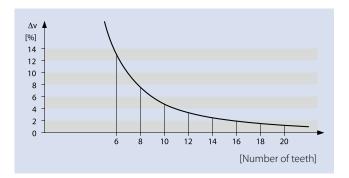
As the number of teeth increases, the percentage change in speed decreases. In practice this means that the largest number of teeth possible must be used if the goods are not to tip or if for other reasons a more consistent belt speed is required.

To determine the right number of teeth, keep in mind that with bigger sprockets the transmissible torque and shaft torsion increases. If the torsion is too great, the sprocket teeth and belt cannot engage properly, resulting in higher wear or damage to sprockets and belt. Furthermore it might lead to thicker shafts and more powerful motors, meaning higher costs.

Choose a sprocket size big enough to reduce the chordal action effect to the required degree, and small enough to reduce torsion and the motor power required to a reasonable level.

For correct shaft dimensioning see the calculations in chapter 4.3.

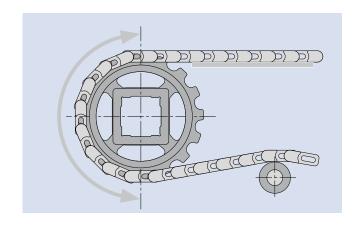




#### **Snub Roller**

Use a snub roller on the returnway to ensure an arc of contact of around 180°.

(This does not apply to conveyors with a center-to-center distance smaller than 2 m. Rollers on the returnway are not necessary here.)



#### **Number of sprockets**

As a rule of thumb, sprocket spacing should not exceed 160 mm. By dividing the belt width by 150 mm, rounding the result up and adding 1 you get the minimum number of sprockets needed.

If you end up with an even number, we recommend adding another sprocket to achieve an odd number in order to have a true center sprocket. An exception can be made for narrow belts < 300 mm. Here only two sprockets are sufficient, but never install a belt with only a single sprocket.

The number of sprockets might need to be increased depending on the load: The number of drive sprockets

required is calculated by the ratio between the adjusted and admissible belt pull. See Chapter 4 Calculations. Alternatively the Siegling Prolink Calculation Program calculates the number of sprockets required.

Ratio $\left[\frac{F_{adj}}{F_{adm}}\right]$	Maximum distance between	
Katio [ Fadm ]	drive sprockets	drive split sprockets
≤ 20 %	160 mm (6.3 in)	135 mm (5.3 in)
≤ 40 %	100 mm (3.9 in)	80 mm (3.2 in)
≤ 60%	80 mm (3.1 in)	65 mm (2.5 in)
≤ 80 %	60 mm (2.4 in)	50 mm (2 in)
>80%	please inquire	please inquire

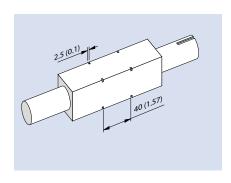
<sup>\*</sup> For S11 maximum distance should never exceed 100 mm.

#### Sprocket fastening

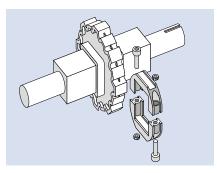
Typically only one sprocket (as close to the center as possible) must be fastened axially on each idle or drive shaft. The design of this sprocket enables positive tracking of the belt. All other sprockets must to be allowed to move laterally on the shaft to move with the belt as its dimensions will change with temperature.

Examples of possible methods for fastening a sprocket are shown below:

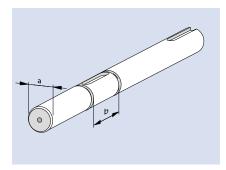
For wide belts with retainer rings can also be installed at the bore ends to prevent sprockets from slipping off of the bore, but always leave enough space for sprockets to move on the bore with the belt due to temperature expansion.



Shaft 40 x 40 mm. Fastening the sprocket with a retainer ring in accordance with DIN 471 (Seeger circlip ring), d = 56 mm.



Siegling Prolink Retainer Rings provides a quick, easy and reliable solution for fixing the sprocket (see page 168 for details).



Fixation of the sprocket with retainer rings in accordance with DIN 471 (Seeger circlip ring).

#### Rollers as idle shaft

The idle shaft is usually equipped in the same fashion as the drive shaft. This allows lateral tracking on both ends of the conveyor. In special cases it might be necessary to replace the idle shaft with a roller, e.g. wide belts with high loads to

avoid installation of intermediate bearings. If you take that approach, pay special attention to the lateral guiding. For example, edge wearstrips can be installed to guide the belt.

## 3.2 CONVEYOR DESIGN

### Belt support

Standard plastic wearstrips are available from many plastic suppliers. The width should be approx. 30 – 40 mm, whereby the thickness depends on the height of the screw heads. We recommend using UHMW-PE or PE 1000 materials for

the wearstrips. Alternatively, in some cases hardwood or steel can be used. For the optimal choice of wearstrip material, see the table below.

Dunning conditions	Wearstrip material	Temperature	
Running conditions	wearstrip material	min	max
Low load and low speed	HMW-PE (PEHD500) Not recommended for any side-flexing conveyor where wearstrips are exposed to radial forces	−70°C (−94°F)	+65°C (+149°F)
High load and low speed	UHMW-PE (PEHD1000)	−70°C (−94°F)	+65°C (+149°F)
High load and high speed, dry	Nylatron NSM or comparable cast nylon 6 formulation containing solid lubricant additives (the use of oil impregnated wearstrips can result in unwanted clustering of dust on belt and wearstrip)	-40°C (−40°F)	+ 120°C (+ 248°F)
Wet, very abrasive or high temperature	Stainless steel (cold-rolled austenitic) (Softer annealed austenitic grades are <b>not</b> recommended)*	−70°C (−94°F)	+ 155°C (+ 311°F)

If you are unsure please contact customer service.

#### Wearstrip arrangement for straight running conveyors

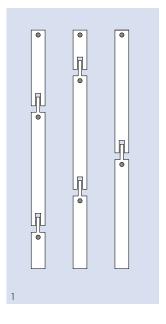
Continuous plate support made of steel or plastic. We recommend this for conveyors with heavy loads.

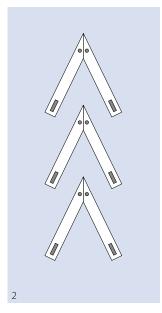
Straight parallel wearstrips (1). This is an inexpensive solution for applications with minimal loads. The belt wear is limited to the areas where the wearstrips support the belt. We recommend a distance of approx. 100 – 150 mm between the wearstrips.

The belt is supported over the entire width by a V-shaped arrangement of the wearstrips (2). This spreads the wear and tear evenly and means heavy loads can be applied. Choose the angle and distance such that the Vs are overlapping and a support across the belt width with a distance of not more than 100 – 150 mm is maintained.

On the returnway, parallel wearstrips with a distance of approx. 200 mm are recommended. Alternatively, snub rollers can be used. Support is always provided in areas where no profiles, rollers etc. are fitted.

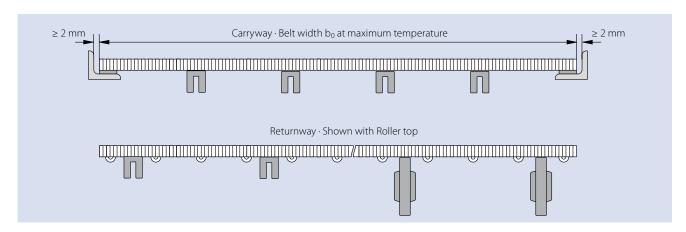
Rollers are not generally used to support the belt on the upper face. Unavoidable belt sag between the rollers as well as the chordal action of the drive unit (see page 196) mean the goods are tipped which can cause problems. Sometimes rollers are used for conveying bulk goods.

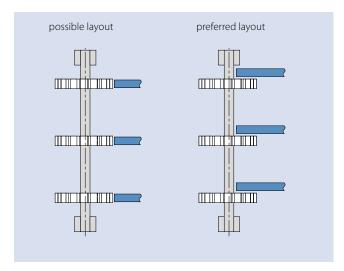




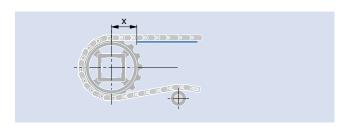
Thermal expansion and contraction must be taken into consideration when mounting the support. These effects can be absorbed by slots and appropriate distancing between the wearstrips (see calculation in "Effect of temperature" in <u>chapter 4.4).</u> The admissible temperature ranges, as given by the manufacturer, must also correspond to the expected operating conditions.

If the belt is supported sideways, ensure that a minimum space of 0.2% of the belt width but at least 2 mm is maintained at the highest operating temperature.





If parallel wearstrips are used, we recommend placing them between the sprockets to ensure support until the sprocket takes over and minimize gap.



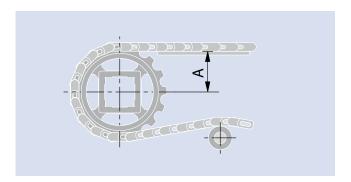
If wearstrips end at the sprocket edge, ensure a distance of  $X \le 1.5$  Pitch.

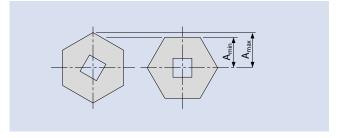
## 3.2 CONVEYOR DESIGN

#### Height positioning of wearstrips

Chordal action makes it impossible for the wearstrips to always be at the optimal height relative to the sprocket. If you level the top surface of the wearstrip to the down point A<sub>min</sub>, the belt will lift up on the upper point causing periodic noises when falling down again on the wearstrip. If you level the wearstrip to the upper point  $A_{\text{max}}$ , you will create forces on the wearstrip edge causing excessive wear and/or bending the wearstrip down.

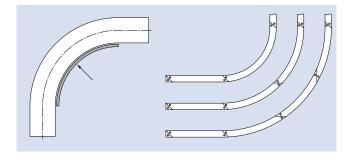
On the sprocket data sheets you find a calculated value for A. The real value will differ slightly due to manufacturing tolerances and temperature-related expansion/contraction, therefore a slight adaption of this value might be necessary to fit your specific needs.





#### Special recommendations for side flexing belts

These belts must be supported by plastic guides at the sides around the curved section. Some plastics that can be used are PE 1000 or a plastic with lubricating properties on the inner radius.



### Shaft

#### Shaft profile

In general, we recommend a square shaft. The main advantage of this design is that positive drive and tracking are possible without keys and keyways. This can save on manufacturing costs. In addition, this form facilitates the lateral movement of the sprockets in the event of temperature variations.

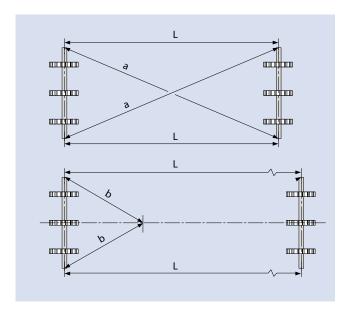
Occasionally round shafts with feather keys are also used for low-loaded, narrow belts. Specially designed sprockets with bore and keyway are available.

#### Alignment of shafts

Conveyor frame and shafts must be level. Furthermore the shafts need to be correctly placed in respect to each other, meaning a parallel alignment for straight conveyors and a perpendicular alignment for 90° side flexing conveyors. For straight conveyors, the shaft alignment can be checked with an easy procedure described as follows.

Measure the distance between the ends of the shafts diagonally according to the figure. If the distances are equal, the shafts are aligned. Ensure that the axis to axis distance has the correct value after the shafts are aligned.

If the distance between shafts is too long or the direct beeline is blocked you can measure the distance from shaft ends to a point A on an imaginary line drawn between the center of both axes of the shafts.

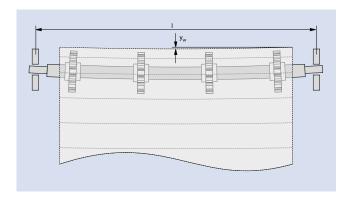


#### **Shaft deflection**

The drive shaft deflects because of the belt pull force acting on it. This effect increases with a greater bearing distance and smaller shafts

The shaft deflection is to be kept down to minimize fatigue and to have a small and uniform transfer gap. We recommend keeping the deflection below 2 mm. If the belt pull force leads to a deflection of over 2 mm, choose a thicker shaft or, especially with conveyors with a wide belt width, install an intermediate bearing or split the shaft into sections.

The calculation formulas for deflection can be found in <u>chapter 4.3.</u> You can also use our Engineering program.

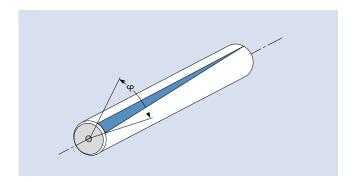


## 3.2 CONVEYOR DESIGN

#### **Shaft torsion**

As a result of belt pull, the shaft will twist as a result of the torque from drive end to last sprocket. Therefore the torsion will increase with longer and thinner shafts, higher belt pull and bigger sprockets. If the twist is too high, the belt might come off the track or sprocket engagement will fail. We recommend not exceeding the torsion angle  $\varphi$  (phi) < 0.5 ‰ per meter of shaft length.

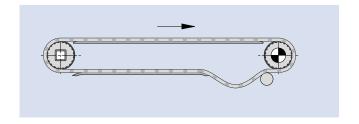
Calculation formulas for shaft torsion can be found in chapter 4.3.



### **Drive configurations**

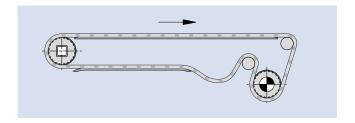
#### **Head drive**

This configuration includes one motor on the conveyor head pulling the belt. We recommend having a contact arc of at least 180° to ensure proper engagement.



#### Lower head drive

This is a variant of the head drive where the drive shaft is moved down which allows for a small roller or nose bar to reduce the transfer gap to a minimum.



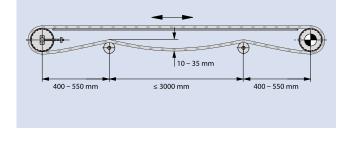
#### Tail drive (Pusher configuration) and alternating tail-head drive configuration

Head-driven conveyors are considered the conventional configuration. It is only when the conveying direction is reversed that the conveyor become tail-driven and the drive unit has to push the belt and its load. If the tension on the returnway is not greater than on the upper side, the belt will jump sprockets.

An approximate value for the tension on the returnway is  $1.2 \cdot F_u$  This automatically leads to a greater shaft load.

 $F_s = 2.2 \cdot F_U$ 

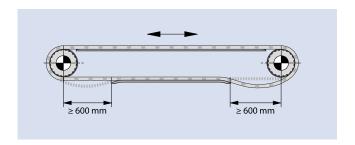
When tensioning the belt, never exceed a belt elongation of more than 2%. If the belt is tensioned correctly this drive configuration can work well, but keep in mind that due to higher tension the belt life will be reduced.



#### Two-motor design

Advantages: Low tension on the returnway, making smaller shaft loads possible and a longer belt life than a one-motor design for bi-directional conveyors.

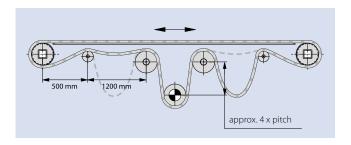
Disadvantage: Increased costs due to additional motor and electronic control. For larger conveyors with relatively heavy loads, however, this system may still be the most reasonably priced.



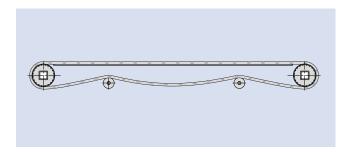
#### Center drive

For reversing operation, the drive shaft must be located as close to the middle as possible. To the right and the left of the drive unit, areas with belt sag must be provided, since these are necessary for the required belt tension the belt length between the load bearing rollers needs to be smaller than the distance from load bearing roller to next support roller. Otherwise there are weighted rollers necessary. The 180° arc of contact on the drive shaft means belt and sprocket engage well which allows for ideal power transmission in both operational directions.

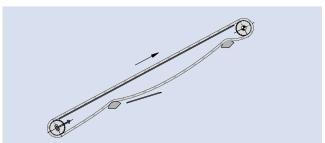
The location of the drive unit causes more stress on the shafts at the ends of the conveyor as there is effective pull on both the upper and returnway in the form of belt tension.



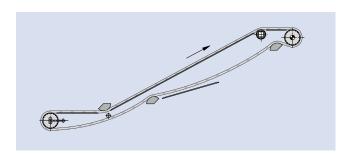
### Straight horizontal



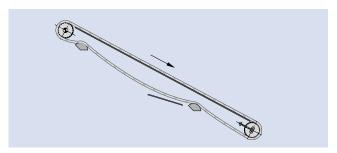
Straight inclining



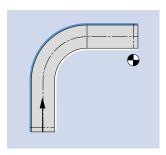
Straight inclining swan neck



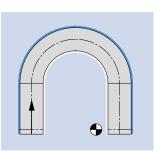
Straight declining



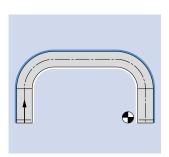
Side flexing L



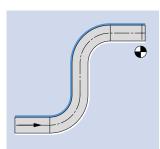
Side flexing U



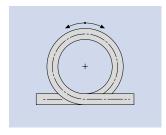
Side flexing C

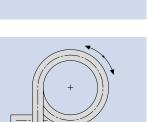


Side flexing S

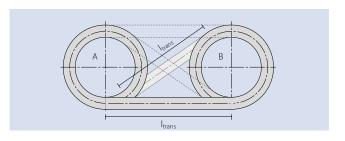


**Spirals** 





**Double spirals** 



### Straight running

#### Belt sag/control of belt length

There are various causes for changes in the belt length, e.g.

- Elongation or contraction of the belt due to temperature variation
- Wear of the connecting rods as well as enlargement of the connecting rod holes in the modules after a certain "break-in time" (enlargement of holes, 0.5 mm or larger holes in a 50 mm module results in an elongation of 1%).

Therefore we recommend not supporting one (or several) sections on the returnway and using the resulting belt sag to compensate for the increase in length. It is important that perfect engagement between belt and sprocket is ensured. Please see the following examples:

- a) Short conveyor (1)
- b) Medium length conveyors, up to a center distance of approx. 4000 mm (2)
- c) Long conveyors:

center distance > 20000 mm and low speeds center distance < 15000 mm and high speeds (3)

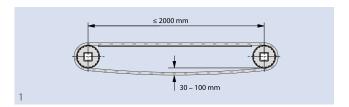
Another effective method for compensating for belt elongation is a load-dependent take-up system (e.g. weighted roller).

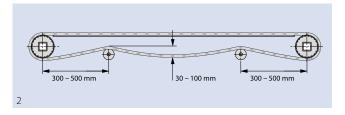
This should be located as close to the drive shaft as possible since the take-up system will ensure even tension on the returnway and therefore perfect engagement between sprocket and belt (4).

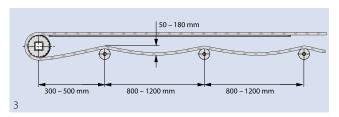
It is recommended that the roller be guided sideways. Keep in mind that a weighted roller cannot be used when Hold Down Tabs or guided side modules are used.

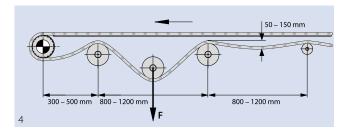
We recommend using following diameter and weights:

Series	Diameter [mm]	approx. weight per meter belt width [kg/m]
1, 3, 7	150	30
2, 4.1, 14	100	15
6.1, 9	100	60
5, 8, 10, 11	100	30
13	50	10









#### Incline/Decline

We always recommend the following:

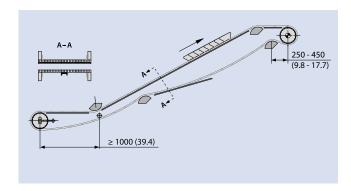
- Only operate with a head drive, i.e. use the upper shaft as the drive shaft.
- Ensure there is always a screw-operated take-up system or a load-dependent tension take-up on the returnway since tension decreases with increasing inclination (caused by the belt sag).
- If sprockets are used at upper intermediate points, the center sprockets may not be fastened axially.
- If rollers are used at upper intermediate points, a minimum radius of approx. 80 mm is required.
- When shoe or wearstrips are used, the radius should be as large as possible in order to keep wear to a minimum. We recommend a minimum radius of approx. 150 mm. The width of the shoe should not be smaller than 30 mm.
- If the belt is more than 600 mm wide, we recommend providing additional support on the belt surface or on the profiles on the returnway.

Rough guideline for achievable inclines:

- Flat top surface (FLT) 3 5°
- Friction top surface (FRT) 20 40°
- Straight profiles < 60°
- Bent profiles < 90°

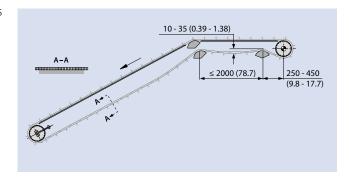
Testing is always recommended to determine the actual possible incline angle for a particular product/use.

≥ 1000 (39.4)

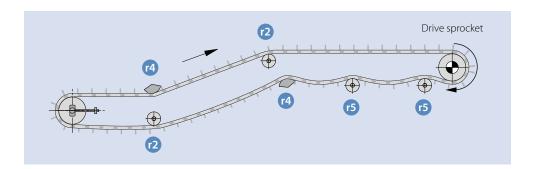


### Decline conveying

For this conveyor design, a tail drive unit is possible if there is an active load-dependent tension take-up at the lower idle shaft (e.g. gravity, spring or pneumatic). Otherwise the general recommendations given above apply here.



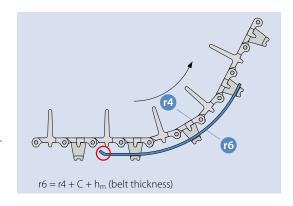
#### **Hold Down Tabs**



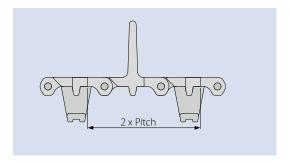
For Z – conveyors (Swan neck) with a belt width above 600 – 800 mm (24 – 32 inch) an additional guiding/Hold Down system is necessary. When the belt change direction from vertical to incline/decline for wider belts typically above 600 mm (24 inch) it will not be sufficient to hold down the belt on the (indented) side of the belt. In these cases, Hold Down Tabs on the bottom side of the belt are used to guide it through the back-flexing curve. For minimum back flex radius (r4) for the various series, please refer to our data sheets for recommendations.

It is very important that the wearstrips/guide rails supporting the Hold Down Tabs are very smooth and have sufficient radius at the entrance (red circle beside) to avoid them snagging on the frame entering into the guides. The outer radius of the guiding wearstrips, R6, is defined by the back flex radius r4 adding the C-measure of the Hold Down Tab (see table) and the belt thickness h<sub>m</sub> (see data sheet).

- Please make sure that it will not be possible for the sprocket to engage the belt at the position of the Hold Down Tabs.
- Using Hold Down Tabs results in constraints with regards to sprocket and shaft size to ensure sufficient clearance to the shaft. For the minimum sprocket size and the equivalent maximum bore size when using Hold Down Tabs please consult the data sheet of the Hold Down Tab.
- By default, Hold Down Tabs are placed on every other row. It is not recommended to have a Hold Down Tab directly under a row of profiles.



Series	C-Value
S6.1	17
S8	10
S10	10



#### Correct position for the guiding wearstrips

Please note the position of the Hold Down Tab will be slightly offset from the belt centerline. The default position (center of the Hold Down Tab) will unless otherwise specified be:

- Belt width/ $2 + \frac{1}{2}$  increment (measure from the left hand side, in travel direction)

Example: A 1000 mm wide S6.1 belt with a width increment of 20 mm will have the Hold Down Tab position at:

 $-1000/2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 20 = 510$  mm from the left hand side

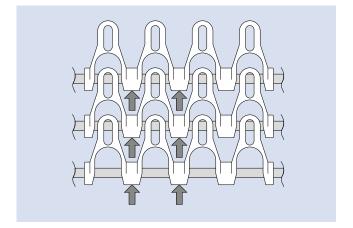
For detailed information on wearstrip arrangement around Hold Down Tabs please consult the respective data sheet.

### Side-flexing belts

Siegling Prolink side flexing belts are designed to be able to run in curves. The modules of Series 5, 9 and 11 create a mesh that allows the belt to collapse on the inner radius of the curve and thereby bend into the curve direction. The following special conditions apply for side-flexing belts. Please ensure that they are met.

#### Sprocket engagement

The teeth of the sprocket must engage into the mesh of the belt at the areas marked by the arrows.



#### Belt pull in outer side modules

The belt pull which is spread over the complete belt width in straight running sections is concentrated in the outer module in curve sections. Therefore always check that  $F_{adj} < F_{nom, curve}$  given in the data sheets is ensured.

#### Minimum inner radius

The side-flexing radius r1 has to be equal or above the minimum inner radius, which depends on the series and belt width. The minimum inner radius is calculated with the collapse factor C<sub>c</sub>. If the radius ist significantly higher than the minimum raidus, belt clattering on inside side moduls may occur.

$$r1_{min} = W_B \cdot C_c$$

with:

= inner radius r1<sub>min</sub> = belt width  $W_B$ = collapse factor  $C_c$ 

Series	Cc
S5	2
S9	1.8*
S11	1.4
Combo S5 ST/S11	1.45**

<sup>\*</sup> special options available. See chapter 3.3 paragraph spiral conveyors

\*\* from belt width > 1000 mm  $C_c = 1.55$ 

### Belt support, guiding, tracking

The belt is pressed onto the inner radius in curved sections. Lateral wearstrips need to be installed to cover the pressure. We recommend guiding the belt along the conveyor by lateral wearstrips, which means that the middle sprocket must not be fixed axially. All sprockets can float on the shaft. The belt is guided by the lateral wearstrips only.

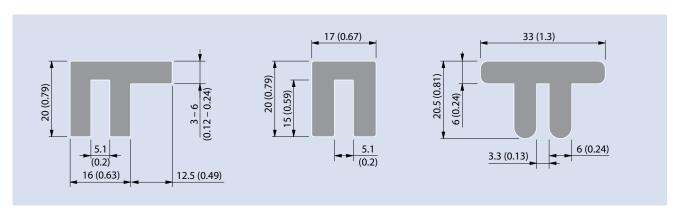
The key criterion for a successful side-flex conveyor are to ensure and maintain the correct distances between the outer parallel wearstrips in curved and straight segments. The distance between the outer wearstrips is especially important. The wider the belts the greater the effort required to keep the exact distances through the whole running track of the belt (both on the carry and the returnway).

#### **Belt lift**

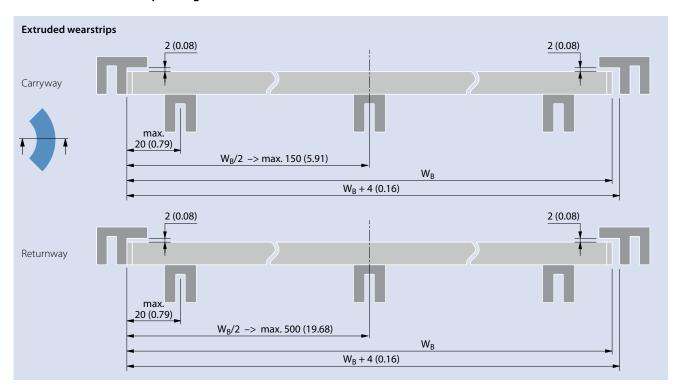
In some cases the belt tends to lift up at the outer edge. The risk of that increases with higher belt pull, smaller inner radius, higher speed and higher curve angle. To avoid this, wearstrips on top of the edge are to be installed. Forbo Movement Systems offers belts with guided side modules or Hold Down Tabs if required.

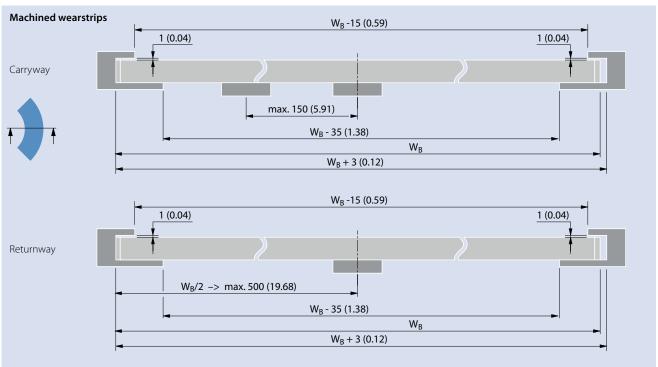
Attention: guided side modules or Hold Down Tabs are for holding down the belt only, not for lateral guidance or support on the returnway.

#### Wearstrip dimensions



#### Recommended wearstrip arrangement for Series 5/9



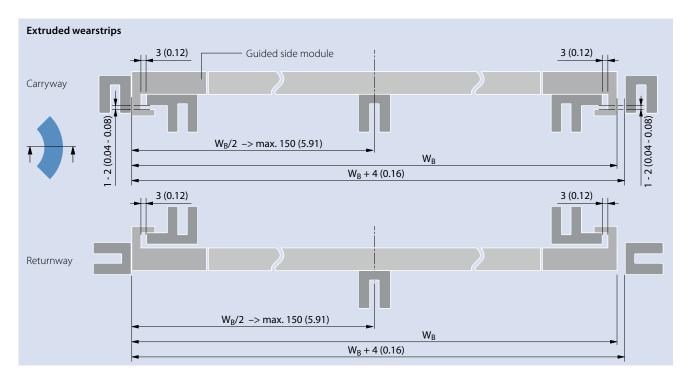


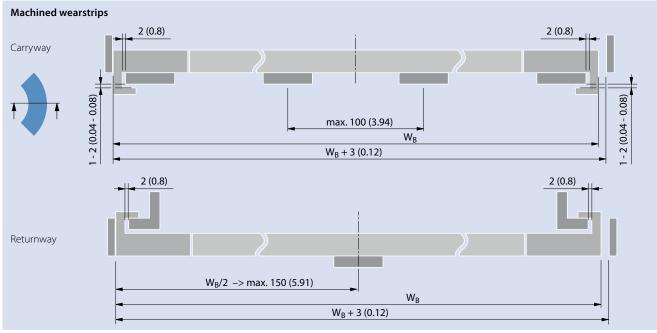
Dimensions in mm and inches (in). All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

#### For belts with guided side modules

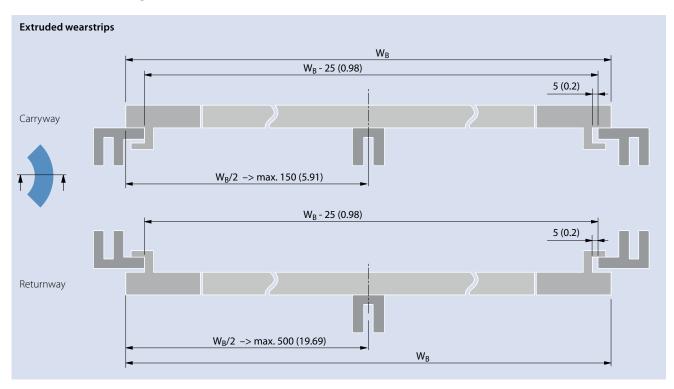
Hold Down guides are used to prevent belt lift and allow two neighboring belts to run parallel with minimum gap. Using Hold Down guides can also allow for products to extend beyond the belt width or to transfer perpendicular to travel direction as no wearstrip extends above the belt surface.

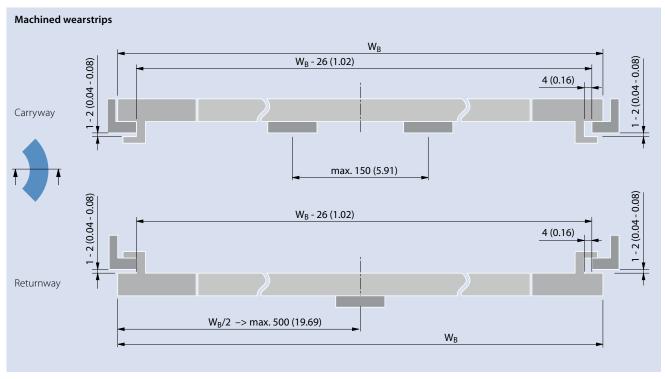
Note: It is not recommended to use Hold Down guides to take up radial forces through the curve in high loaded or high-speed applications. For belt speeds exceeding 30 m/min and/or loads exceeding 33 % of the curve belt pull capacity, a wearstrip on the inside is recommended to take up the radial load in the curve.



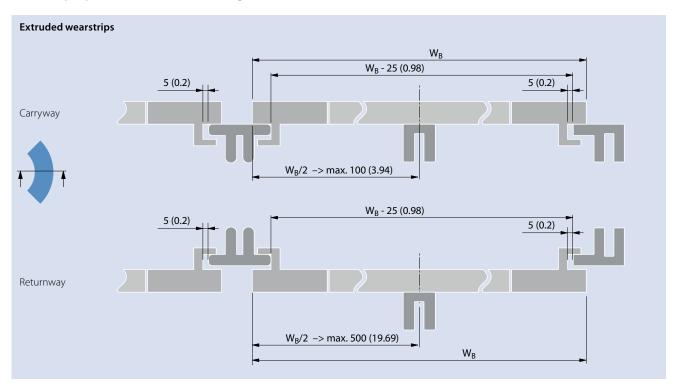


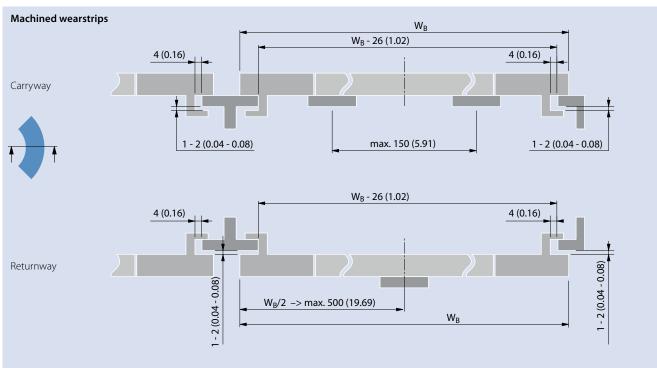
#### For belts with reverse guided side modules





#### For multiple parallel belts with reverse guided side modules





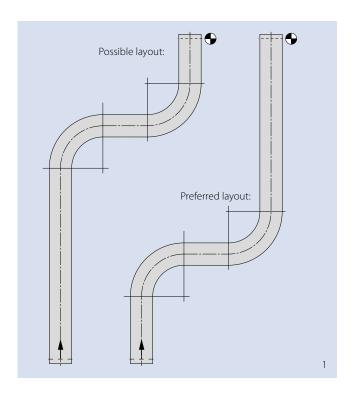
#### **Belt tension**

Three standard tensioning methods can be used to achieve the correct belt tension:

- Screw-operated take-up system
- Gravity take-up system
- Catenary sag on the returnway near the drive

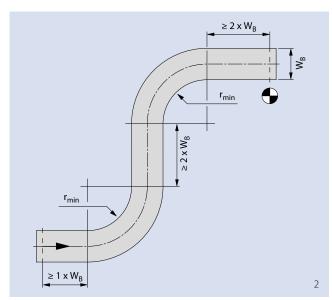
#### Geometries of curves

We recommend designing a curved conveyor with the longer section on side of the motor (1).



Be aware of a minimum straight section with a distance of one time the belt width before the curve and two times the belt width after and in between curves. This distance in between curves can be reduced if a curve is followed by another one in same direction (2).

Please contact customer service if space is restricted and you cannot construct the conveyor according to these recommendations.



#### Admissible belt speed

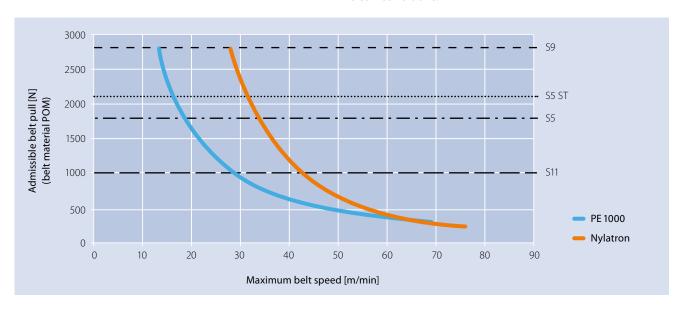
The belt speed always refers to the speed when running straight. Due to the nature of a side flexing belt this will also be the speed of the belt at the outer radius of the curve. The speed on the inside radius of the belt depends on the collapse factor. The smaller the collapse factor the higher the speed reduction on the inside radius. As a result there is a relationship between the collapse factor and the admissible belt speed.

The key criteria limiting the admissible belt speed is belt and wearstrip temperature. With increased speed and/or increased belt load, the temperature on the inner belt edge and the inner curve wearstrip will increase. This will lead to accelerated wear, potential dust and eventually the belt edge and/or wearstrip melting.

Thin wearstrips with good heat transmission to a steel support structure will increase the admissible belt pull. On the other hand a large solid machined wearstrip will have more problems transmitting the heat generated from the friction between the belt and wearstrip. This will lead to a temperature increase.

Lower friction between the belt and wearstrip will lead to a higher admissible belt speed and the material combination (belt edge and wearstrip) will also have a strong impact on the admissible belt speed. Soft materials like PP with relatively high friction coefficients will offer a relatively low admissible belt speed before significant wear and dust occurs.

The following chart shows the correlation between admissible belt pull and maximum belt speed for POM belts running on high quality wearstrips of medium thickness under clean conditions:



#### Attention:

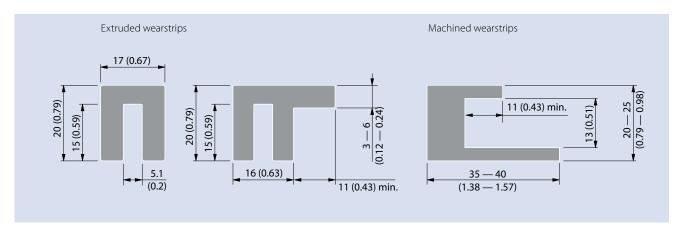
In the case of Siegling Prolink Series 11 and Combo belts (a combination of Siegling Prolink Series 5 ST and Siegling Prolink Series 11) different dimensions and characteristics must be taken into account.

### Series 11

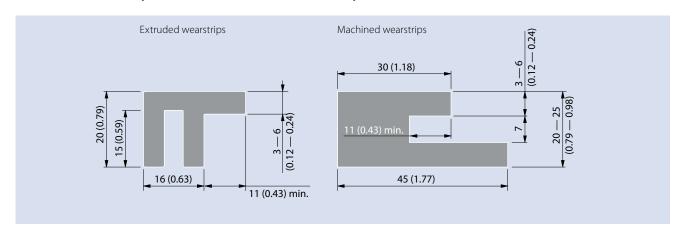
#### The following special conditions apply for series S11

The following illustrations show the recommended critical dimensions:

#### Guideline for wearstrip dimensions S11 with caps

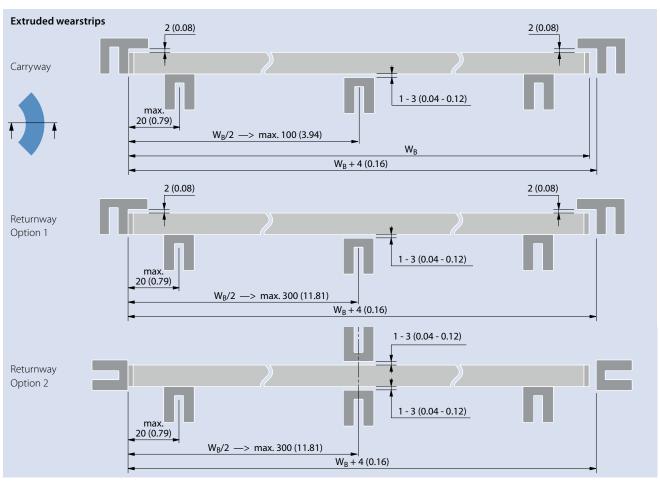


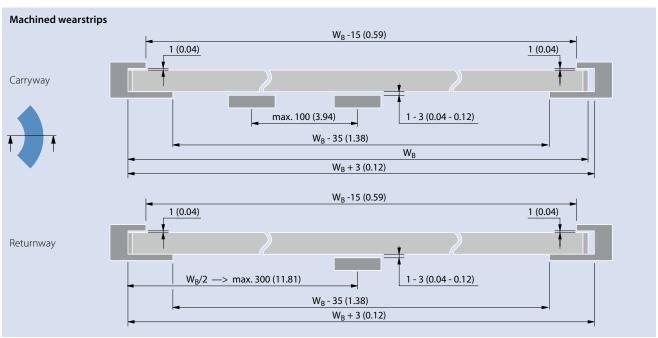
#### Guideline for wearstrip dimensions S11 with Hold Down caps:



Dimensions in mm and inches (in). All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

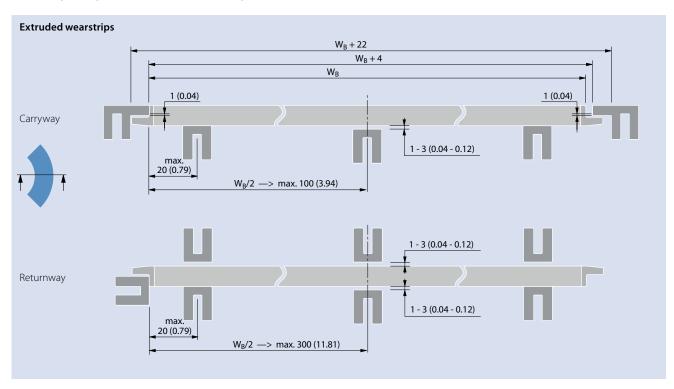
#### Wearstrip setup, S11 with caps

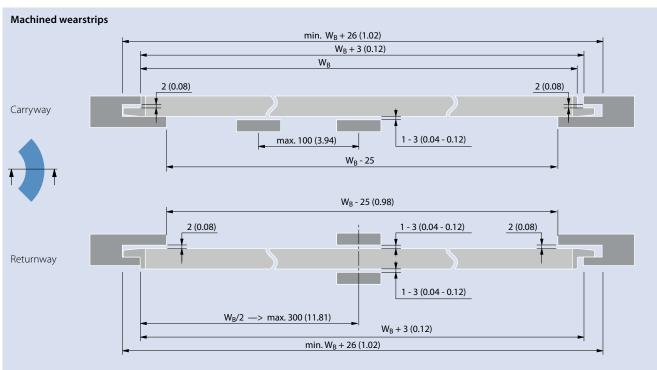




# 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

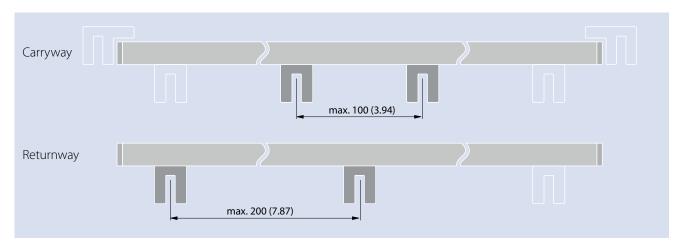
#### Wearstrip setup, S11 with Hold Down caps





#### Spacing between belt support wearstrips

As a rule of thumb we recommend allowing a maximum of 100 mm (3.94 in) of free belt between the supports on the carryway and 200s mm (7.87 in) on the returnway.



#### Preventing belt lift

If the center supports are positioned above the outmost support, the belt may form a slight convex surface with the highest point in the middle (red line below). On heavily loaded conveyors this may lead to the belt lifting out of the guides. It is therefore vital to ensure that the center supports are level with or lower than the outermost belt supports. To prevent any peak loads from forcing the belt out of the

guides, Forbo Movement Systems recommends positioning the center supports 1-3 mm (0.04-0.12 in) below the outer support surfaces.

This ensures that the belt will be pushed towards the center support (green line below) and not be pushed up and out of the guides.

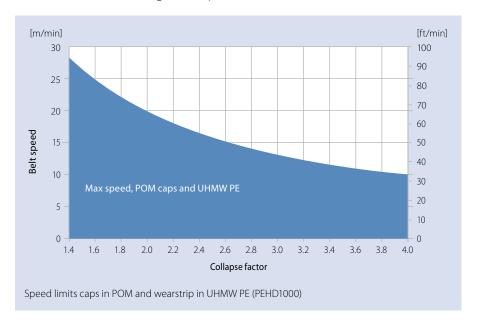


Series 5 and 9 are assembled with steel pins causing a higher stiffness. This reduces the tendency to belt lift in the first place and secondly makes the belt much more laterally stiff such that a lower positioned center wearstrip would not lead to a bow downwards but rather leave space between the wearstrip and belt.

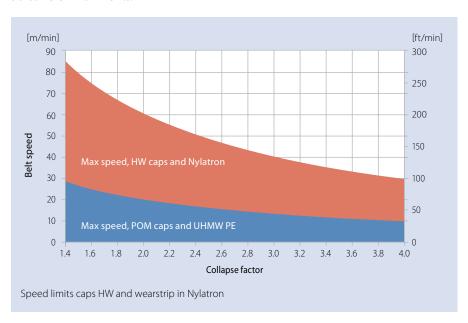
## 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

#### Admissible belt speed

Series 11 has been developed with special caps on the belt side, meaning that the material combination on this critical part of a side-flexing belt can be optimized. For the standard S11 belts, the caps or HD on the belt edge are made of POM. For these we recommend using wearstrips in UHMW PE, also known as PEHD1000.



For radius conveyors running at higher speeds, S11 offers an alternative with caps or HD on the belt edge made of a special robust, resistant material identified by material code HW. For these we recommend using wearstrips in Nylatron NSM, a special PA material with solid lubricant additives. This material combination will in general offer an extended service life for conveyors with heavy loads or conveyors running in abrasive environments.

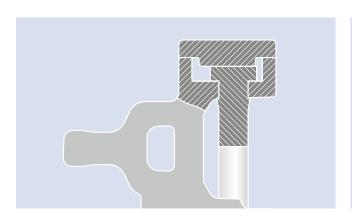


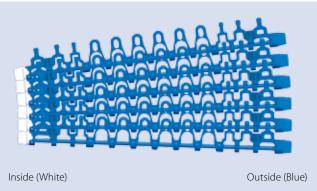
#### Belt edge color codes

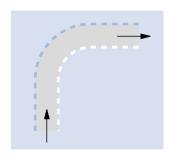
To optimize performance and ensure a consistent belt pull capacity, the S11 utilizes a headed hinge pin, ensuring the pins are always in contact with the outermost hinge.

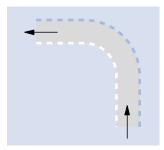
To benefit from this feature it is important that the pin head is located on the outer radius in the last curve. This is made easy by the unique color coding on the S11. The position of the pin head is marked by blue side caps/Hold Down caps (the opposite side is marked in white).

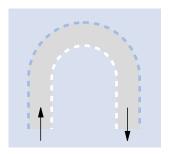
When fitting the belt it is important to remember this code - blue always on the outside (of the last curve). For high speed applications the caps and Hold Down caps are made in a special robust resistant material (HW material). These can be identified by a darker shade, so that the outside in HW will be dark blue and the inside will be light gray.

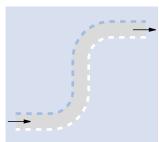




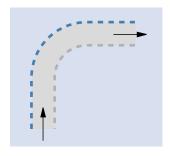


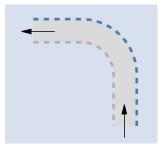


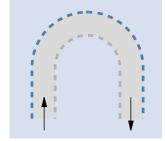


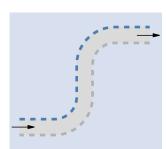


Belt with POM caps, blue outside, white inside









Belt with HW caps, dark blue on the outside, light grey on the inside

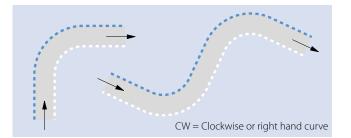
# 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

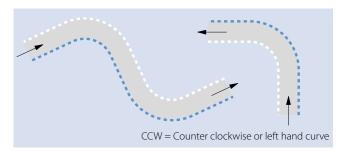
#### Belt nomenclature and ordering guidelines

When ordering it's important to consider the conveyor layout as the belt is built to fit. The pattern will depend on the direction of the last curve:

- If the last curve turns right, a clockwise belt needs to be ordered for the curve.
- If the last curve turns left, a counter-clockwise belt needs to be ordered for the curve.

A CW or a CCW code in the belt description indicates whether the belt is to be used for a left hand or right hand curve.





#### S11 with caps

Sketch	
Belt designations	S11-45 GRT CW POM-CR BL (POM BL/WT)  S11-45 GRT CCW POM-CR BL (POM WT/BL)
Description	CW = Clockwise (= Pin head is located on left-hand side/outer radius on the last curve)  CCW = Counter clockwise (= Pin head is located on right-hand side/outer radius on the last curve)  POM-CR = All side modules (blue) in POM-CR, center modules (white) in POM with flat cover caps on both sides  (POM BL/WT) = Caps in POM BL on the left hand side and POM WT on the right hand side
Components	S11 CAP POM BL (or WT for CCW)       \$55/\$11-45 GRT CM POM BL W100       \$11 CAP POM WT (or BL for CCW)         \$11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W172       \$4.1/\$8/\$11 PIN PBT BL D5       \$11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W122         \$11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W122       \$11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W172
Belt width	Minimum belt width: 175 mm (6.89 in) Width increment: 25 mm (0.98 in)

#### S11 with Hold Down caps in HW

#### Sketch S11-45 GRT CW HD POM-CR BL (HW DB/LG) **Belt designations** S11-45 GRT CCW HD POM-CR BL (HW LG/DB) CW = Clockwise (= Pin head is located on left-hand side/outer radius on the last curve) Description CCW = Counter clockwise (= Pin head is located on right-hand side/outer radius on the last curve) HD = Hold Down cap on both sides POM-CR = All side modules (blue) in POM-CR, center modules (white) in POM (HW DB/LG) = Hold Down caps in HW DB on the left hand side and HW LG on the right hand side S5/S11-45 GRT CM POM BL W100 S11 CAP HDR HW LG (DB for CCW) S11 CAP HDL HW DB (LG for CCW) Components S11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W172 S4.1/S8/S11 PIN PBT BL D5 S11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W122 S11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W122 S11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W172 Minimum belt width: 175 mm (6.89 in) **Belt width** Width increment: 25 mm (0.98 in) Belt width excludes the extending caps of each 10 mm (0.39 in), overall belt width is width (Wxxx) + 20 mm (0.79 in).

## 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

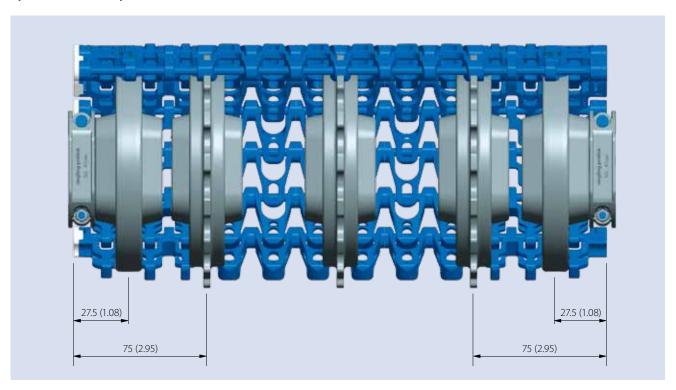
#### Sprocket positions and installation

S11 features a special concept where the load is distributed over the outermost hinges by moving the outermost sprocket 75 mm (2.95 in) from the belt edge. At the outermost part of the belt it is supported by idlers (sprocket without teeth) preventing the belt from deflecting at the transfer point.

Forbo Movement Systems recommends fixing the outer idlers on the shaft and preventing them from moving sideways by using retainer rings or other methods. As the belt is guided by the wearstrips, the sprockets should not be fixed and should be free to move sideways on the shaft.

Maximum distance between sprockets is 75 mm (2.95 in).

#### Sprocket and idler positions



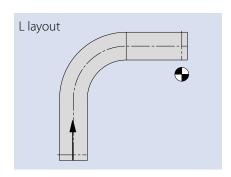
Dimensions in mm and inches (in). All imperial dimensions (inches) are rounded off.

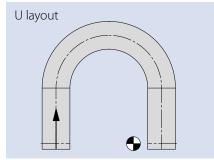
#### Combo belt S5 ST and S11

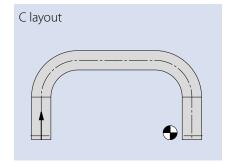
S11 and S5 ST can be combined. Combos will always have pins in stainless steel (SS). A combo can ensure the strength of the S5 ST combined with the narrow radius of S11.

#### Conveyor layout options for combo belts

Combo belts combining the tight radius feature of S11 with the high strength of S5 ST will normally only be used for uni-directional layouts (L, U and C) as the curve factor will depend on the direction of the turn.







#### Minimum requirements (straight and curved sections) for combo belts

A curve with S11 modules on the inside will have a collapse factor 0.05 higher than a normal S11.

Belt width	Collapse factor C <sub>c</sub> (S11 inside)
≤ 1000 mm (39.37 in)	1.45
> 1000 mm (39.37 in)	1.55

To ensure the belt operates smoothly with a minimum of fluctuations in belt speed and optimum load transmission from the drive sprockets, we recommend observing the following minimum requirements as regards the straight sections before, between and after curves:

- Minimum length of the straight in-feed section before the curve =  $1 \times \text{belt width}$ .
- Minimum length of the straight out-feed section after the  $curve = 2 \times belt width.$
- For two curves of the same directionthere are no requirements regarding the length of the sections in between.

#### Combo belt properties

The data below is based on an S5 ST design on the outside and an S11 on the inside.

#### Admissible belt pull for combo belts

Belt type Materials		Admissible bel	t pull (straight)	Admissible belt pull (curve)	
Belt type	Materials	[N/mm]	[lb/ft]	[N]	lb
	PP	18	1233	1200	270
S5 ST/S11-45 GRT	POM-CR	25	1733	2100	473
	PA	20	1370	1680	378

# 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

#### **Belt weight**

D.144	Makadala	Wei	ght
Belt type	Materials	[kg/m²]	[lb/ft²]
	PP	10.2	2.1
S5 ST/S11-45 GRT	POM-CR	13.2	2.7
	PA	12.2	2.5

#### Belt nomenclature and ordering guidelines for combo belts

A "CW" or a "CCW" code in the belt description indicates whether the belt is to be used for a left hand or right hand curve.

**CW** = Clockwise or right hand curve and

**CCW** = Counter clockwise or left hand curve.

Furthermore for combo belts the text description shows how the belt is combined:

- S5 ST/S11 = S5 ST on the left hand side and S11 on the right hand side = a clockwise belt
- S11/S5 ST = S11 on the left hand side and S5 ST on the right hand = a counter-clockwise belt

#### S5 ST/S11 combo (clockwise)

Sketch	
Belt designation	S5 ST/S11-45 GRT CW POM-CR BL (POM WT)
Description	CW = Clockwise (= SS pin with groove locked in the S5 ST module with clips on left-hand side) With flat cover caps on right hand side (inside radius on last curve) (in POM WT) POM-CR = All side modules (blue) in POM-CR, center modules (blue) in POM First listed name will be the left-hand side belt type (seen from above in travel direction)
Components	S5 CLP ST POM WT       S5/S11-45 GRT CM POM BL W100       S11 CAP POM WT         S5-45 GRT SML ST POM-CR DB W100       S5/S11-45 GRT CM POM BL W25       S11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W122         S5-45 GRT SML ST POM-CR DB W75       S5/S11 PIN ST SS D5       S11-45 GRT SMR POM-CR BL W172
Belt width	Minimum belt width: 175 mm (6.89 in) Width increment: 25 mm (0.98 in)

#### S11/S5 ST combo (counter-clockwise)

### Sketch S11/S5 ST-45 GRT CCW POM-CR BL (POM WT) **Belt designations** = Counter clockwise (= SS pin with groove locked in the S5 ST module with clips on right-hand side) Description With flat cover caps on left hand side (inside radius on last curve) (in POM WT) POM-CR = All side modules (blue) in POM-CR, center modules (blue) in POM First listed name will be the left-hand side belt type (seen from above in travel direction) Components S11 CAP POM WT S5/S11-45 GRT CM POM BL W100 S5 CLP ST POM WT S11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W122 S5/S11-45 GRT CM POM BL W25 S5-45 GRT SMR ST POM-CR DB W100 S11-45 GRT SML POM-CR BL W172 S5/S11 PIN ST SS D5 S5-45 GRT SMR ST POM-CR DB W75 **Belt width** Minimum belt width: 175 mm (6.89 in) Width increment: 25 mm (0.98 in)

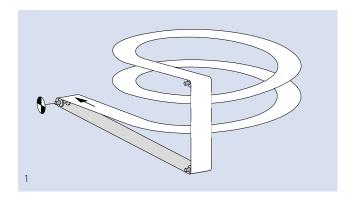
## 3.3 CONVEYOR LAYOUTS

### Spiral conveyors

Spiral conveyors are a special variant of side-flexing belts as they consist of basically one curve. Spirals are always ascending or descending along a rotating drum. One complete revolution around the drum is called a "tier". Spirals can have up to 20 and more tiers. Please note that the collapse factors and minimum inner radius apply for spiral applications.

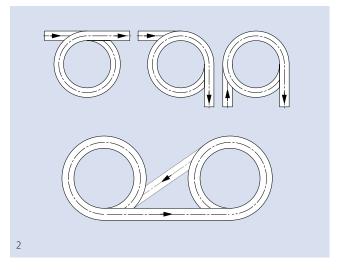
Our side-flexing belt series S5 & S9, S5ST/S11Combo can be used in spirals.

If you are planning a spiral conveyor please contact customer service and send us the completed spiral checklist (see chapter 6.5 Questionnaires).



Example of declined conveying to join two production units with different heights (1).

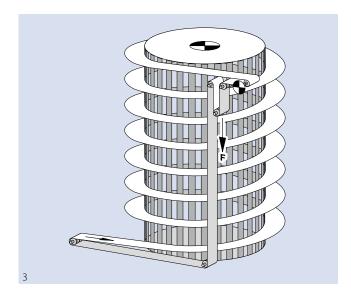
This type of design (without driven inner cage) should not have more than 2-3 tiers. For inclined conveying, the drive unit must be located at the end of the curve at the top. Make sure that the arc of contact on the drive shaft is approx. 180°.



Some possible layout options (2).

The main drive system is the driven inner cage, which consists of vertical bars (3). The curved belt is supported on the inner radius by the cage and is moved by traction between the belt and the cage. The direction of rotation of the cage determines whether the conveying is inclined or declined. The drive and tensioning unit depicted in the sketch provides the necessary belt tension. The speed of the motor must be coordinated with the speed of the cage drive.

It should be possible to move the tensioning unit a distance corresponding to approx. 1% of the belt length. The belt can be supported by wearstrips as described in chapter 3.2.



#### F2-F8 side modules (Series 9)

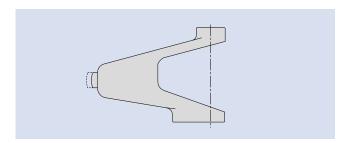
In spiral applications, drum radius and minimum radius of the belt should be aligned. the drum radius however may never be smaller than the belt radius – but should not be significantly larger than the minimum radius of the belt. A drum radius that is too high leaves space for the inside side modules to move, causing an unstable belt run and possibly product movement.

If you want to exceed the minimum radius we provide special F-side modules which reduce the space on the inside curve at higher radii.

$$\begin{array}{lll} p_{inside} = \frac{r_{drum}}{r_{drum} + W_B} \cdot p & \text{with:} \\ & p & = pitch \\ & p_{inside} = inside \, pitch \\ & r_{drum} & = radius \, of \, spiral \, drum \\ & W_B & = belt \, width \end{array}$$

 $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{C}}$ 

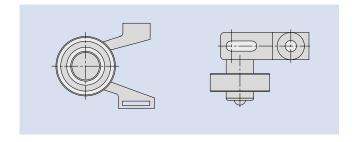
= collapse factor

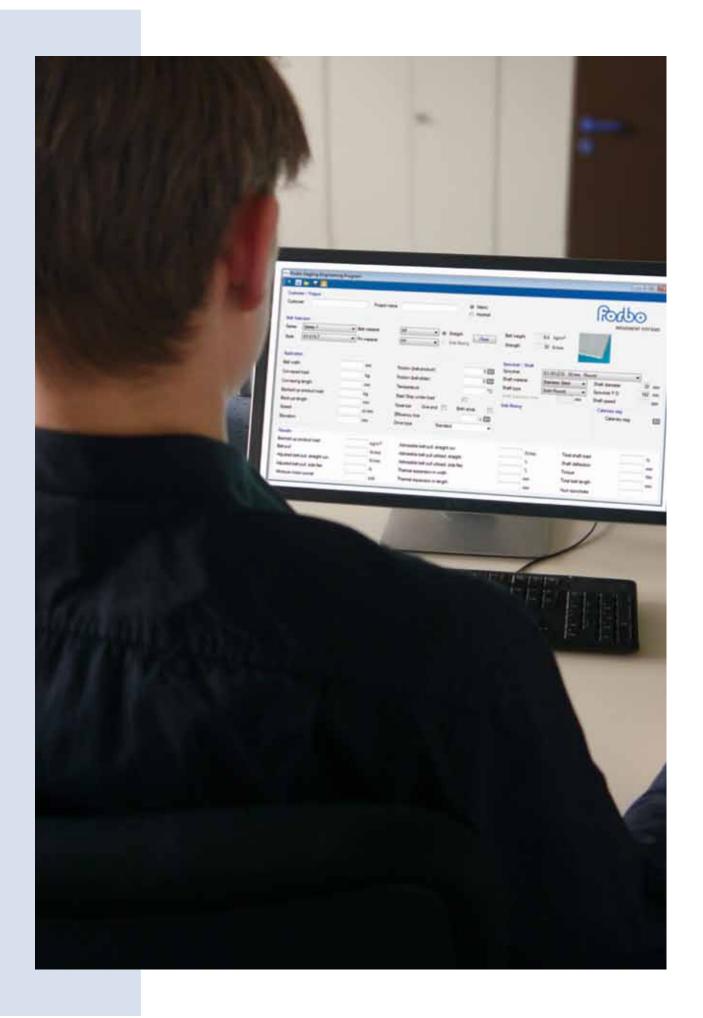


Module	<b>p</b> inside	<b>c</b> c
F2	34.05	2.12
F3	35.30	2.40
F4	36.30	2.65
F5	37.85	3.10
F6	39.35	3.68
F7	41.05	4.58
F8	42.35	5.50

#### Bearing tab (Series 5)

For smaller spirals with not more than 4 tiers, instead of a rotating drum special bearing tab modules can be used. The mounted roller bearings on the side modules run on a rigid drum. Friction forces are thereby reduced significantly.





# 4 CALCULATIONS

- 4.1 Four Step Method
- 4.2 Calculation example
- 4.3 Shaft calculations
- 4.4 Temperature influence on belt dimensions

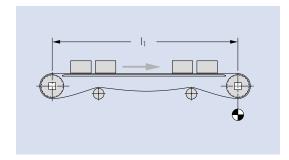
# 4.1 FOUR STEP METHOD

The following four steps will guide you through your belt design process. The symbols used are as follows:

	Designation	Symbols	Metric	Imperial
	Effective belt pull	F <sub>U</sub>	N	lb
	Adjusted belt pull	$F_{adj}$	N	lb
Forces	Adjusted belt pull per mm/in belt width	F' <sub>adj</sub>	$\frac{N}{mm}$	lb ft
	Admissible belt pull per mm/in belt width	F′ <sub>adm</sub>	$\frac{N}{mm}$	lb ft
	Nominal belt pull per mm/in belt width	F' <sub>nom</sub>	N mm	lb ft
S	Coefficient of friction belt to accumulated products	$\mu_{acc}$	-	-
ficient	Coefficient of friction belt to slider	$\mu_{s}$	-	-
& coef	Operational factor	C <sub>Op</sub>	-	-
Factors & coefficients	Temperature factor	$C_T$	-	-
	Conversion factor	g	9.81	1
	Conveyor length/Center to center distance	l <sub>c-c</sub>	m	ft
ons	Elevation of conveyor	h <sub>e</sub>	mm	in
Conveyor dimensions	Angle of incline/decline	$\alpha_{\rm i}$		
veyor d	Mass of conveyed product	m <sub>p</sub>	kg	slug
Con	Mass of entire belt in conveyor	$m_B$	kg	slug
	Belt width	$W_B$	mm	in

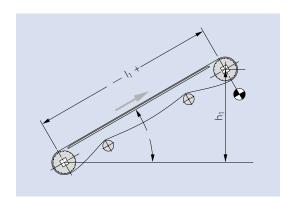
A complete list of all the symbols used in this Engineering Manual can be found in the appendix in chapter 6.2.

### Calculate effective belt pull F<sub>U</sub>



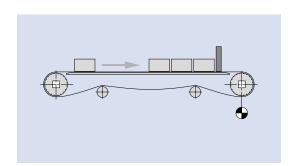
#### Straight running

$$F_u = \mu_s \cdot g \cdot (m_p + m_B)$$
 [N, lb]



#### Inclining

$$F_u \,=\, \mu_s \cdot g \,\cdot\, (m_p \,+\, m_B) \,\pm\, g \,\cdot\, m_p \,\cdot\, \sin\alpha$$
 [N, lb] 
$$(+=inclined)$$
  $(-=declined)$ 



#### Straight running with accumulation

$$F_u = \mu_s \cdot g \cdot (m_p + m_B) + \mu_{acc} \cdot g \cdot m_p$$
 [N, lb] 
$$(+ = inclined)$$
 (- = declined)

Note: For side-flexing belts the belt tension within the curve is concentrated in the outer module only. Furthermore it has to be taken into account that the additional radial forces directed to the inside of the curve lead to higher friction loss.

$$F_{U\,radius}\,=\,F_u\,\cdot\,W_B$$

For  $\mu_s$  and  $\mu_{acc}$  see <u>table friction factors 2.1.</u>

# 4.1 FOUR STEP METHOD

### В

### Calculate adjusted belt pull Fadj

The measurable belt pull is higher if the optimal operating conditions cannot be obtained. To take the operating conditions into account, the effective belt pull  $F_u$  is adjusted by the operational factor  $C_{\mathsf{Op}}$ 

$$F_{adj} = F_U \cdot C_{Op}$$

[N, lb]

with:

#### Operational factor Cop

	<b>C</b> <sub>1</sub>
Smooth operating conditions (smooth start)	+ 0
Start-stop operation (start when loaded)	+ 0.2
Belt speed greater than 30 m/min (100 ft/min)	+ 0.2
Nose bar at one end	+ 0.4
Nose bar both ends	+ 0.8
Swan-neck inclined conveyor	+ 0.4
Choose from drive configuration:	
Standard	+ 0
Belt center drive (bi-directional)	+ 0.2
Lower head drive	+ 0.1
Tail drive (push configuration)	+ 0.4
1 + ∑ C <sub>1</sub>	

Then calculate the adjusted belt pull per millimeter of belt width:

$$F'_{adj} \, = \, \frac{F_{adj}}{W_B}$$

[N/mm, lb/ft]



### Calculate admissible belt pull Fadm

Temperature can reduce the maximum belt pull capacity. To take this effect into account the admissible belt pull  $F'_{\text{adm}}$  is calculated with temperature factor

$$F'_{adm} = F'_{nom} \cdot C_T$$

[N/mm, lb/ft]

with:

#### Temperature factor C<sub>T</sub>

The tensile strength of the different materials increases at temperatures below 20 °C but at the same time other mechanical properties are reduced at low temperatures. Therefore the C<sub>T</sub> factor is set to 1.0 at temperatures below 20 °C. The temperatures relate to the actual belt temperature. Depending on the application and conveyor layout the temperature of the conveyed product may be different.

Celsius [°C]	Fahrenheit [°F]	Belt material					
from	from	PE	PP	POM	PA	PA HT	TPC1
-60	-76	1.0	-	-	-	-	-
-40	-40	1.0	-	1.0	-	-	-
-20	-4	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
0	32	1.0	1.0*	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
+20	68	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
+40	104	0.90	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.87
+60	140	0.62	0.85	0.96	0.95	1.0	0.75
+80	176	-	0.62	0.75	0.72	1.0	0.67
+100	212	-	0.45	-	0.50	1.0	-
+120	248	-	-	-	0.40	1.0	-
+ 140	284	-	-	-	-	1.0	-
+ 155	311	-	-	-	-	1.0	-

<sup>\*</sup> below  $+10\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  avoid impact on belt and ensure smooth start; below  $+5\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  PP is not recommended



### Validation of belt selection

Criteria for determining belt selection:

$$F'_{adj} < F'_{adm}$$

If this criteria is not fulfilled, change the material or belt series with a higher  $F'_{nom}$  value and repeat from Step A.

To calculate the utilization of belt strength use

$$\frac{F'_{adj}}{F'_{adm}}$$
 = utilization [%]

# 4.2 CALCULATION EXAMPLE

The example on the following pages shall illustrate the four step method.

The example on the left uses **metric** units. The example on the right uses **imperial** units

An easier and faster way of doing these calculations is to use our Siegling Prolink Calculation Program which you can download at www.forbo.com/movement > E-Tools.



Conveyor length  $I_{c-c} = 4 \text{ m}$  13.12 ft

Straight, no incline

Belt width  $W_B = 1000 \, \text{mm}$  3.28 ft Product load per meter belt length  $m_p = 700 \, \text{kg/m}$  470 lb/ft

Start-stop operation, normal conditions

Belt support material: hardwood

Belt speed v = 10 m/min 32.81 ft/min

Calculate total product load:

 $m_p = 700 \text{ kg/m} \cdot 4 \text{ m} = 2800 \text{ kg}$   $m_p = 470 \text{ lb/ft} \cdot 13.12 \text{ ft} = 6172 \text{ lb}$ 

Choose belt series: S8 FLT POM

Belt weight according to data sheet:  $m'_B = 11 \text{ kg/m}^2$  Belt weight according to data sheet:  $m'_B = 2.3 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

Calculate total belt weight:

 $m_B = 11 \text{ kg/m}^2 \cdot 8 \text{ m} \cdot 1 \text{ m} = 88 \text{ kg}$   $m_B = 2.3 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \cdot 26.24 \text{ ft} \cdot 3.28 \text{ ft} = 194 \text{ lb}$ 

Step A

Material pair hardwood.

Material pair hardwood.

POM under dry, regular conditions:  $\mu_s = 0.22$  POM under dry, regular conditions:  $\mu_s = 0.22$ 

S8 FLT POM:  $F'_{nom} = 40 \text{ N/mm}$  S8 FLT POM:  $F'_{nom} = 2740 \text{ lb/ft}$ 

Calculate effective belt pull:

 $F_U = 0.22 \cdot 9.81 \cdot (2800 \text{ kg} + 88 \text{ kg}) = 6232.88 \text{ N}$   $F_U = 0.22 \cdot 1 \cdot (6172 \text{ lb} + 194 \text{ lb}) = 1400.52 \text{ lb}$ 

Step B

Start-stop and normal operating conditions:  $C_{Op} = 1.2$  Start-stop and normal operating conditions:  $C_{Op} = 1.2$ 

Calculate adjusted belt pull:

 $F_{adj} = 1.2 \cdot 6232.88 \, \text{N} = 7479.46 \, \text{N}$   $F_{adj} = 1.2 \cdot 1400.52 \, \text{lb} = 1680.62 \, \text{lb}$ 

 $F'_{adj} = \frac{7479.46 \text{ N}}{1000 \text{ mm}} = 7.48 \text{ N/mm}$   $F'_{adj} = \frac{1680.62 \text{ lb}}{3.28 \text{ ft}} = 512.38 \text{ lb/ft}$ 

# 4.2 CALCULATION EXAMPLE

#### Step C

Operating temperature 65 °C:  $C_T = 0.96$ 

Operating temperature 65 °C:  $C_T = 0.96$ 

Calculate admissible belt pull:

 $F'_{adm} = 40 \text{ N/mm} \cdot 0.96 = 38.4 \text{ N/mm}$ 

 $F'_{adm} = 2740 \, lb/ft \cdot 0.96 = 2630.4 \, lb/ft$ 

#### Step D

Validate belt selection:

 $F'_{adj} = 7.48 \text{ N/mm} < 38.4 \text{ N/mm} = F'_{adm}$ 

 $F'_{adj} = 512.38 \text{ lb/ft} < 2630.4 \text{ lb/ft} = F'_{adm}$ 

Utilization:

7.48 : 38.4 = 19.5 %

512.38 : 2630.4 = 19.5%

The belt selection is fine. If you calculate a utilization of > 80 % you need to increase admissible belt pull by changing the material or series selection. Then restart the four step method.

## 4.3 SHAFT CALCULATIONS

#### Shaft load Fs

$$F_s = \sqrt{F_{adj}^2 + (m_s \cdot g)^2}$$

with:

 $F_s$  = shaft load [N, lb]

 $F_{adj}$  = adjusted belt pull [N, lb]

 $m_s = mass of shaft$ [kg, lb]

= force conversion factor  $[9.81 \text{ m/s}^2, 1]$ 

#### **Example:**

$$F_{adj} = 7479.46 \text{ N}$$

1 m x 60 mm square steel shaft:  $m_s = 28.26 \text{ kg}$ 

 $F_s = 7479.46 \, \text{N} + 28.26 \, \text{kg} \cdot 9.81 \, \text{m/s}^2 = 7756.69 \, \text{N}$ 

 $F_{adj} = 1680.62 lb$ 

 $1 \text{ m} \times 60 \text{ mm}$  square steel shaft:  $m_s = 18.99 \text{ lb}$ 

 $F_s = 1680.62 \, lb + 18.99 \, lb \cdot 1 = 1699.61 \, lb$ 

#### Shaft torque

$$M = \frac{F_{adj} \cdot D_0}{2}$$

with:

M = torque[Nm, ftlb]

 $F_{adj}$  = adjusted belt pull [N, lb]

 $D_0$  = pitch diameter of sprocket [mm, in]

#### **Example:**

$$F_{adj} = 7479.46 N$$

Sprocket S8 Z15:  $D_0 = 124 \text{ mm}$ 

$$M = \frac{7479.46 \text{ N} \cdot 124 \text{ mm}}{2} = 463.73 \text{ Nm}$$

$$F_{adj} = 1680.62 lb$$

Sprocket S8 Z15:  $D_0 = 0.41$  ft

$$M = \frac{1680.62 \text{ lb} \cdot 0.41 \text{ ft}}{2} = 341.73 \text{ lbft}$$

## 4.3 SHAFT CALCULATIONS

#### **Shaft deflection**

The deflection can be calculated using the following formulas:

$v = 5 \cdot Fs \cdot I_b^3$	[mm, in]
384 · F · I	

with:

Уs	= shaft deflection	[mm, in]
$F_s$	= shaft load	[N, lb]
$I_b$	= bearing center distance	[mm, in]
E	= modulus of elasticity	[MPa, psi]
I	= area moment of inertia	[mm <sup>4</sup> , in <sup>4</sup> ]
$W_s$	= edge length of square shaft	[mm, in]
$d_s$ , $d_{in}$ , $d_{out}$	= diameter of shaft	[mm, in]
t <sub>s</sub>	= wall thickness of shaft	[mm, in]

Material	$\begin{bmatrix} MPa & = \frac{N}{mm^2} \end{bmatrix}$	<b>E in</b> [10 <sup>6</sup> psi]
Steel	200000	29.01
Stainless steel	180000	26.11
Aluminum	700000	10.15

Shaft type	I	
Round	$\frac{\pi \cdot d_s^4}{64}$	
Hollow round	$\pi \cdot \frac{d_{out}^4 - d_{in}^4}{64}$	
Square	$\frac{W_S^4}{12}$	
Hollow square	$\pi \cdot \frac{W_S^4 - (W_S - 2 \cdot t_s)^4}{12}$	

#### **Example:**

 $F_s = 7756.69 \, N$ 

 $l_b = 1200 \text{ mm}$ 

E = for Steel: 200000 MPa

 $F_s = 1699.61 \text{ lb}$  $l_b = 47.24 \text{ in}$  $E = for Steel: 29.01 \cdot 10^6 psi$ 

Calculate area moment of inertia I for square shaft with edge length  $W_s = 60$  mm:

$$I = \frac{(60 \text{ mm})^4}{12} = 1080000 \text{ mm}^4$$

Calculate y<sub>s</sub>:

$$y_s = \frac{5 \cdot 7756.69 \,\mathrm{N} \cdot (1200 \,\mathrm{mm})^3}{384 \cdot 200000 \,\mathrm{N/mm^2} \cdot 1080000 \,\mathrm{mm^4}} = 0.81 \,\mathrm{mm}$$

Calculate area moment of inertia I for square shaft with edge length  $W_s = 2.36$  in:

$$I = \frac{(2.36 \text{ in})^4}{12} = 2.59 \text{ in}^4$$

Calculate y<sub>s</sub>:

$$y_s = \frac{5 \cdot 1699.61 \text{ lb} \cdot (47.24 \text{ in})^3}{384 \cdot 29007547 \text{ psi} \cdot 2.59 \text{ in}^4} = 0.32 \text{ in}$$

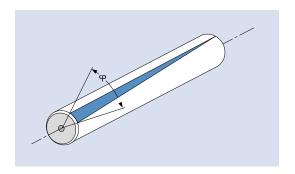
#### **Shaft torsion**

$$\phi = \ \frac{90 \ \cdot \ F_{adj} \ \cdot \ D_0 \ \cdot \ I_s}{\pi \ \cdot \ G \ \cdot \ I_T}$$

with:

φ	= torsion angle in drive shaft	[°]
$F_{adj} \\$	= adjusted belt pull	[N, lb]
$D_0$	= pitch diameter	[mm, in]
$I_s$	= shaft length	[mm, in]
G	= modulus in shear strength	[MPa, psi]
$I_{T}$	= torsional inertial force	[mm <sup>4</sup> , in <sup>4</sup> ]

For proper engagement we recommend not exceeding  $\phi$  by 0.5 ‰ of shaft length I<sub>s</sub> in mm.



Material	$G in \\ \left[ MPa = \frac{N}{mm^2} \right]$	<b>G in</b> [10 <sup>6</sup> psi]
Carbon steel	80000	11.6
Stainless steel	75000	10.88
Aluminum	27000	3.92

Shaft type	I <sub>T</sub> [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	
Round	$\pi \cdot \frac{d_s^4}{32}$	
Hollow round	$\pi \cdot \frac{d_{out}^4 \cdot d_{in}^4}{32}$	
Square	0.141 · W <sub>S</sub> <sup>4</sup>	
Hollow square	$0.127 \cdot (W_S^4 - 2 \cdot t_s)^4$	
Hexagon	$1.847 \cdot \left(\frac{W_{S}}{2}\right)^{4}$	

#### **Example:**

$$F_{adj} = 7479.46 N$$

Sprocket S8 Z15:  $D_0 = 124 \text{ mm}$ 

 $l_s = 1300 \, \text{mm}$ 

G for carbon steel: 8000 MPa

#### Calculate torsional inertia force I<sub>T</sub> for square shaft with edge length $W_s = 60 \text{ mm}$

$$I_T = 0.141 \cdot (60 \text{ mm})^4 = 1827360 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$\phi \ = \ \frac{90 \cdot 7479.46 \; \text{N} \cdot 124 \; \text{mm} \cdot 1300 \; \text{mm}}{\pi \cdot 80000 \; \text{MPa} \cdot 1827360 \; \text{mm}^4} \ = \ 0.236^\circ$$

0.5% of 1300 mm =  $0.65 > 0.236 = \varphi$ 

$$F_{adj} = 1680.62 lb$$

Sprocket S8 Z15:  $D_0 = 4.88$  in

 $l_s = 51.18 \text{ in}$ 

G for carbon steel:  $11.6 \cdot 10^6$  psi

#### Calculate torsional inertia force I<sub>T</sub> for square shaft with edge length $W_s = 2.36$ in:

$$I_T = 0.141 \cdot (2.36 \text{ in})^4 = 4.37 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\phi = \frac{90 \cdot 1680.62 \text{ lb} \cdot 4.88 \text{ in} \cdot 51.18 \text{ in}}{\pi \cdot 11.6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ psi} \cdot 4.37 \text{ in}^4} = 0.236^\circ$$

0.5 % of 1300 mm =  $0.65 > 0.236 = \varphi$ 

### 4.3 SHAFT CALCULATIONS

#### Power requirement at the drive drum

$$P_S = \frac{F_{adj} \cdot v}{6000}$$

with:

 $P_S$  = power at drive end of shaft

[kW, hp]

 $F_{adi}$  = adjusted belt pull

[N, lb]

= speed

[m/min, ft/min]

#### **Example:**

$$P_s = \frac{7479.46 \text{ N} \cdot 10 \text{ m/min}}{60000} = 1.25 \text{ kW}$$

$$P_s = 1680.62 \text{ lb} \cdot 32.81 \text{ ft/min} = 341.73 \text{ hp}$$

Please note that the calculated power is the net power necessary at the drive drum and does not take efficiency losses of e.g. the motor or gearbox into account. Furthermore it is recommend to install a motor with a reasonable reserve capacity.

#### **Shaft revolutions**

$$R_S \,=\, \frac{v \,\cdot\, 1000}{D_0 \,\cdot\, \pi}$$

$$R_S = \frac{v \cdot 12}{D_0 \cdot \pi}$$

with:

 $R_S$  = shaft revolutions [1/min] = belt speed [m/min, ft/min]  $D_0$  = pitch diameter [mm, in]

#### **Example:**

$$v = 10 \text{ m/min}$$

Sprocket S8 Z15: 
$$D_0 = 124 \text{ mm}$$

$$R_s = \frac{10 \text{ m/min} \cdot 1000}{124 \text{ mm} \cdot \pi} = 25.67 \frac{1}{\text{min}}$$

$$v = 32.81 \text{ ft/min}$$

Sprocket S8 Z15: 
$$D_0 = 4.88$$
 in

$$R_s = \frac{32.81 \text{ ft/min} \cdot 12}{4.88 \text{ mm} \cdot \pi} = 25.68 \frac{1}{\text{min}}$$

### 4.4 TEMPERATURE INFLUENCE ON BELT DIMENSIONS

Plastics can expand or contract significantly when temperatures fluctuate. To calculate dimension changes in width and length, the following formulas are used

$\Delta I = I_B \cdot (T_2 - T_1) \cdot \alpha$	[mm, in]
$\Delta  W =  W_B  \cdot  (T_2  -  T_1)  \cdot  \alpha$	[mm, in]
$\Delta I = \text{change in length}$	[mm, in]
$\Delta W = $ change in width	[mm, in]
+ = elongation	
– = contraction	

= belt length at initial temperature

W<sub>B</sub> = belt width at initial temperature [mm, in] [°C, °F]  $T_2$  = operating temperature

= initial temperature (normally 21 °C/70 °F) [°C, °F]

= coefficient of thermal expansion [mm/m °C, 10<sup>6</sup> in/in °F] (see table)

Conversion:  $\frac{10^{-6} \text{ in}}{\text{in} \cdot {}^{\circ}\text{F}} = 555.5 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{m} \cdot {}^{\circ}\text{C}}$ 

Material	α* <u>mm</u> m ⋅ °C	α* <u>10<sup>-6</sup> · in</u> in · °F
PA	0.12	66.6
PA-HT	0.10	55.5
PBT	0.16	88.8
PE	0.21	116.6
POM	0.12	66.6
PP	0.15	83.3
PXX-HC	0.15	83.3
Metals		
CS	0.012	6.6
SS	0.017	9.4
SSS	0.016	8.9

<sup>\*</sup> Average values for the admissible temperature range

#### **Example:**

At an ambient temperature of 20.1 °C, the belt is used for conveying hot goods, resulting in an operating temperature of 90 °C. Belt length 30 m, belt width 1 m, belt material polypropylene.

$$\Delta I_B = 30 \text{ m} \cdot (90 - 21)^{\circ}\text{C} \cdot 0.15 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{m} \cdot {}^{\circ}\text{C}} = 314.6 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta W_B = 1 \text{ m} \cdot (90 - 21)^{\circ}\text{C} \cdot 0.15 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{m} \cdot {^{\circ}\text{C}}} = 10.5 \text{ mm}$$

At an ambient temperature of 70°F, the belt is used for conveying hot goods, resulting in an operating temperature of 194°F. Belt length 1181.1 in, belt width 39.37 in, belt material polypropylene.

$$\Delta I_B = 1181.1 \text{ in} \cdot (194 - 70)^{\circ} \text{F} \cdot 83.3 \frac{10^{-6} \text{ in}}{\text{in} \cdot {}^{\circ} \text{F}} = 12.2 \text{ in}$$

$$\Delta W_B = 39.37 \text{ in} \cdot (194 - 70)^{\circ} \text{F} \cdot 83.3 \frac{10^{-6} \text{ in}}{\text{in} \cdot {}^{\circ} \text{F}} = 0.41 \text{ in}$$

The increase in belt length of 315 mm is significant which means that the returnway must be able to absorb the additional belt sag. In order to accommodate the increase in width, the conveyor frame must have a wider design.

[mm, in]

When operating at temperatures below 21 °C (70 °F), the length and width contract. Especially in freezer applications, the reduction in length and width can be significant and this must be accommodated in the conveyor design and during belt installation. The initial belt length needs to be considered in particular when belts are installed at ambient temperatures but are expected to subsequently operate below freezing point, resulting in a significantly shorter belt length.



# **OPERATING** INSTRUCTIONS

- 5.1 Preparing for the installation
- 5.2 Sprocket installation
- 5.3 Joining belt sections installing and removing hinge pins
- 5.4 Installing a modular belt
- 5.5 Maintenance and repair
- 5.6 Cleaning
- 5.7 Preventive maintenance and troubleshooting

### 5.1 PREPARING FOR THE INSTALLATION

#### Steps prior to belt installation

- Inspect the condition and functionality of the conveyor and all relevant conveyor components, i.e. drives, drive chains or belts, shafts, sprockets, wearstrips, bearings, support shoes and rollers. Repair or replace any damaged or worn components.
- Pay particular attention to the condition of the wearstrips. Even if the wearstrips are new, make sure the surface is clean and smooth and has no particles such as sand, dust or weld splatter embedded. New wearstrips may have become dirty if work on the conveyor has taken place after the wearstrips were installed. Running a hand over the wearstrip surface will reveal embedded particles. If the surface is not smooth, the wearstrip must either be replaced or the embedded particles must be removed.
- Failure to ensure clean and smooth wearstrip surfaces prior to installing the belt may reduce the belt life significantly.
- Check wearstrip joints for alignment and smoothness. Verify correct height between wearstrips and drive and idler shafts to ensure correct sprocket engagement. If applicable, verify the distance between sprockets and snub rollers as well as the distance between returnway rollers.
- If necessary, clean the conveyor, including frame, carryway and returnway supports, shafts, support rollers and shoes and replace any damaged or worn components.
- If possible, do not unpack the belt until immediately before the installation. Unpack the belt at the installation site and avoid dragging or rolling the belt over rough or dirty floors.

#### Additional inspection and checklist for radius conveyors utilizing series 5, series 9 and series 11

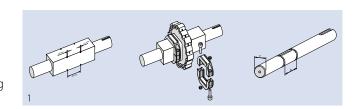
- For series 11 conveyors, verify the conveyor is built to Forbo Movement Systems specifications as outlined in "Series 11/Combo belts - Design guidelines and recommendations for use" (ref. no. 201)
- Using a section of the belt, ensure the belt can move freely on the wearstrips through the entire belt path on both carryway and returnway.
- Using a section of the belt, ensure the belt engages correctly with drive and idler sprockets without touching any obstructions such as transfer plates.
- Ensure the sidewall-mounted wearstrips in the curves are correctly positioned to prevent the outer edge of the belt from lifting as the belt goes through the curve(s) and is pushed against the wearstrips guiding the inside of the belt.
- After installing the entire belt, and prior to starting the drive motor, check that the belt can move freely on the wearstrips without constrictions on the carryway and the returnway.
- If possible, start the conveyor at low speed and verify that the belt is running smoothly, engages with all sprockets and that no belt lifting is occurring.

### 5.2 SPROCKET INSTALLATION

#### **Belt tracking**

Correct belt tracking are realized by either guiding wearstrips or by one (1) of the sprockets on drive and idler shaft.

Forbo Movement Systems recommend guiding side-flexing belts using the wearstrip (see next page). For straight running belts, either tracking method can be used.



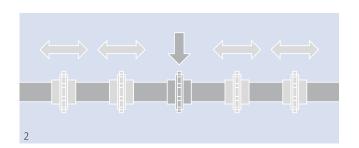
#### Belt tracking by sprockets (straight running belts)

When using sprockets for tracking the centermost sprocket must be securely locked to the shaft by retainer rings, Seeger circlip rings or similiar (1).

Only lock and secure the center sprockets on the shafts. All other sprockets must be allowed to move freely on the shaft to accommodate variations in the belt width if changes in operating temperature occur (2).

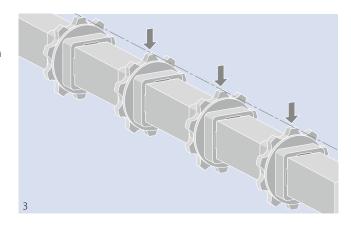
By locking the centermost sprocket equal distribution of belt width expansion and contraction is ensured.

When installing sprockets for belts with profiles an side guards, do not position sprockets directly underneath the side guards.



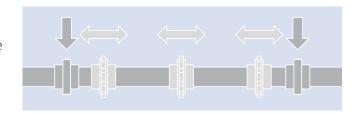
#### Sprocket alignment

Make sure all sprocket teeth are aligned when installing the sprockets (3). Failure to do so will prevent the sprockets from engaging correctly with the belt.



#### Belt tracking by side wearstrips (side-flexing belts)

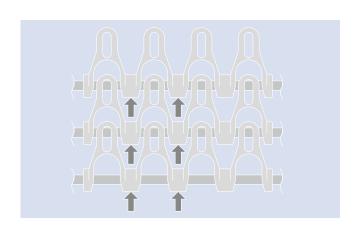
Since belts are guided by wearstrips mounted on the conveyour sidewalls, all sprockets must be allowed to move freely on the shaft.



#### Series 5 and Series 9 sprocket installation

Series 5, series 9 and series 11 sprockets must engage the belt as shown by the arrows.

Series 5 single-row sprockets must not be installed with the sprocket teeth engaging in the gap between side modules and center modules. This means the minimum belt width is 175 mm. Consequently the first sprocket is to be positioned 62.5 mm from belt edge.

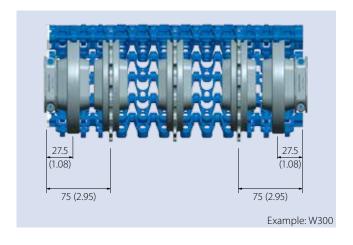


#### Series 11 sprocket installation

Series 11 features a unique concept which evens the load distribution over the side modules. This is accomplished by utilizing axially secured idler rollers that support the belt and by installing the two outermost sprockets at a minimum distance of 75 mm from the edge of the belt.

Series 11 utilizes idler rollers to support the belt between the outermost sprockets and the sides of the belt.

Idler rollers must be locked with retainer rings on the outside of the idler roller.



# 5.3 JOINING BELT SECTIONS

#### Installing and removing hinge pins

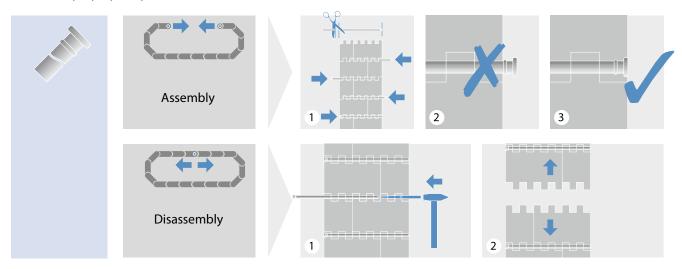
Depending on the series, Siegling Prolink Modular Belts utilize hinge pins with heads and locking collars or with locking collars only. Series 5 and series 9 belts in radius belt applications utilize stainless steel pins with machined grooves.

If the belt is wider than the longest molded pin, it is either assembled with two molded pins per row, or if the belt is

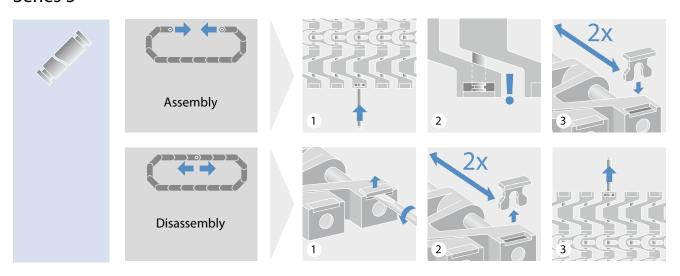
more than twice the width of the longest pin, with three pins per row. In case of the latter, an extruded head-less and collar-less pin is floating between two pins with molded heads and/or locking collars.

For instructions on how to install and remove hinge pins, please refer to the specific belts series shown in the illustrations below.

#### Series 1, 2, 3, 4.1, 8

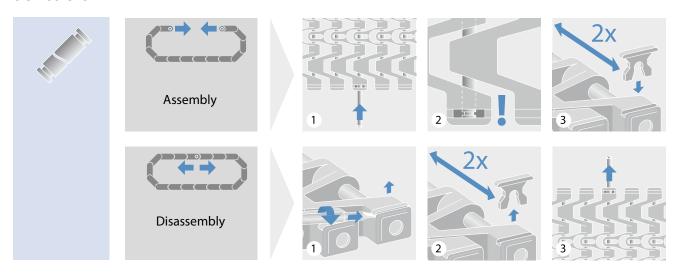


#### Series 5

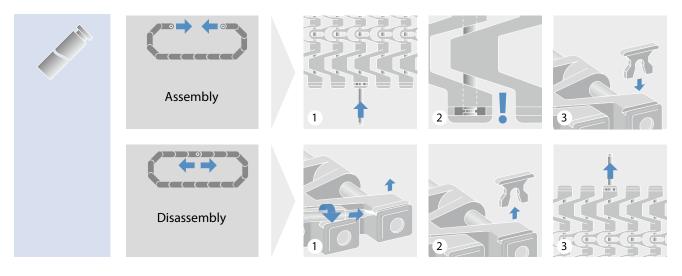


# 5.3 JOINING BELT SECTIONS

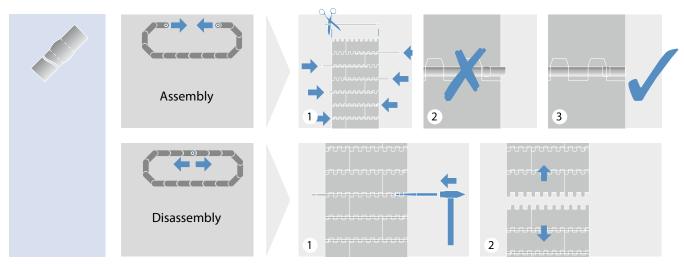
### Series 5 ST



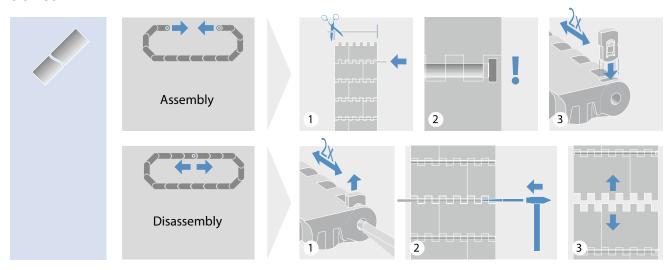
### Combo belts (S5 ST and S11)



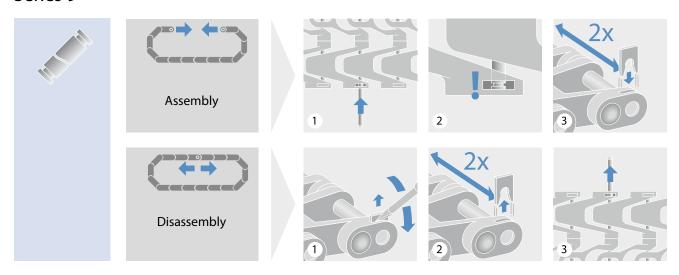
Series 6.1, 10, 13



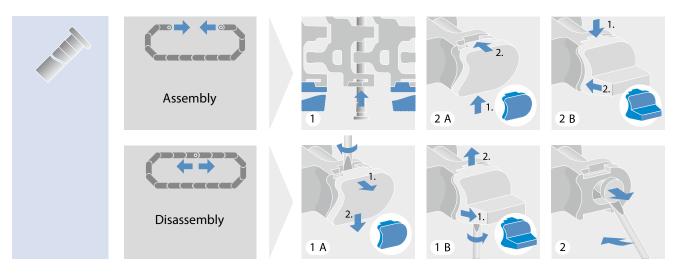
### Series 7



### Series 9

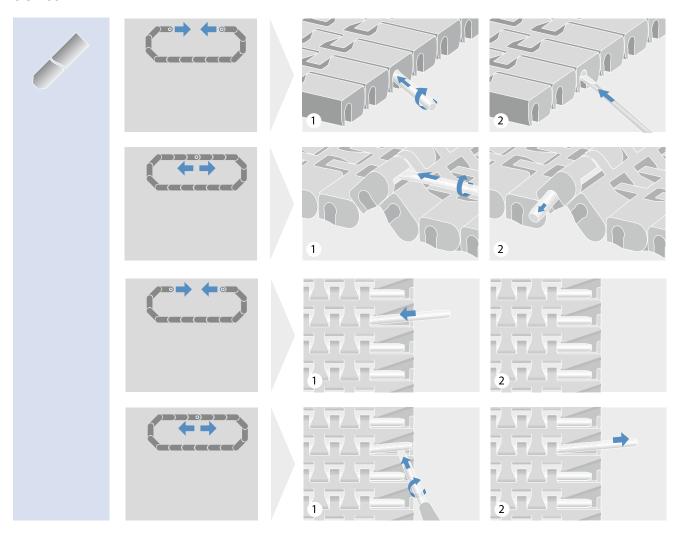


### Series 11

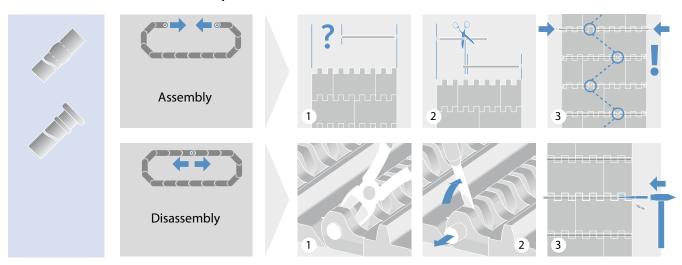


# 5.3 JOINING BELT SECTIONS

Series 14

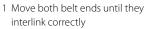


### Belts with more than one pin



## 5.4 INSTALLING A MODULAR BELT







2 Insert rod

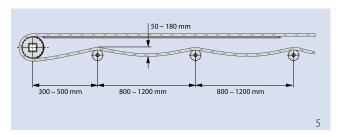
 Lay the belt/belt sections flat on the wearstrips on the conveyor frame. Join belt sections using the hinge pins included with the shipment (1–4). Avoid impact to belt and sprockets during installation.

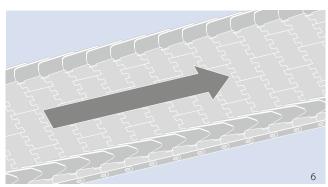


3 Gently tap its head into retaining position



4 Cut protruding rod end slightly behind belt edge





- Make sure the belt is not under tension when joining belt sections and ensure correct sprocket engagement when pulling the belt around drive and idler sprockets (5).
- If applicable, ensure correct belt length by allowing an appropriate amount of catenary sag between snub rollers and support rollers (5).
- Ensure correct running direction when installing a belt with side guard or profiles (6).
- Always follow the conveyor manufacturers operating instructions when operating the conveyor and the belt.

## 5.5 MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

- All modular belts stretch as they break in during the first few weeks of operation. This is normal and should be expected. Depending on the belt load and operating environment, additional belt stretching is common.
- After the initial break-in period, the belt will probably have to be shortened. This can be accomplished by adjusting the take-up mechanism, if there is one, or by removing one or more row(s) of belting.
- If the belt has more than one module across the width, verify the integrity of the belt bricklaying pattern after removing the excess belt length. If the pattern is compromised, remove one additional row of belting or reinsert a row.
- Ensure an appropriate amount of catenary sag on the returnway after shortening the belt.

- Inspect the belt regularly to make sure it is operating properly. The frequency of the inspections depends on the general operating conditions, e.g. load, speed, abrasiveness of the application, cleaning intervals, operating temperature, etc.
  - Inspect sprockets for wear and alignment.
  - Check that the belt is tracking properly.
  - Inspect belt modules, profiles and side guards for damage and wear.
  - Inspect the belt for protruding hinge pins.
  - Inspect the conveyor for loose wearstrips/belt supports.
- Broken or worn parts must be replaced immediately to ensure problem-free operation.

## 5.6 CLEANING

- Regular cleaning is highly recommended. Cleaning reduces the overall wear of the belt, sprockets and hinge pins and increases belt life. The specific cleaning intervals depend on the application and the operating environment.
- Optimal cleaning solutions and methods depend on the specific application and industry requirements. The food processing industry has exceedingly stringent hygiene and sanitation requirements, such as HACCP, and increasingly follows sanitation benchmarks set by the Global Food Safety Initiative. Adhering to the applicable sanitation standards is the responsibility of the user.
- Belt materials are often selected based on application requirements, e.g. abrasion resistance, load and operating temperature. However, different materials have different levels of chemical resistance (please see chapter 2.1 "Plastic materials (Properties)" for the relative chemical resistance of standard belt materials against commonly used chemicals).

- Verify that the cleaning agent is suitable for the specific belt material prior to cleaning.
  - If in doubt about the suitability of the cleaning solution, please consult the supplier of the cleaning solution.
  - When using hot water for cleaning, do not exceed the maximum temperature allowed for the belt material.
  - Never exceed the recommended chemical concentration or the exposure time of the cleaning solution. High chemical concentrations, and high chlorine concentrations in particular, will degrade plastic materials prematurely.
  - Always rinse the belt thoroughly with water after cleaning.

# 5.7 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

## The belt is not tracking properly; the belt edges touch the frame

Sprockets are not aligned	If the total number of teeth of a sprocket with a square bore is not divisible by 4, the sprockets must be "timed" by aligning the teeth.
Sprockets on the drive and/or idler shafts are misaligned; the locked center sprocket on either shaft is incorrectly positioned or loose	The center sprocket on the drive and idler shafts must be aligned, positioned in the center of the shaft and engage the belt. Check the retaining devices to ensure the center sprockets are securely fastened on the shafts.
Conveyor frame is not level and square	Check and adjust if necessary.
Drive and idler shafts are not level and/or square with each other	Check and adjust if necessary.
Two or more belt sections are misaligned and joined incorrectly, i.e. the belt edges are not straight	Inspect belt for unevenly joined belt sections; realign the belt section(s).

## Sprockets do not engage correctly or sufficiently

Incorrect "A" dimension and/or too large a gap between sprockets and end of wearstrips	Adjust the position of the shaft(s) to attain the recommended dimensions.
Sprockets are not aligned	If the total number of teeth of a sprocket with a square bore is not divisible by 4, the sprockets must be "timed" by aligning the teeth.
	Check if the axial position of the sprockets are aligned to the engagement points of the belt. Check if the sprockets can freely move sideways on the shaft.
Insufficient belt tension	Make sure there is sufficient catenary sag to provide back tension. This can be ensured by using a weighted roller (see chapter 3.3)
Not enough belt wraps around the sprockets	The recommended belt wrap around the sprocket is between 180° and a minimum of 150°. To ensure a 180° wrap, install a snub roller or move the existing snub roller.

# 5.7 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive sprocket wear	
Abrasive conditions	Improve cleaning methods and frequency or add protective shields to reduce the amount of abrasive material coming into contact with the belt and sprockets.  Use TPC1 sprockets or stainless steel sprockets.
Not enough sprockets	Verify that the recommended minimum number of sprockets is used. Too few sprockets will cause premature sprocket wear. Add sprockets if necessary.
Sprockets are not aligned	If the total number of teeth of a sprocket with a square bore is not divisible by 4, the sprockets must be "timed" by aligning the teeth.
Incorrect "A" dimension and/or too large a gap between sprocket and end of wearstrips	Adjust the position of the shaft(s) to attain the recommended dimensions.
Sprockets on the drive and/or idler shaft are misaligned; the locked center sprocket on either shaft is incorrectly positioned or is loose	The center sprocket on the drive and idler shafts must be aligned, positioned in the center of the shafts and engage the belt. Check the retaining devices to ensure the center sprockets are securely fastened on the shafts.
High belt speed	High belt speed will increase sprocket wear, especially on conveyors with a short center distance. Reduce speed if possible.
High belt tension	High belt tension will increase sprocket wear. Make sure there is an appropriate amount of catenary sag.

Excessive belt wear	
Abrasive conditions	Improve cleaning methods and frequency or add protective shields to reduce the amount of abrasive material coming in contact with belt and sprockets. Use TPC1 sprockets or stainless steel sprockets.
Incorrect belt material	Check material specifications to ensure the optimal material is used. Contact your Forbo Movement Systems sales representative for a recommendation.
Incorrect wearstrip material	Check material specifications to ensure the optimal material is used. Contact your Forbo Movement Systems sales representative for a recommendation.
Incorrect wearstrip arrangement	Check the wearstrips are placed according to design guidelines. Contact your Forbo Movement Systems sales representative for recommendations.
Product loading	If wear occur where product is loaded onto the belt, reduce the distance between the product and the belt if possible.
High belt speed	High belt speed will increase wear, especially on conveyors with a short center distance. Reduce belt speed if possible.

## Belt stretching; excessive catenary sag

Abrasive conditions	Improve cleaning methods and frequency or add protective shields to reduce the amount of abrasive material coming in contact with belt and sprockets. Use TPC1 sprockets or stainless steel sprockets.
Incorrect belt tension	Adjust tension by adding or reducing catenary sag.
Incorrect belt or hinge pin material	Check belt and hinge pin material used. Contact your Forbo Movement Systems sales representative to confirm the correct material for the application.
Varying operating temperature	Varying operating temperatures can cause the belt to elongate and/or contract significantly. Verify that the catenary sag can accommodate the elongation/contraction. It may be necessary to install a gravity take-up or a pneumatic tensioning device.

## Hinge pins are migrating out of the belt

Pins are not properly locked Check if pin h	
necessary.	eads, locking collars, clips or belt edge modules are damaged. Replace if
	oriate pin material with in consultation with Forbo Movement Systems. and reinstall/replace with new, shorter pins.
Pins elongate due to high load High transvers adjust accordi	se forces on pin. Conveyor frame is not level and square. Check frame and ingly.
Pins do not lock correctly and are too loose or too tight. Verify the pins	s are of the correct type.
This can make hinge pin lock	plications "camshafting" can occur (uneven lateral wear of the hinge pins).  It difficult to extract the hinge pins, particularly in wide belts. Cut off the king collar and carefully knock out the hinge pin from one side, using a pin and a hammer.



# 6 APPENDIX

- 6.1 Glossary
- 6.2 Glossary of symbols
- 6.3 Additional tables
- 6.4 Conversion table metric/imperial
- 6.5 Questionnaire
- 6.6 Notes
- 6.7 Legal notes

# 6.1 GLOSSARY

Term	Explanation
Accumulation length	Length of product accumulation in running direction of the belt. Also known as "Back-up length"
Adjusted belt pull	Effective pelt pull which is adjusted by taking into account the operational factor
Admissible belt pull	Actual allowable belt pull after weakening effects like temperature are taken into account in the nominal belt strength
Back flex	Opposite of front flex. Negative bending of the belt.
Backed up product load	The load (product weight) accumulating on top of the belt
Back-up length	Length of product accumulation in running direction of the belt. Also referred to as "Accumulation length"
Belt width	Shortest distance between belt edges
Bi-directional drive	Drive system with a motor on each side allowing the conveyor to run in both directions
Brick-laid pattern	Belt modules are staggered from row to row like bricks in a wall. This is to avoid cross joints.
Carryway	Transport side of the belt.
Catenary sag	Unsupported part of belt which provides tensioning of the belt
CCW	Abbreviation for counter-clockwise
Center drive	Or Omega drive. A conveyor with the drive shaft located below the conveyor on the return path with the belt wrapping around the sprocket like an upside-down $\Omega$ .
Chordal action	See "Polygon effect"
Coefficient of friction	Ratio between the force required to move two sliding surfaces over each other, divided by the force pressing the together
Coef. of friction Belt – Curve	Defines the resistance to sliding between the belt and the radius wearstrip exposed to the radial force in a curve. This is normally between the inner wearstrip and the belt edge
Coef. of friction Belt – Product	Defines the resistance to products sliding on the belt surface. Mainly relevant for load calculation on accumulating conveyor
Coef. of friction Belt – Slider	Defines the resistance to sliding between the conveyor bed (slider) and the bottom side of the belt
Coefficient of thermal expansion	Coefficient used to calculate the change in dimensions due to a temperature change
Collapse factor	Defines the minimum inside radius a side flexing PMB is capable of as a function of the belt width
Conveyed load	Total weight of product conveyed on the belt
Conveying length	Center to center distance ( $C-C$ ), measured from conveyor head to tail at center of the drive/idler shaft

Term	Explanation
CW	Abbreviation for clockwise
Decline conveyor	Lowerator. A (section of) conveyor lowering products from a higher level to a lower level
Effective belt pull	Belt pull calculated by taking weight of belt, product and friction forces into consideration
Elevation	The vertical change in altitude for an incline conveyor
EU	Material complies with standards for food contact articles in at least one member state of the European Union
FDA	Food and Drug Administration. Federal US agency which regulates materials that may come in contact with food
Finger plates	Special transferplate used only for raised rib belts. It ensures smooth product transfers.
Flat top belt	Standard belt with a flat smooth surface
Gravity take-up	System which uses a weighted roller (->gravity) to tension the belt
Grid top	Mesh or web like surface structure with a very large open area (> 40 %)
Hold Down Tab	Special modules which can be inserted into the middle of the belt to hold it down in back-flexing sections
Idling shaft	The shaft of a conveyor that is not driven (most tail shafts)
Incline conveyor	A (section of) conveyor lifting products up an incline
Indent	Distance of width from the belt edge to beginning of a structure (e.g. side guard, profile, etc.)
Lower head drive	Conveyor with lowered drive shaft to reduce the transfer gap
Nominal belt pull	Maximum theoretical belt pull under ideal conditions
NSF International	NSF International is a product testing, inspection and certification organization based in Ann Arbor, Michigan
Omega drive	See "Center drive"
Open hinge	Hinges that are easy to clean
Opening	Percent open area of a belt's surface
Operational factor	Operational factor is used to calculate adjusted belt pull from effective belt pull
Pitch	Distance between pins
Pitch diameter	Effective diameter of a sprocket

# 6.1 GLOSSARY

	Term	Explanation		
	PMB	Plastic Modular Belt		
	Polygon effect	Also referred to as "chordal action". An impression of the variation in linear belt speed cause by the sprocket not forming a true arc but a polygon.		
	Profile	Profile modules have a molded vertical plate used to elevate products on incline conveyors.		
	Pusher drive	Tail driven conveyor		
	PV limit	A value defined for two mating materials which expresses the pressure (P) and velocity(V) limitations when materials side against each other		
S	Screw-operated take-up	Rigid pre-tensioning system using screws		
	Side flexing belt	Belt with the ability to side flex allowing it to run in curves. May also be referred to as radius conveyors/belts.		
	Side guards	Small plates that are assembled close to belt edge to prevent product falling from the belt edge		
	Slider bed	Fully closed plate supporting the belt (may have holes or gaps to allow dirt or debris to escape)		
	Slider support	See "wearstrip"		
	Spiral conveyor	Belt helically wrapped around a drum.		
	Sprocket	Wheel with teeth that engages with the modules of a belt to provide positive torque transmission		
	Structure	Parts of a module or belt which provide specific attributes.		
T	Take-up Belt tensioning device			
	Temperature expansion coefficient	Coefficient of thermal expansion is used to calculate the change in dimensions due to temperature changes		
	Temperature factor, c <sub>T</sub>	Polymers (plastic) get softer with increasing temperature. The temperature factor will reduce the belt pull capacity with increasing temperature depending on belt material.		
	Thermal expansion	Temperature dependent change in dimension (+ or –) caused by the material's temperature expansion coefficient		
	Total belt length	Actual belt length necessary to wrap around the conveyor		
U	USDA	United States Department of Agriculture. US federal agency which has defined requirements for equipment which may be in contact with meat and poultry or dairy. Compliance verification for PMB is managed by NSF International		
V	V-shape arrangement	Belt wearstrips arranged in V-shape or "chevron"		
W	Wearstrip	Plastic strips on which the belt runs or is guided.		

# 6.2 GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

	Designation	Symbols	Metric	Imperial
	Effective belt pull	F <sub>U</sub>	N	lb
	Adjusted belt pull	F <sub>adj</sub>	N	lb
	Adjusted belt pull per mm/ft belt width	F' <sub>adj</sub>	<u>N</u> mm	<u>lb</u> ft
Forces	Admissible belt pull	F <sub>adm</sub>	N	lb
Pō	Admissible belt pull per mm/ft belt width	F' <sub>adm</sub>	$\frac{N}{mm}$	lb ft
	Nominal belt pull per mm/ft belt width	F' <sub>nom</sub>	$\frac{N}{mm}$	lb ft
	Nominal belt pull in curve	$F_{nom,curve}$	N	lb
	Shaft load	F <sub>S</sub>	N	lb
	Coefficient of friction belt to accumulated products	$\mu_{acc}$	-	-
	Coefficient of friction belt to slider	$\mu_{s}$	-	-
ints	Coefficient of friction belt to curve side support	μς	-	-
Factors & coefficients	Coefficient of thermal expansion	α	<u>mm</u> m⋅K	<u>in</u> m√°F
ors & co	Operational factor	C <sub>Op</sub>	-	-
Fact	Temperature factor	Ст	-	-
	Collapse factor	C <sub>C</sub>	-	-
	Conversational factor	g	9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup>	1
	Conveyor length/Center to center distance	I <sub>c-c</sub>	m	ft
	Elevation of conveyor	h <sub>e</sub>	m	ft
ons	Angle of incline/decline	a <sub>i</sub>	o	o
Conveyor dimensions	Angle of curve	$Q_{C}$	o	o
/eyor d	Accumulation length	l <sub>acc</sub>	mm	in
Con	Mass of conveyed product	m <sub>P</sub>	kg	lb
	Mass of accumulated products	m <sub>acc</sub>	kg	lb
	Mass of entire belt in conveyor	$m_B$	kg	lb

# 6.2 GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

	Designation	Symbols	Metric	Imperial
	Mass of belt (see data sheet)	m′ <sub>B</sub>	kg m²	$\frac{lb}{ft^2}$
	Belt speed	V	<u>m</u> min	<u>ft</u> min
	Belt length	l <sub>B</sub>	mm	in
	Belt width	$W_B$	mm	in
	Width deviation	$W_{dev}$	%	%
	Minimum belt width	W <sub>min</sub>	mm	in
	Effective belt width	$W_{b,eff}$	mm	in
vo	Width increment	W <sub>inc</sub>	mm	in
Belt dimensions	Width tolerance	$W_{tol}$	%	%
elt dim	Belt pitch	р	mm	in
ă	Pin diameter	d <sub>pin</sub>	mm	in
	Height of pin bore position	h <sub>pin</sub>	mm	in
	Module thickness	h <sub>m</sub>	mm	in
	Inner side flex radius	r1	mm	in
	Front flex radius on rollers	r2	mm	in
	Back flex radius on load bearing rollers	r3	mm	in
	Back flex radius on Hold Down shoes	r4	mm	in
	Back flex radius on rollers	r5	mm	in
	Structure height (e.g. FRT, roller above surface, etc.)	h <sub>s</sub>	mm	in
	Structure width	W	mm	in
us	Indent of structures (profiles, FRT, roller tops, PRR cut-out)	a	mm	in
Structure dimensions	Distance between structures across belt width (profiles, FRT, roller)	b	mm	in
ture dii	Structure (roller) distance increment	b <sub>inc</sub>	mm	in
Struc	Spacing between structures in travel direction (profiles, FRT, roller)	S	mm	in
	Roller diameter	d <sub>rol</sub>	mm	in
	Number of rollers across belt width	n <sub>rol</sub>	-	-

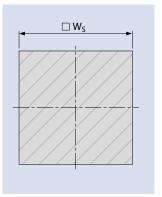
	Designation	Symbols	Metric	Imperial
	Calculated motor power	$P_{M}$	kW	h <sub>p</sub>
	Power requirement at drive shaft	Ps	kW	h <sub>p</sub>
	Torque	М	Nm	ft · lb
	Shaft revolutions	R <sub>s</sub>	rpm	rpm
	Mass of shaft	$m_s$	kg	lb
	Shaft deflection	Уs	mm	in
Su	Shaft length	I <sub>s</sub>	mm	in
nensio	Shaft diameter	ds	mm	in
Shaft & Drive dimensions	Shaft edge length (square and hexagon)	$W_s$	mm	in
aft & D	Shaft wall thickness of hollow shafts	t <sub>s</sub>	mm	in
S	Width of keyway	$W_{K}$	mm	in
	Diameter + keyway height	d <sub>K</sub>	mm	in
	Height of keyway	h <sub>K</sub>	mm	in
	Bearing center distance	l <sub>b</sub>	mm	in
	Torsion angle	φ	o	٥
	Modulus of elasticity	E	$\frac{N}{\text{mm}^2}$	$\frac{lb}{in^2}$
	Geometrical moment of inertia	I	mm <sup>4</sup>	in <sup>4</sup>
	Axis to wearstrip top	А	mm	in
	Axis to belt top	В	mm	in
nsions	Axis to conveyor frame	C <sub>min</sub>	mm	in
Sprocket dimensions	Sprocket pitch diameter	D <sub>0</sub>	mm	in
procke	Sprocket width	W <sub>spr</sub>	mm	in
vi	Number of sprockets	n <sub>spr</sub>	-	-
	Temperature	Т	°C	°F

## 6.3 ADDITIONAL TABLES

## Shaft dimensions for molded sprockets

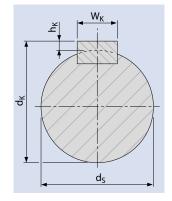
## Square shafts

Nomin	al shaft		V	V <sub>s</sub>		
wi	dth	Metric	[mm]	Imperial [in]		
SQ 20 mm		20	± 0.15	0.787	± 0.006	
SQ 25 mm		25	± 0.15	0.984	± 0.006	
SQ 30 mm		30	± 0.15	1.181	± 0.006	
SQ 40 mm		40	± 0.2	1.575	± 0.008	
SQ 60 mm		60	± 0.2	2.362	± 0.008	
SQ 80 mm		80	± 0.2	3.15	± 0.008	
SQ 90 mm		90	± 0.2	3.543	± 0.008	
SQ 1 in	(1")	25.4	± 0.15	1	± 0.006	
SQ 1.25 in	(1 1/4")	31.75	± 0.15	1.25	± 0.006	
SQ 1.5 in	(1 1/2")	38.1	± 0.15	1.5	± 0.006	
SQ 2.0 in	(2")	50.8	± 0.2	2	± 0.008	
SQ 2.5 in	(21/2")	63.5	± 0.2	2.5	± 0.008	
SQ 3.5 in	(3 1/2")	88.9	± 0.2	3.5	± 0.008	



## **Round shafts**

Nomin	nal shaft	Metric [mm]									
diar	meter	$d_s$	Tol.	$W_{K}$	Tol.	h <sub>K</sub>	Tol.	d <sub>K</sub>	Tol.		
RD 20 mm		20	-0.21	6	-0.3	2.8	-0.2	22.8	-0.41		
RD 25 mm		25	-0.21	8	-0.4	3.3	-0.2	28.3	-0.41		
RD 30 mm		30	-0.21	8	-0.4	3.3	-0.2	33.3	-0.41		
RD 40 mm		40	-0.25	12	-0.4	3.3	-0.2	43.3	-0.45		
RD 50 mm		50	-0.25	14	-0.4	3.8	-0.2	53.8	-0.45		
RD 60 mm		60	-0.3	18	-0.4	4.4	-0.2	64.4	-0.5		
DD 0.75 !	/3 / II \	10.05	0.21	4.76	0.2	2.2	0.20	21.25	0.50		
RD 0.75 in	(¾")	19.05	-0.21	4.76	-0.3	2.2	-0.38	21.25	- 0.59		
RD 1 in	(1")	25.4	-0.21	6.35	-0.4	2.9	-0.38	28.3	- 0.59		
RD 1.19 in	(1 3/16")	30.16	-0.25	6.35	-0.4	3	-0.38	33.16	-0.63		
RD 1.25 in	(1 1/4")	31.75	-0.25	6.35	-0.4	3	-0.38	34.75	-0.63		
RD 1.44 in	(1 7/16")	36.51	-0.25	9.53	-0.4	4.3	-0.38	40.81	-0.63		
RD 1.5 in	(1 1/2")	38.1	-0.25	9.53	-0.4	4.3	-0.38	42.4	-0.63		
RD 1.94 in	(1 <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> ")	49.21	-0.25	12.7	-0.4	5.7	-0.38	54.91	-0.63		
RD 2 in	(2")	50.8	-0.3	12.7	-0.4	5.7	-0.38	56.5	-0.68		
RD 2.5 in	(21/2")	63.5	-0.3	15.88	-0.4	7.1	-0.38	70.6	-0.68		



Nomin	al shaft				Imper	ial [in]			
dian	neter	ds	Tol.	$\mathbf{W}_{K}$	Tol.	h <sub>K</sub>	Tol.	d <sub>K</sub>	Tol.
RD 20 mm		0.787	-0.008	0.236	-0.001	0.11	-0.008	0.898	-0.016
RD 25 mm		0.984	-0.008	0.315	-0.001	0.13	-0.008	1.114	-0.016
RD 30 mm		1.181	-0.008	0.315	-0.001	0.13	-0.008	1.311	-0.016
RD 40 mm		1.575	-0.01	0.472	-0.002	0.13	-0.008	1.705	-0.018
RD 50 mm		1.969	-0.01	0.551	-0.002	0.15	-0.008	2.118	-0.018
RD 60 mm		2.362	-0.012	0.709	-0.002	0.173	-0.008	2.535	-0.02
RD 0.75 in	(3/4")	0.75	-0.008	0.188	-0.001	0.087	-0.015	0.837	-0.023
RD 1 in	(1")	1	-0.008	0.25	-0.001	0.114	-0.015	1.114	-0.023
RD 1.19 in	(1 3/16")	1.187	-0.010	0.25	-0.001	0.118	-0.015	1.306	-0.025
RD 1.25 in	(1 1/4")	1.25	-0.010	0.25	-0.001	0.118	-0.015	1.368	-0.025
RD 1.44 in	(1 7/16")	1.438	-0.010	0.375	-0.001	0.169	-0.015	1.607	-0.025
RD 1.5 in	(1 1/2")	1.5	-0.010	0.375	-0.001	0.169	-0.015	1.669	-0.025
RD 1.94 in	(1 <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> ")	1.938	-0.010	0.5	-0.002	0.224	-0.015	2.162	-0.025
RD 2 in	(2")	2.	-0.012	0.5	-0.002	0.224	-0.015	2.224	-0.027
RD 2.5 in	(2 1/2")	2.5	-0.012	0.625	-0.002	0.28	-0.015	2.78	-0.027

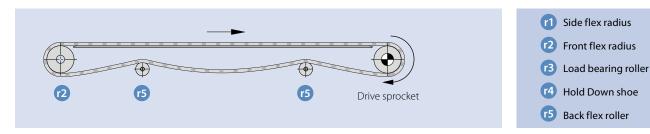
Shaft dimensions (round and square) according to ISO 286-2 h12 (or closer degree of tolerance e.g. h7) can be used.

Key material according to ISO 286-2 h9 can be used

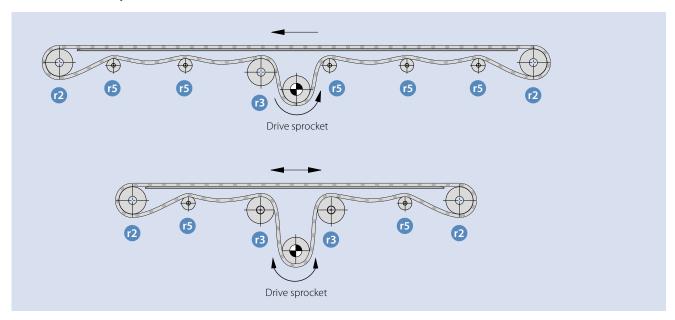
# 6.3 ADDITIONAL TABLES

## Minimum design radii

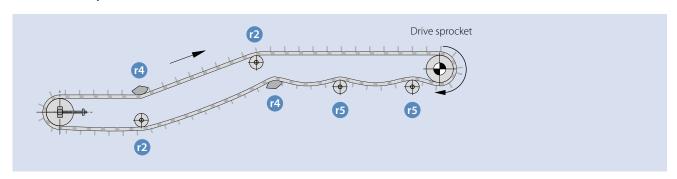
## Standard conveyors



## **Centre drive conveyors**



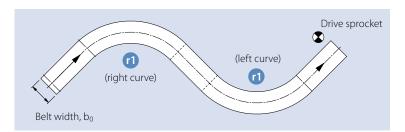
## **Inclined conveyors**



## Knife edge conveyors

# Nose bar r2 Drive sprocket

## **Curve conveyors**



		Front flex*		Back flex on	
Belt types	Pitch	on rollers 🔁	load bearing rollers (3)	Hold Down shoes 14	rollers (15
S1-x FLT / NSK / FRT / SRS / RRB	2 in	2 in	4 in	6 in	2 in/50 mm
S1-PMU with SG **	50 mm	50 mm	100 mm	150 mm	6 in/150 mm
S2-x FLT / GRT S2-57 RRB S2-x PMU with SG **	1 in 25 mm	1 in 25 mm	2 in 50 mm	3 in 75 mm	1 in/25 mm 2 in/50 mm 2 in/50 mm
S3-x FLT / LRB	2 in	2 in	4 in	6 in	2 in/50 mm
S3-x with SG **	50 mm	50 mm	100 mm	150 mm	6 in/150 mm
S4.1-x FLT / NPY / NTP	0.55 in	0.45 in	1 in	1.5 in	0.5 in/12.5 mm
S4.1-0 FRT1	14 mm	11 mm	25 mm	38 mm	0.7 in/16.5 mm
S5-45 GRT / NTP / FRT S5-45 PMU with SG ** S5-45 G / RG	1 in 25 mm	1 in 25 mm 2 in/50 mm	2 in 50 mm	3 in 75 mm	1 in/25 mm 3 in/75 mm 1 in/25 mm
S6.1-x FLT / CTP / NPT / PRR	2 in	2 in	4 in	6 in	2 in/50 mm
S6.1-x PMU with SG **	50 mm	50 mm	100 mm	150 mm	6 in/150 mm
S7-x FLT / NSK / FRT / SRS / PRR	1.6 in	1.6 in	3.2 in	4.8 in	1.6 in
	40 mm	40 mm	80 mm	120 mm	40 mm
S8-x FLT / NSK / RAT / FRT / SRS / PRR S8-0 RTP A90 S8-0 PMU with SG **	1 in 25 mm	1 in 25 mm	2 in 50 mm	3 in 75 mm	1 in/25 mm 1.25 in/30 mm 3 in/75 mm
S9-57 GRT / NTP	2 in	2 in	4 in	6 in	2 in/50 mm
S9-57 PMU with SG **	50 mm	50 mm	100 mm	150 mm	6 in/150 mm
S10-x FLT / NTP / LRB	1 in	1 in	2 in	3 in	1 in/25 mm
S10-0 PMU with SG **	25 mm	25 mm	50 mm	75 mm	3 in/75 mm
S11-45 GRT / NTP / FRT	1 in	1 in	2 in	6 in/150 mm	1 in
S11/S5 combo	25 mm	25 mm	50 mm	3 in/75 mm	25 mm
S12-SRS	4 in	4 in	8 in	12 in	4 in
	100 mm	100 mm	200 mm	300 mm	100 mm
S13-0 FLT / NPY	0.315 in	0.31 in***	0.6 in	0.9 in	0.3 in
	8 mm	3 mm***	16 mm	24 mm	8 mm
S14-25 FLT	0.50 in	0.38 in	1.0 in	1.50 in	0.50 in
	12.7 mm	9.5 mm	25.4 mm	38.1 mm	12.7 mm

Using larger radii than listed will reduce wear on belt, rollers and/or shoes. Larger radii will also likely reduce noise levels and make the belt run more smoothly.

- Depending on the application (e.g. knife edge) smaller radii are possible -> speed, noise, conveying goods (jiggle)
- Back flex radius depends on profile height and distance
- \*\*\* Knife edge/nosebar

## 6.3 ADDITIONAL TABLES

## Load index

The following table shows the changes in load capacity between different materials and over all available series.

## Straight running belts

Series	PE	PP	POM	PA
S1	60%	100%	133 %	
S2	10%	17%	23 %	17%
S3	20%	40%	53%	
S4.1	10%	17%	33%	33%
S5	33 %	60%	83 %	
S6.1	43 %	60%	100%	100%
S7	60%	100%	200%	
S8		67 %	133%	100%
S8-0 RTP		67 %		
S9	40%	73 %	100%	80%
S10-0 FLT, S10-0 NTP	20%	27 %	67 %	
S10-22 FLT	10%	17%	37%	
S10-36 FLT, S10-36 LRB	13 %	20%	43 %	43 %
S11		30%	50%	50%
S13			13 %	
S14	22%	30%	80%	

## Side flexing belts

Series	PE	PP	POM	PA
S5	-	56%	100%	-
S5 RG, S5 ST	-	67%	117%	-
S9	-	89%	156%	124%
S11	_	33%	56%	56%

## General material data

Material		of thermal nsion	Density ISO 1183	E-modulus ISO 527	Melting point ISO 11357		Electrical surface resistivity
	$\left[\frac{mm}{m \cdot {}^{\circ}C}\right]$	$\left[\frac{10^{-6} \text{ in}}{\text{in} \cdot {}^{\circ}\text{F}}\right]$	$\left[\frac{kg}{m^3}\right]$	[MPa]	[°C]	[°F]	IEC60093 [Ω]
PA	0.12	66.6	1120	3400	221	429.8	10 <sup>14</sup>
PA-HT	0.1	55.5	1360	10000	262	500	10 <sup>13</sup>
PBT	0.16	88.8	1300	2500	223	433.4	10 <sup>13</sup>
PE	0.21	116.7	964	1150	135	275	
PE-MD	0.21	116.7	984	1100			
POM	0.12	66.6	1410	2850	166	330.8	10 <sup>14</sup>
POM-HC	0.12	66.6	1410	2580	166	330.8	< 106
POM-CR	0.11	66.6	1410	2500	162	323.6	
POM-MD	0.12	66.7	1476	2800	166	330.8	10 <sup>12</sup>
PP	0.15	83.3	905	1550	165	329	
PP-MD	0.15	83.3	939	1500			
PXX-HC	0.15	83.3	1150	2000	165	329	< 103
TPC1	0.185	102.8	1240	310	212	413.6	10 <sup>12</sup>

## Dimension deviation

			Belt M	aterial		
Belt type	PE	РОМ	PP	PXX-HC	PA	PA-HT
S1 - 0 FLT	-0.35 %	-0.75 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	-	1.10 %
S1 - 0 FRT1, NSK, SRS	-	-0.75 %	=	-	-	_
S1 - 18 FLT	0.15 %	-0.70 %	0.00 %	-	-	1.10 %
S2 - 0 FLT	-0.20 %	-0.30 %	0.25 %	_	-	_
S2 - 12 FLT	0.00 %	-0.10 %	0.20 %	-	-	-
S2 - 57 GRT	-0.20 %	-0.20 %	0.20 %	0.20 %	-	1.30 %
S2 - 57 RRB	-0.20 %	-0.20 %	0.20 %	_	-	-
S3 - 0 FLT	-0.20 %	-0.30 %	0.05 %	_	-	-
S3 - 0 LRB	-0.20 %	-0.30 %	_	_	=	-
S3 - 16 FLT	-0.20 %	-0.30 %	0.05 %	-	-	-
S3 - 16 LRB	-0.20 %	-	0.05 %	_	_	-
S4.1 - 0 FLT, FRT1	-0.10 %	0.10 %	0.25 %	0.25 %	-	-
S4.1 - 0 NPY	-0.10 %	0.10 %	0.25 %	-	_	_
S4.1 - 21 FLT	-0.10 %	0.10 %	0.25 %	-	-	1.20 %
S4.1 - 21 NTP	-0.10 %	0.10 %	0.25 %	-	-	-
S5 - 45 GRT	-0.20 %	-0.20 %	-0.20%	-	0.20%	-
S6.1 - 0 CTP, NTP	-0.65%	-0.65%	0.00%	-	-	-
S6.1 - 0 FLT	-0.65%	-0.65%	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
S6.1 - 23 FLT	-0.50%	-0.50%	0.00%	-	0.83%	-
S6.1 - 36 FLT	-0.50%	-0.50%	0.00%	-	-	-
S7 - 0 FLT	-0.35%	-0.75 %	0.00%	-0.13 %	-	-
S7 - 0 FRT1	-0.35%	-0.75 %	0.00%	-	-	-
S7 - 0 NSK, SRS	-	-0.75 %	-	-0.13 %	=	-
S7 - 6 FLT	0.00%	-0.70%	0.00%	-	-	-
S7 - 6 NSK	-	-0.70%	-	-	-	-
S8 - 0 FLT	-0.31%	-0.31%	0.00%	0.00%	-	1.49%
S8 - 0 FRT1	-	-0.31 %	0.00%	-	-	-
S8 - 0 NSK, SRS	-	-0.31%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-
S8 - 25 RAT	-0.31%	-0.61 %	0.00%	-	-	1.53 %
S9 - 57 GRT	-0.20%	-0.20%	-0.20%	-	-0.20%	-
S10 - 0 FLT	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	-	0.74%	-
S10 - 0 NTP	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	-	-	-
S10 - 22 FLT	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	-	-	-
S10 - 36 FLT S10 - 36 LRB	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	-	0.74%	-
310 - 30 LND	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	-	-	-
S11 - 45 GRT	-	0.00%	0.20%	-	0.60%	
S13 - 0 FLT, NPY	-	0.23 %	-	-	-	-
S14 - 25 FLT	0.13 %	0.00%	0.43 %	-	=	=

# 6.3 ADDITIONAL TABLES

## Dimension tolerance

Belt Series	Tolerance
S1, S2, S3, S4.1, S6.1, S7, S8, S10, S13, S14	±0.2%
S5, S9, S11	±0.3%

**Example:** 

S6.1-23 in POM with nominal width of 600 mm

S6.1-23 in POM with nominal width of 23.62 in

Deviation:

-0.5%:  $600 \cdot (1 - 0.005) = 597 \text{ mm}$ 

 $23.62 \cdot (1 - 0.005) = 23.50$  in

Tolerance:

 $\pm 0.2\%$ : 600 · 0.002 = 1.2 mm

 $23.62 \cdot 0.002 = 0.05$  in

Actual belt width:

 $597 \pm 1.2 \, \text{mm}$  $23.50 \pm 0.05$  in

## 6.4 CONVERSION TABLE METRIC/IMPERIAL

Metric	Multiply	Imperial	Multiply	Metric
		Length		
millimeter	0.03937	inch	25.4	millimeter
meter	39.37	inch	0.0254	meter
millimeter	0.0033	foot	304.8	millimeter
meter	3.281	foot	0.3048	meter
		Area		
square millimeter	0.00155	square inch	645.2	square millimeter
square meter	1550	square inch	0.000645	square meter
square millimeter	0.00001	square foot	92.903	square millimeter
square meter	10.764	square foot	0.0929	square meter
		Volume		
cubic meter	35.31	cubic foot	0.0283	cubic meter
liter	0.0353	cubic foot	28.32	liter
		Speed		
meter/min	0.0547	foot/second	18.29	meter/min
meter/min	3.281	foot/minute	0.3048	meter/min
		Mass and Density		
kilogram	2.205	pound	0.4536	kilogram
kilogram/cubic meter	0.0624	pound/cubic foot	16.02	kilogram/cubic meter
		Force		
kilogram-force	2.204	pound-force	0.4537	kilogram-force
newton	0.225	pound-force	4.448	newton
		Torque		
Newton meter	88.512	inch pound	0.113	Newton meter
		Power		
watt	0.00134	horsepower	745.7	watt
		Pressure		
kilogram/square meter	0.00142	pound/square inch	703.072	kilogram/square meter
		Temperature		
°C	$9 \cdot \left(\frac{^{\circ}C}{5}\right) + 32^{\circ}$	°F	5/9 ⋅ (°F – 32°)	°C

# 6.5 QUESTIONNAIRE

See following pages

# Application check list

Name:		_ Date:	Date:		modular belts		
Customer data							
Company/Customer name: _		_ Contact person:					
Customer type (x):							
End user name:							
Application data			Belt data				
Industry:			☐ New belt	☐ Reti	rofit	Original belt from:	
Application:			Belt type:			Belt pitch:	mm/ln
Conveyed product:			Belt color:				
Wrapping/Container (x):			Belt material: ☐ POM	☐ PP		□ PE	□ PA
	rdboard	☐ Plastic container	☐ Stainless steel			Other:	
☐ Shrink wrapped ☐ Flo	w pack	☐ Wood	Pin material:				
☐ Glass ☐ Ste		☐ Alu cans	□ POM	☐ PP		☐ PE	□ PA
☐ Steel trays ☐ Pla☐ Other		☐ Strapped	☐ Stainless steel	☐ Stee	el	Other:	
Item size: ☐ mm ☐ Inc			Pin retention syst				
			☐ Clips ☐ Inte	egrated i	n pin	Other:	
LxWxH:			Belt configuratio				
Load (delete incorrect units):			Belt length:	n	nm/ln	Belt width:	mm/ln
kg/m or lb/	π	kg/m² or ib/ft²	Top accessories (I			- dans Di	l_
Throughput (delete incorrect uni		ka/min or lh/min	-		Side ii	ndent: Pi	ıcn:
		3	Side accessories ( Type & height:	. ,	Sido ir	adont:	
Belt speed:	m/min or	ft/min	-		Side II	ident.	
Conveyor layout			Sprocket data				
Distance between shafts:	C-C:	mm/ln	Drive shaft:			per shaft:	ncs
<b>Topview:</b> ☐ Straight ☐ Sid	e flexing/curv	ed conveyor				"A" dimension:	•
Side view: ☐ Straight ☐ Inc	line □ Declir	ne	Bore type:	$\square ullet$		☐ ◆ + keyway	
Angle to horizontal:			Bore size:				
Start/stop operation:			Idler shaft:				
☐ No (continuous drive)	☐ Yes no	os. of stop/hour:				per shaft:	
☐ Product indexing	_		Pitch diameter: Bore type:	m □ ●	ım/ın	"A" dimension:	mm/ir □ <b>■</b>
Accumulation:			Bore size:			_ · Neyway	_ <b>_</b>
□ No □ Full	☐ Partly	, length:	Manustrin /Manu	علم لم ما،	4-		
Operating temperature:			Wearstrip/Wear Material:	bea aa	ta		
Minimum: C°/f		C°/F°	☐ PE HD 1000/UF	HMW PE		☐ PE HD 500/HM	W PE
Maximum: C°/F	<u> </u>		☐ Stainless steel			Other:	
Is the belt lubricated?			Configuration:				
□ No	☐ Yes, ty	ype		e (WxT): .		Spacing:	
Is the belt exposed to chemi			_			Spacing:	
□ No	☐ Yes, ty	ype	☐ Solid sheet/ful	ı belt su	pport	Other:	
Is the belt exposed to chemi	_	=					
□ No		ype				•	



☐ Yes, type \_\_\_

ame: Date:						
What is the main reason for the customers into						
☐ New demands on existing conveyor, please	: describe:					
Current belt is showing:  Significant wear, age of existing belt:						
Additional data or information:						
-	_					

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# Spiral data form

Name:		Date:		siegling prolink modular belts
Customer data				modular belts
Company/Customer na	ame:	Contact person:		
Customer type:	—		☐ End user	
Spiral belt:	□ New	☐ Retrofit		
Application data			Air circulation	
			☐ No circulation	☐ No directional air flow
Product			☐ Forced circulation	☐ High air velocity
Specify:			Product parameters	
Product size: Max overa	all dimensions produc	ct or packing		°C°
Length I <sub>p</sub> :	mm	in	Temperature outfeed: _	°C
Width b <sub>p</sub> :	mm	in	Operating parameters	
Height h <sub>p</sub> :	mm	in	Dwell time:	min
Weight m <sub>p</sub> per unit:	g	lbs	Max belt speed v:	m/min ft/mi
Packing ☐ None	☐ On tray, pan	☐ In box	Production output	
Packing material (e.g. in	poly bags):		Production rate:	
Weight Packing per unit: _			Throughput (capacity): _	kg/h lbs/
Product properties  Soft, delicate Crumbly	☐ Wet	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Operating conditions  Electrical control of belt  ☐ Direct start of belt &  ☐ Soft start (over frequ	drum drive
Product arrangement on belt at in feed:		flows per m (n)	Production:  Continuous, few cha Frequent product & s	inges
	 Min. spacing when		Cleaning	
	belt collapsed	► Infeer Se	☐ No periodical cleanir	ng 🔲 Not specified
Number of products pe Number of rows of belt Max product load on be	n <sub>l</sub> : rows/	m rows/ft	Cleaning process  ☐ Only dry with brush, ☐ Cleaning system inst	aspirator
Or define on collapsed	belt:		Cleaning conditions	
Min gap between prod	ucts: m	min	☐ Water cold (<32°C/90	
☐ Products not ordered	d (weight reasonably di	stributed)	☐ Water – Steam (100°C	C/212°F)
$\square$ Products in heaps (w	veight concentrations)		Use of chemicals	
Required Accessories: ☐ Side guards	☐ Lane dividers		☐ No chemicals used☐ Use of cleaning ager	☐ Usual household cleaners nts/disinfectants (brand, type, name):
Process			Cleaning cycle	Weekle Doble
☐ Freezer	☐ Cooler	☐ Proofer	□ Daily □ '	Weekly Dother:
Other:			Cleaning duration	
Process conditions			□ Up to 1h □	1 to 3h
Temperature:		°F		
Rel Humidity:	%			



## Spiral layout

#### Type and configuration

☐ Single unit

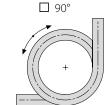
☐ Upgoing ☐ Downgoing

Direction of rotation:

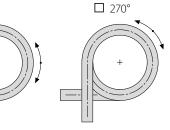
☐ Clockwise ☐ Anticlockwise

### Angle between In- and Outrun:

☐ 0° (Straight)



□ 180°



☐ Double unit

☐ Up-downgoing

□ Down-upgoing

#### Disposition crossover (transfer-conveyor)

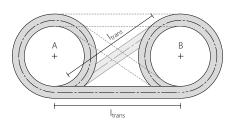
☐ Straight

☐ Diagonal

#### Indicate running direction (fix In-& Outrun-side)

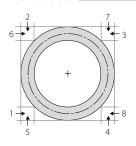
☐ From A (= Inrun) to B

☐ From B (= Inrun) to A

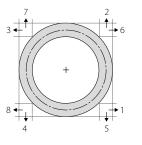


### Indicate position of In- and Outrun with 1 to 8

Inrun: Position \_



Outrun: Position.



Remark: If configuration not given above sketch on separate sheet!

### Main dimensions of spiral

Double Spirals have generally same dimensions; if Spiral A not identical B -> Indicate both dimensions first A/second B

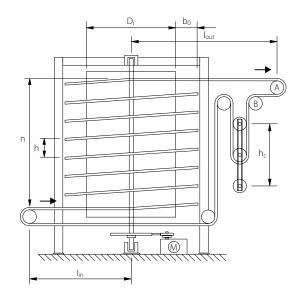
Drum/Cage-Diameter D <sub>i</sub> :	mm	ir
Belt width b <sub>o</sub> :	mm	ir
Tier height h:	mm	ir
Number of tiers n:		
Inrun length I <sub>in</sub> :	mm	ir
Outrun length l <sub>out</sub> :	mm	ir
Take-up roller:		

### Only for dual spirals:

Free travel height h<sub>c</sub>: \_\_\_

Crossover length between spirals L<sub>trans</sub>: \_\_\_\_\_ mm \_

\_\_\_\_\_ mm \_\_



#### Drum design

☐ Drum cylinder made with metal sheet-jacket ☐ With closed sheets ☐ With perforated sheets  $\square$  Cage = Drum made of vertical bars Spacing of vertical bars: \_\_\_\_\_ mm \_ Dimensions of bar profile: \_\_\_\_ \_\_ mm \_ (Round -> d, square, rectangular  $s_1 \times s_2$ )

#### Cage bars

☐ Without caps ☐ With caps; material: \_\_\_

#### Room dimensions (indicate if limited)

#### Available room max.

Length:	_ m	 ft
Width:	_ m	 ft
Height:	_ m	 ft



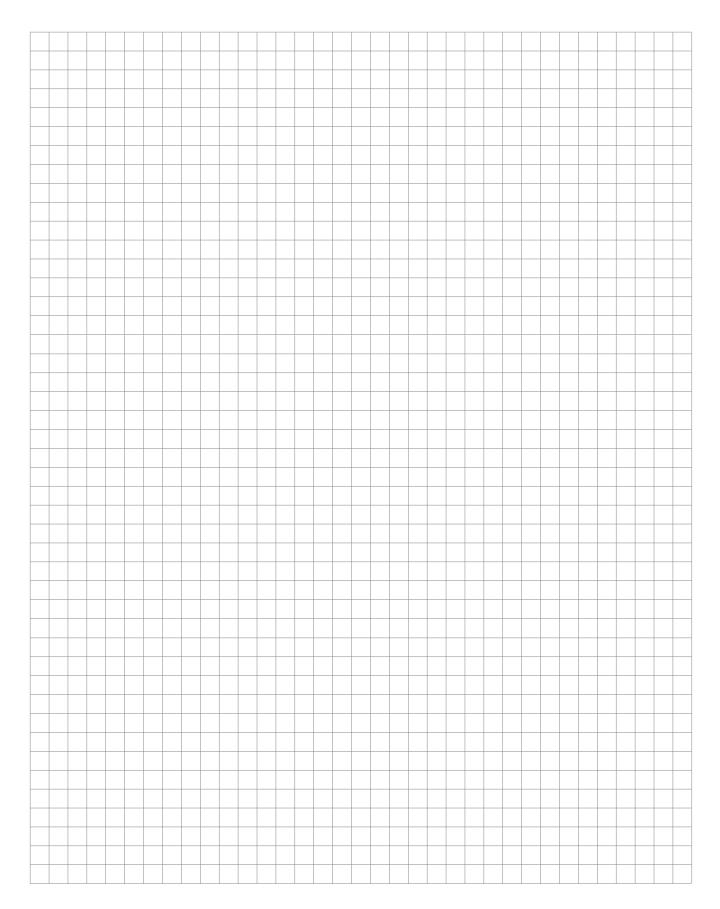
Retrofit data		Carry way: Belt support			
Customer requirements/pro	oblem description	Number of belt supports x:			
Indicate the reasons why the cu	•	Spacing between supports b <sub>1:</sub> mm in Distance belt edge – outside support b <sub>a</sub> : mm in			
•	istomer wants a rent.		mmin		
Product problems ☐ Product marked	☐ Product sticks	Support-rail height h <sub>r</sub> :	mmin		
Driving problems  ☐ Belt jumps, jerky movement	☐ Outer belt edge lifts up	<b>├</b>	holddown — b <sub>1</sub> b <sub>a</sub>		
Sanitation problems	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	X X			
☐ Blackening, black spots	☐ Belt soiled with debris				
Cleaning problems					
☐ Frequent cleaning required	☐ Cleaning cycle too long				
Lifetime too short		h <sub>r</sub>   \	h <sub>w</sub>		
☐ Belt life time too short	☐ Excessive wear	Sr	S <sub>W</sub>		
Problem description:	and also what the customer expects!	cage bar cap	wearstrip		
	ind also what the customer expects:	Wear strips (carry way)			
-		Profile:			
<del></del>		Height h <sub>w</sub> :	_ mmin		
Tentative time schedule		Width s <sub>w</sub> :	_ mmin		
Realization planned for:		Material:			
Spiral belt		☐ HDPE or UHMW (min PE 500)	Other:		
•		Condition:			
Belt-type to be replaced  ☐ Steel mesh belt	☐ Plastic modular belt	<ul><li>☐ In good condition, usable</li><li>☐ Needs immediate replacemen</li></ul>	+		
☐ Hybrid belt (SS & plastic)	I hastic modular belt	Remark cage bars: Please fill in position "drum design" on			
Manufacturer		previous page.	osition arum design on		
Company name:		previous page.			
		Cage bar caps			
Belt specification Product name/code/type:		Profile:			
	mmin	Material:	Пол		
Belt material:		☐ HDPE or UHMW (min PE 500)	☐ Other:		
Current condition of belt		Condition:  In good condition, usable	☐ Worn, scratched		
☐ In good condition	☐ Belt worn, old	☐ With defects (gaps, gauges, etc)	□ Worn, scratched		
☐ Stretched, partly deformed	☐ Belt fractured, partly broken	Trian derects (gups, guages, etc)			
Required accessories		Hold downs			
☐ Friction modules S9	☐ Flights/Profiles	☐ No hold downs installed	☐ Safety belt flip up present		
☐ Nub top	☐ Radius expansion tabs S9	Location:	□ locido locke odes		
Additional details:		Outside belt edge	☐ Inside belt edge		
Additional details:		Type: □ Continuous guide	☐ Several shoes		
Spiral conveyor		-			
Current condition of spiral gene	eral impression	Take-up roller: Please see spiral sl	ketch on previous page.		
Manufacturer:		Compensation for belt elongation			
Year of construction:		Number of take-up rollers:			
☐ In good condition, clean ☐ weak, deformed		If design differs from "Main dimen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
☐ Poor maintenance, dirty	☐ worn, damaged	m ft			
Belt drive position					
☐ A: Sprocket on belt backside	☐ B: Sprocket on belt topside				

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# 6.6 NOTES



## 6.7 LEGAL NOTES

Because our products are used in so many applications and because of the individual factors involved, our operating instructions, details and information on the suitability and use of the products are only general guidelines and do not absolve the ordering party from carrying out checks and tests themselves. When we provide technical support on the application, the ordering party bears the risk of the machinery functioning properly.

## Siegling – total belting solutions

Committed staff, quality oriented organization and production processes ensure the constantly high standards of our products and services. The Forbo Siegling Quality Management System is certified in accordance with ISO 9001.

In addition to product quality, environmental protection is an important corporate goal. Early on we also introduced an environmental management system, certified in accordance with ISO 14001.





#### Forbo Siegling service - anytime, anywhere

The Forbo Siegling Group employs more than 2,300 people. Our products are manufactured in nine production facilities across the world. You can find companies and agencies with warehouses and workshops in over 80 countries. Forbo Siegling service points are located in more than 300 places worldwide.

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